

11 YORKVILLE PARTNERS INC.

11-25 YORKVILLE AVENUE & 16-18 CUMBERLAND STREET FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

AUGUST 22, 2019





11-25 YORKVILLE AVENUE & 16-18 CUMBERLAND STREET

FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

11 YORKVILLE PARTNERS INC.

FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT - DRAFT

PROJECT NO.: 17M-01494
DATE: AUGUST, 2019

WSP CANADA GROUP LIMITED
100 COMMERCE VALLEY DRIVE WEST
THORNHILL, ON, CANADA L3T 0A1

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	INTRODUCTION	1
1.1	Scope of Municipal Servicing	1
1.2	Existing Conditions	1
1.3	proposed Development	1
2	SANITARY SEWAGE SYSTEM.....	5
2.1	Existing Conditions	5
2.2	Design Parameters.....	5
2.3	Existing Flows To the Sanitary Sewer System.....	6
2.4	Proposed Sanitary Flows	6
2.5	Compliance with Moecc Procedure F-5-5	8
2.6	Analysis of Downstream Combined Sewers.....	9
2.7	Groundwater Discharge	9
2.8	Construction Dewatering	10
3	WATER SUPPLY AND APPURTENANCES	13
3.1	Existing Conditions	13
3.2	Design Parameters.....	13
3.3	Domestic Water Demand	13
3.4	Proposed Water Service	14
3.5	Hydrant Flow Test	15
4	STORM DRAINAGE AND STORM DRAINAGE.....	17
4.1	Stormwater Management Report	17
4.2	Existing Conditions	17
4.3	Proposed Development.....	17
4.4	Water Balance.....	18
4.5	Stormwater Quantity Controls	18

4.5.1	Allowable Outflow.....	18
4.5.2	Required Storage.....	19
4.6	Stormwater Quality Controls.....	19
4.7	Proposed Storm Service - Minor Drainage System.....	19
4.8	Proposed Storm Service - Major Storm Drainage System.....	20
4.9	Analysis of Downstream Storm Sewers.....	20
5	CONCLUSIONS	24
5.1	Sanitary	24
5.2	Water	24
5.3	Storm.....	24

APPENDICES

A-1	THEORETICAL SANITARY SEWAGE FLOWS & SANITARY DESIGN SHEETS & SANITARY DRAINAGE AREA PLAN (7A) -YORKVILLE AVENUE
A-2	THEORETICAL SANITARY SEWER FLOWS & SANITARY DESIGN SHEETS & SANITARY DRAINAGE AREA PLAN (7B) - CUMBERLAND STREET
B	DOMESTIC WATER DEMAND, HYDRANT FLOW TESTING RESULTS AND FUS FIRE FLOW CALCULATIONS
C	HYDRANT FLOW TEST RESULTS
D	CITY OF TORONTO DORSCH MODEL SHEETS & SEWER ATLAS MAPS
E	MECHANICAL LETTERS
F	SUE INVESTIGATION RESULTS

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 SCOPE OF MUNICIPAL SERVICING

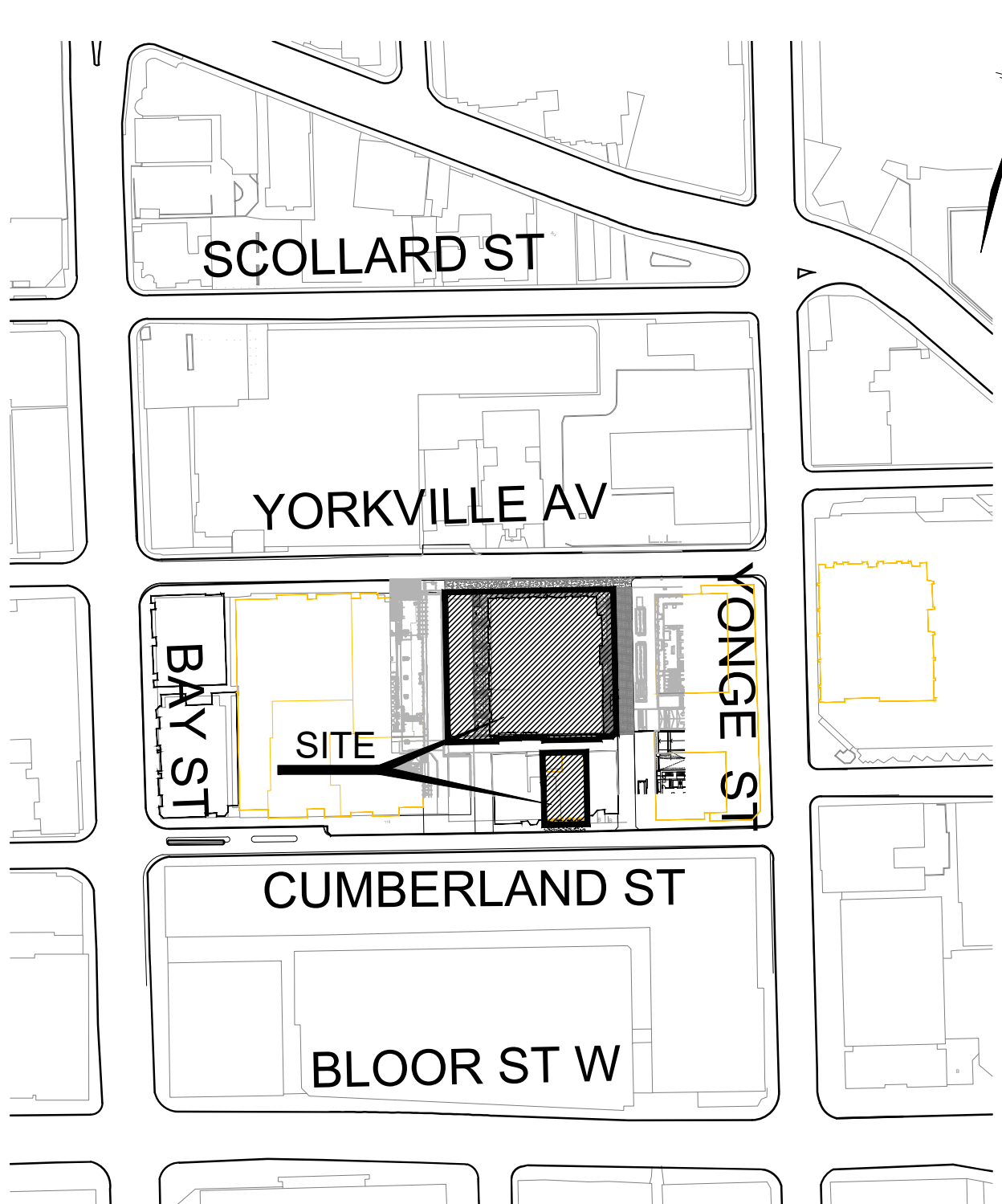
WSP Canada Group Limited (WSP) has been retained by 11 Yorkville Partnership Inc. to prepare a Functional Servicing Report (FSR) in support of the proposed development of 11-25 Yorkville Avenue and 16-18 Cumberland Street in the City of Toronto (herein referred to as Buildings A and B, respectively, or 'site'). The site is located on the south side of Yorkville Avenue just west of Yonge Street and on the north side of Cumberland just west of Yonge Street. The site area is approximately 0.24 ha for Building A and approximately 0.04 ha for Building B for a total site area of approximately 0.28ha. As shown in Figures 1 and 2, the site is bound by Yorkville Avenue to the north, city-owned laneways to the south and east and a 71-storey building (pre-construction) to the west. It is assumed that the existing buildings are serviced by existing infrastructure in the municipal right-of-way (ROW). The purpose of this report is to outline how water, sanitary and storm servicing will be provided for the redevelopment of the site.


1.2 EXISTING CONDITIONS

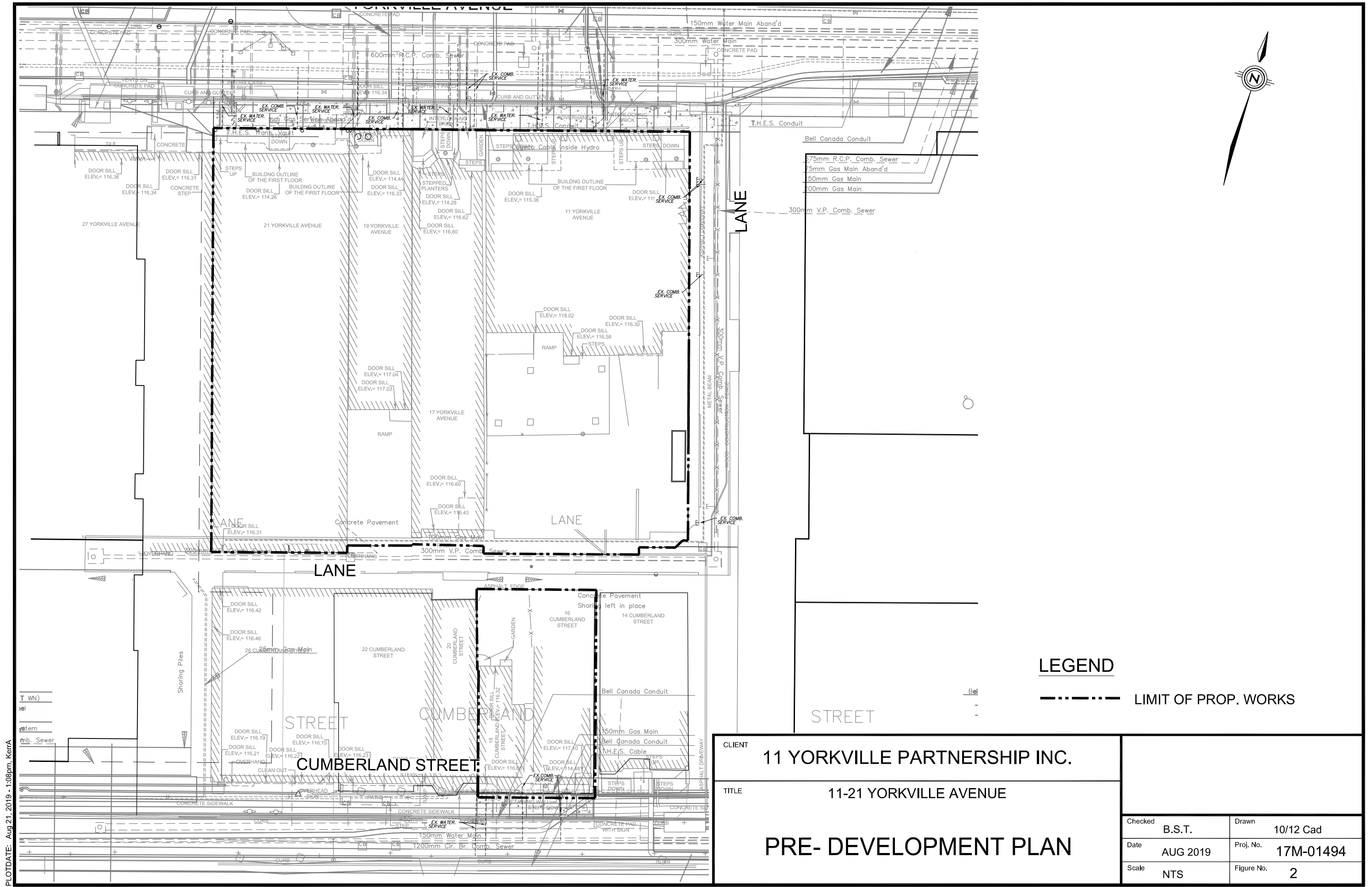
Currently, 11 Yorkville Avenue is occupied by a 10-storey commercial building with an underground parking structure at its rear. 17 Yorkville Avenue is occupied by a three-storey commercial building with a small backyard area. 19 Yorkville Avenue and 21 Yorkville are both occupied by four-storey commercial buildings. 16 Cumberland Street is occupied by a two-storey commercial building and 18 Cumberland Street is occupied by a two-storey commercial building. We have assumed that all existing buildings have existing services to the municipal sewers. SUE investigation is being undertaken to confirm the existing service connection location and is included in Appendix F of this report. Please refer to Figure 2 for the Pre-Development Plan.

1.3 PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The proposed development consists of one 62-storey mixed-use tower (Building A) and one two-storey retail (Building B). Building A will have four (4) below-grade parking levels, 674 residential units and approximately 2,486m² of retail space. Privately-Owned Public Space (POPS) and park area will be located west of Building A. Building B will have one below-grade concourse level and two above-ground levels, with a total of 839 m² of retail space. All service connections for Building A will be provided from existing infrastructure on Yorkville Avenue and for Building B, service connections will be provided from Cumberland Street. All vehicle access to Building A will be provided by an entrance at the north east corner of the site that will run along the east side of the site and pass underneath the building to reach the underground parking entrance. Please refer to Figure 3 for the Proposed Development Plan.

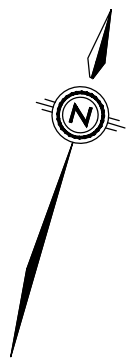
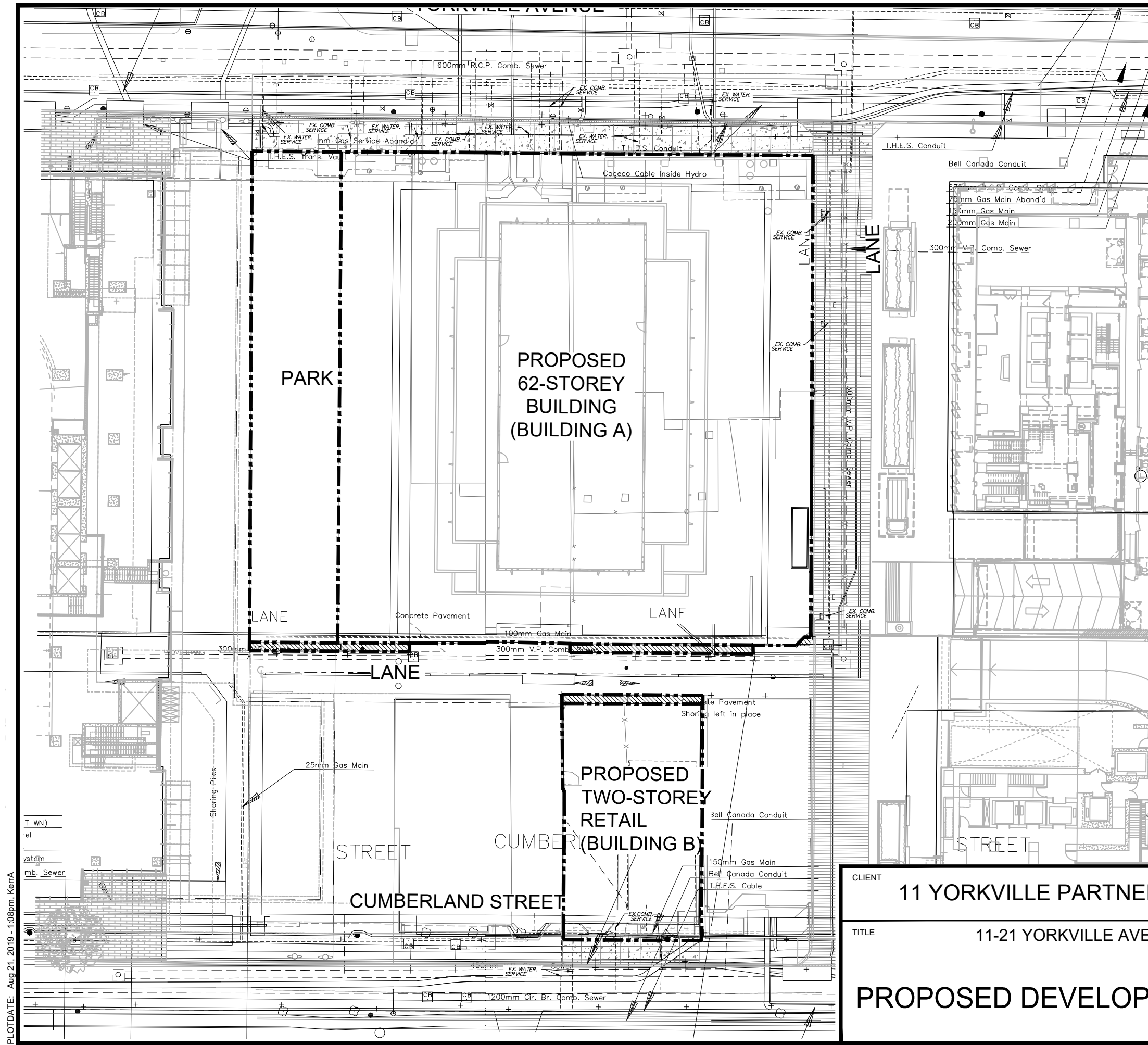


CLIENT 11 YORKVILLE PARTNERSHIP INC.		
TITLE 11-21 YORKVILLE AVENUE LOCATION PLAN		
	Date AUG 2019	Proj. No. 17M-01494
	Scale NTS	Figure No. 1



PLOTDATE: Aug 21, 2019 - 1:08pm, KerrA

CLIENT	11 YORKVILLE PARTNERSHIP INC.	
TITLE	11-21 YORKVILLE AVENUE	
	PRE- DEVELOPMENT PLAN	
Checked	B.S.T.	Drawn 10/12 Cad
Date	AUG 2019	Proj. No. 17M-01494
Scale	NTS	Figure No. 2



LEGEND
 - - - - - LIMIT OF PROP. WORKS

CLIENT	11 YORKVILLE PARTNERSHIP INC.	
TITLE	11-21 YORKVILLE AVENUE	
PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT PLAN		
Checked	B.S.T.	Drawn 10/12 Cad
Date	AUG 2019	Proj. No. 17M-01494
Scale	NTS	Figure No. 3

PLOTDATE: Aug 21, 2019 - 1:08pm, KerrA

2 SANITARY SEWAGE SYSTEM

2.1 EXISTING CONDITIONS

The existing sewers in the vicinity of the site are a 600 and 675 mm diameter V.P. combined sewer on Yorkville Avenue, and a 300 mm diameter V.P. combined sewer along the public lanes to the east and south of Building A, as shown on Figure 2. The 600 and 675 mm V.P. combined sewer on Yorkville Avenue flows east towards Yonge Street. The 300 mm diameter V.P. combined sewer in the public lane flows east, then north to join the combined sewer on Yorkville Avenue. In addition, there is a 450mm V.P. combined sewer on Cumberland Street and a 1200mm brick combined sewer on Cumberland Street. The 450mm combined sewer flows east and discharges into the 1200mm combined sewer.

The SUE investigation completed by T2UE on January 29, 2019 indicated that there are nine existing combined sewer services to the 11-21 Yorkville Ave property, and two combined sewer services to the 16-18 Cumberland St property. All existing combined sewer services will be removed or abandoned as directed by Toronto Water. Please find all existing combined sewer services on Figure 2 and SUE investigation results on Appendix F.

2.2 DESIGN PARAMETERS

The following sanitary design criteria have been taken from City of Toronto, Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermain, November 2009:

- ▶ 240 L/cap/day average day flow generation rate for residential use on an existing sewer system
- ▶ 250 L/cap/day average day flow generation rate for commercial use on an existing sewer system
- ▶ Population densities of 2.7 person per suite for existing apartment buildings;
- ▶ 1.4 people per single bedroom or studios, 2.1 people per two-bedroom unit and 3.1 people per three bedroom unit.
- ▶ Peaking Factor
 - Residential Harmon, Harmon Peaking Factor = $1+14/(4+p^{0.5})$, where p = population in thousands.
 - Institutional/Commercial (included in average flow)
- ▶ Infiltration = 0.26 L/s/ha (Dry Weather)
- ▶ Foundation Drainage = 3.0 L/s/ha (Wet Weather)

2.3 EXISTING FLOWS TO THE SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM

Using the design criteria noted in Section 2.2, the sanitary flows from the existing buildings are calculated in Table 2.1:

Table 2.1 – Existing Sanitary Flows to Yorkville Avenue

Address	Gross Floor Area (GFA)	Site Area	Population	Average Commercial Flow (250 L/cap/d)	Infiltration Allowance (0.26 L/s/ha)	Total Existing Sanitary Flow
	(m ²)	(ha)	(ppl)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)
11 Yorkville Avenue	7700	0.119	85	0.25	0.03	0.28
17 Yorkville Avenue	1158	0.045	13	0.04	0.01	0.05
19 Yorkville Avenue	1004	0.040	12	0.03	0.01	0.05
21 Yorkville Avenue	3140	0.083	35	0.10	0.02	0.12
Subtotal - Ex Bldg A	13,002	0.287	145	0.42	0.07	0.49
16 Cumberland Street	828	0.021	10	0.03	0.01	0.03
18 Cumberland Street	477	0.015	6	0.02	0.00	0.02
Subtotal - Ex Bldg B	1305	0.036	16	0.05	0.01	0.06
Total	14,307	0.323	161	0.47	0.08	0.55

The total sanitary flow from the existing development was calculated to be 0.55 L/s.

2.4 PROPOSED SANITARY FLOWS

The projected sanitary flows from the development have been estimated using the design criteria outlined in Table 2.2:

Table 2.2 – Proposed Sanitary Flows from Site – Dry Weather

Building	Building A	Building B	Site Total
Residential units	674	0	674
Total Residential Population	1,189	0	1,189
Total Commercial Population	28	10	38
Avg Sanitary Design Flow (L/s)	3.38	0.03	3.41
Residential Peaking Factor	3.75	N/A	3.74
Commercial Peaking Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00
Peak Sanitary Design Flow (L/s)	12.47	0.03	12.50
Infiltration Allowance (0.26 L/s/ha)	0.07	0.01	0.08
Permanent Dewatering Pump Rate (L/s)	6.30	0.63	6.93
Total Sanitary Flow from Site	18.84	0.67	19.51
Net increase in Flow (post - pre)	18.35	0.61	18.96

For more detailed calculation refer to Appendix A.

Based on the calculated sanitary flows found in Table 2.2, the site will generate 19.51 L/s of sanitary flow. Building A will discharge to the existing 600 mm combined sewer along Yorkville Avenue through one proposed 300 mm diameter sanitary service connection. A 300mm sanitary connection was selected to match the mechanical sanitary service design inside the building. The proposed 300mm sanitary services inside the building was advised by mechanical consultant based on Ontario Building Code requirements. A letter confirming the service sizing is included in Appendix E. Building B will discharge flow to the existing 450 mm combined sewer along Cumberland Street south of the building via a proposed 100 mm diameter sanitary service connection. Final sizing of the sanitary connection will be determined at the detailed design stage for

Building B. Sanitary control maintenance holes will be installed immediately inside the property line for both Buildings A and B, which will be accessible at all times to City staff. Installation of these connections will be coordinated with the City of Toronto connections department. All other internal plumbing will meet Ontario Building Code standards.

2.5 COMPLIANCE WITH MOECC PROCEDURE F-5-5

It is proposed to discharge sanitary and storm flows from Building A to the existing 675 mm combined sewer on Yorkville Avenue and discharge sanitary and storm flows from Building B to the existing 450mm combined sewer on Cumberland Street. MOECC procedure F-5-5 requires that the total flow in the combined sewer system not increase as a result of the proposed development.

Table 2.3 – Comparison of Pre- and Post-Development Discharge to Yorkville Combined Sewer – Building A

	Pre-Development Flow	Post-Development Flow	Net Change
Sanitary	0.49 L/s	18.84 L/s	18.35 L/s
Storm (2-Year)	25.9 L/s	20.5 L/s	-32.0 L/s
Total	53.39 L/s	39.34 L/s	-14.05 L/s

Table 2.4 – Comparison of Pre- and Post-Development Discharge to Cumberland Combined Sewer – Building B

	Pre-Development Flow	Post-Development Flow	Net Change
Sanitary	0.06 L/s	0.67 L/s	0.61 L/s
Storm (2-Year)	7.9 L/s	2.4 L/s	-5.5 L/s
Note – Storm to Cumberland			
Total	7.96L/s	3.07 L/s	-4.89 L/s

As shown in the table above, there is a net decrease of 14.05 L/s in the total flow draining to the existing Yorkville Ave combined sewer system, and a net decrease of 4.89 L/s in the total flow draining to the Cumberland Street combined sewer system as a result of the proposed development. Therefore, the development is compliance with MOECC Procedure F-5-5 since wet weather flow to the receiving combined sewer is decreased by proposed development.

2.6 ANALYSIS OF DOWNSTREAM COMBINED SEWERS

The City of Toronto has provided copies of the City's Dorsch model data and Sewer Atlas Maps for the combined sewers on Yorkville Avenue, Yonge Street, Cumberland Street and the surrounding network of pipes. Those copies of the Dorsch model and Sewer Atlas Maps are provided in Appendix C and are only used as a reference to complete the design sheet for pre and post development. The design sheets and sanitary drainage area plan can be found in Appendix A.

A dry weather downstream sewer analysis was completed for the pre-development and post-development conditions for combined sewer systems in both Yorkville Avenue and Cumberland Street. Pipe capacities Avenue remain below 6% for combined sewer in Yorkville Avenue and remain below 0.6% for combined sewer in Cumberland Street in both the pre-development and post-development conditions. This demonstrates that the existing combined sewer system in both Yorkville Avenue and Cumberland Street are capable of accommodating dry weather flow from the proposed development.

A 2-year storm wet weather downstream analysis was completed for the pre-development and post-development conditions for combined sewer systems in both Yorkville Avenue and Cumberland Street. As demonstrated in the Section 2.5 of this report there is a net reduction of flow to the receiving combined sewers during a 2-year or greater storm event. The wet-weather downstream combined sewer design sheet Table 1.2 shows that the flow is reduced in all downstream sewer sections for existing combined sewer system in Yorkville Avenue. The wet-weather downstream combined sewer design sheet Table 2.2 also shows that the discharge is reduced in all sewer sections for existing combined sewer system in Cumberland Street. Therefore, the proposed development will improve the condition in the receiving sewers during wet weather events.

Since the increase in dry weather flows does not cause any surcharging and the proposed development will reduce wet weather flows, WSP has concluded that the downstream sewer system is adequate for the proposed redevelopment and no downstream sewer improvements are required to service this development.

2.7 GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE

The client has retained EXP to complete a Hydrogeological Investigation for the site dated March 13, 2018, updated July 15, 2019, in support of the proposed development. The results of the investigation show that groundwater will be collected in the building's permanent foundation drainage system at a rate of 20m³/d (0.23L/s) for Building A and 9.0m³/d (0.10 L/s) for Building B (Building B is only discussed in the original March 13, 2018 report, and not in the July 15, 2019 update). The investigation shows the groundwater tested on site did not meet the City's sewer use by-law for storm sewers in a number of categories and did not meet the City's sewer use by-law for sanitary sewers for total suspended solids (TSS). It is proposed that groundwater from the site will be discharged to the sanitary/combined sewer system after treating to remove TSS to meet the sewer use By-Law. The proposed treatment system is a settling chamber to settle out TSS. The treatment system will not have any backwash to the City's sewer system. The mechanical engineer for the project has

proposed a groundwater sump pump with a maximum discharge rate of 6.30 L/s for Building A to the receiving combined sewers on Yorkville Avenue and 0.63 L/s for Building B to the receiving combined sewers on Cumberland Street respectively. A letter confirming this maximum groundwater pump rate has been included in Appendix E of this report. The proposed site plan includes a proposed groundwater sampling port immediately upstream of the sanitary control manhole. An application for the temporary and permanent groundwater discharge will be made directly to Toronto Water once the mechanical systems for the building have been fully designed. The property owner will enter into Sewer Discharge Agreement with Toronto Water, Environmental Monitoring and Protection for the permanent discharge of groundwater into the City combined sewer.

It should be noted that the 6.30 L/s of pumped groundwater flow for Building A and 0.63 L/s of pumped groundwater flow for Building B has been included in the post development combined sewer design sheets (discussed in Section 2.6).

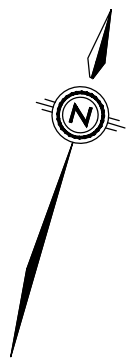
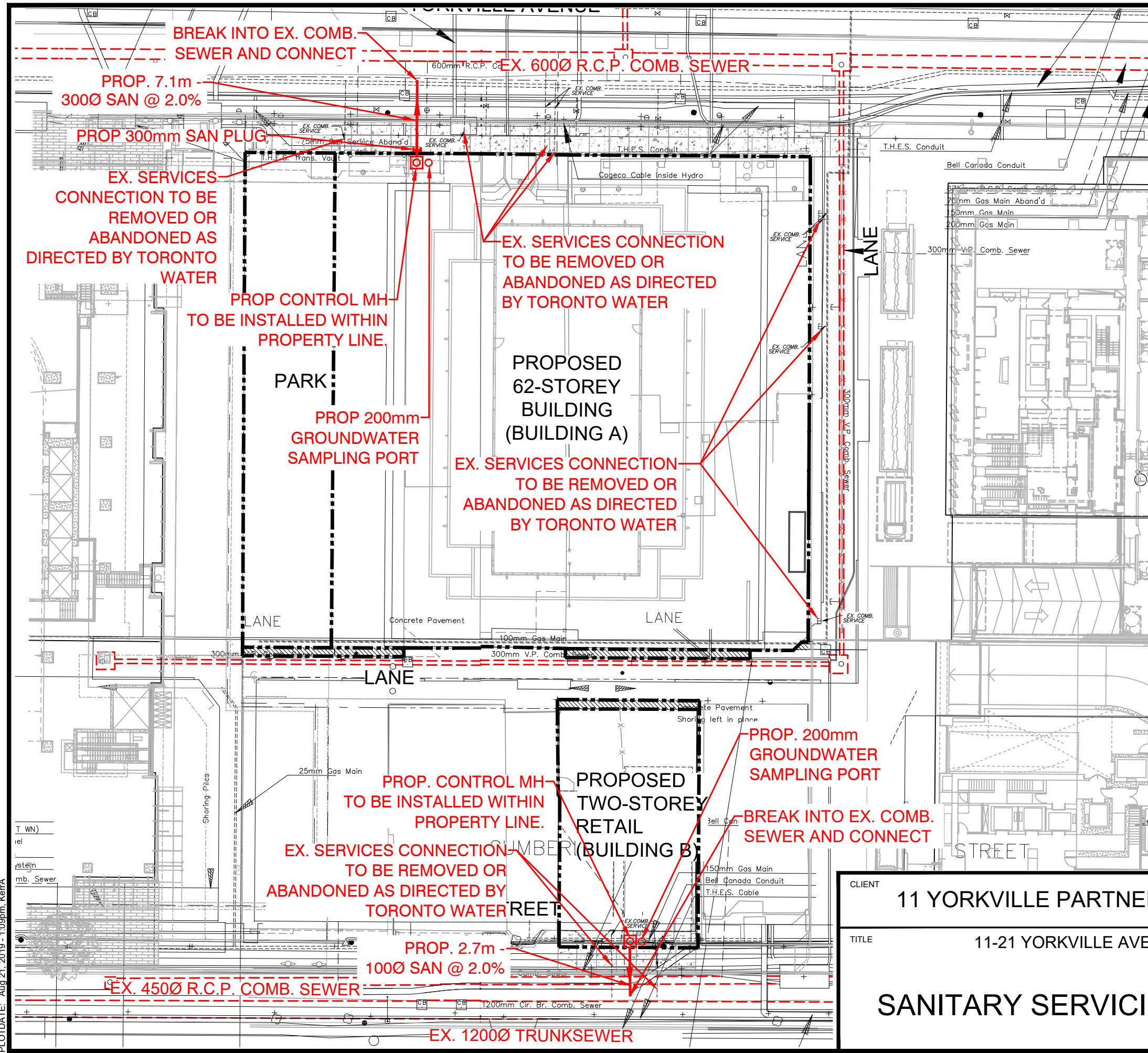
2.8 CONSTRUCTION DEWATERING

During construction the estimated dewatering requirement for the site is approximately 333m³/d (3.85L/s) for Building A and 14m³/d (0.16L/s for Building B), as per the findings of the site Hydrogeological Investigation prepared by EXP, dated March 13, 2018, updated July 15, 2019 (Building B is only discussed in the original March 13, 2018 report, and not in the July 15, 2019 update). The groundwater tested on site did not meet the City's sewer use by-law for storm sewers in a number of categories and did not meet the City's sewer use by-law for sanitary sewers for total suspended solids (TSS). It is proposed that construction dewatering from the site will be discharged to the sanitary/combined sewer system after treatment to remove TSS to meet the sewer use By-Law.

Looking specifically at Building A, the receiving combined sewer system on Yorkville has capacity to accept 18.84L/s of flow from the site during permanent conditions (design flow + infiltration flows + permanent groundwater flows), as demonstrated in Section 2.7 of this report and therefore can accommodate the construction dewatering flow rate in the interim condition. The construction dewatering flow rate (3.85L/s) in the interim condition is well under the ultimate condition total flow rate (permanent dewatering flow rate + infiltration flow rate + design flow rate, 18.84 L/s). The pump for construction dewatering will be specified by the contractor at a later date. The contractor will be required to select a pump that has a pump rate no greater than the permanent discharge rate (18.84L/s) to dewater the site with no negative impacts to the downstream receiving sewers. The owner plans to discharge construction dewatering to the sanitary/combined sewer and the specifics will be reviewed and confirm with Toronto Water at the time of the Private Water Discharge Application.

Looking specifically at Building B, the receiving combined sewer system on Cumberland Street has capacity to accept 0.67L/s of flow from the site during permanent conditions (design flow + infiltration flows + permanent groundwater flows), as demonstrated in Section 2.5 of this report and therefore can accommodate the construction dewatering flow rate in the interim condition. The construction dewatering flow rate (0.16L/s) in the interim condition is well under the ultimate condition total flow rate (permanent dewatering flow rate + infiltration flow rate + design flow rate, 0.67 L/s). The

pump for construction dewatering will be specified by the contractor at a later date. The contractor will be required to select a pump that has a pump no greater than the permanent discharge rate (0.69L/s) to dewater the site with no negative impacts to the downstream receiving sewers. The owner plans to discharge construction dewatering to the sanitary/combined sewer and the specifics will be reviewed and confirm with Toronto Water at the time of the Private Water Discharge Application.



LEGEND

- LIMIT OF PROP. WORKS
- ROOF OUTLINE
- P1 LEVEL OUTLINE
- EX. COMBINED SEWER
- PROP. SAN CONNECTION

CLIENT	11 YORKVILLE PARTNERSHIP INC.	
TITLE	11-21 YORKVILLE AVENUE	
SANITARY SERVICING PLAN		
Checked	B.S.T.	Drawn
Date	AUG 2019	Proj. No.
Scale	NTS	Figure No.
		10/12 Cad
		17M-01494
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PLOTDATE: Aug 21, 2019 - 1:09pm, KerrA

3 WATER SUPPLY AND APPURTENANCES

3.1 EXISTING CONDITIONS

Existing watermains in the vicinity of the site include a 300 mm watermain on Yorkville Avenue and a 150 mm watermain on Cumberland Street. There is an existing fire hydrant on the north-west corner of Yorkville Avenue and Yonge Street.

3.2 DESIGN PARAMETERS

The following design criteria have been taken from the City of Toronto, Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermain, November 2009:

- ▶ Water demand rate of 191 L/person/day for proposed developments;
 - ▶ Population densities of 1.4 person per unit for one bedroom units;
 - ▶ Population densities of 1.4 person per unit for studio units;
 - ▶ Population densities of 2.1 person per unit for two bedroom units;
 - ▶ Population densities of 3.1 person per unit for three bedroom units;
 - ▶ Population densities of 2.7 person per unit for existing apartment buildings;
 - ▶ Peak Hour Factor of Residential (apartments) = 2.50;
 - ▶ Maximum Day Factor of Residential (apartments) = 1.30;
 - ▶ Peak Hour Factor of Commercial = 1.20;
 - ▶ Maximum Day Factor of Commercial = 1.10;
 - ▶ Retail Equivalent Population of 1.1 people / 100m² per floor space;
-

3.3 DOMESTIC WATER DEMAND

The domestic water demands for the proposed development were calculated using the criteria's outlined by the City of Toronto's, design criteria for sewers and watermains, November 2009. The projected water demands for the proposed development have been estimated in Table 3.1:

Table 3.1 – Design Criteria and Projected Domestic Water Demands from Site

Average Water Consumption Rate	191 litres/person/day
Residential 1 Bedroom Unit & Population Density	424 units / 1.4 people per unit
Residential 2 Bedroom Unit & Population Density	180 units / 2.1 people per unit
Residential 3 Bedroom Unit & Population Density	70 units / 3.1 people per unit
Total Residential Units – Building A	674 units
Total Residential Equivalent Population – Building A	1189 people
Commercial Floor Area – Building A	2,486 m ²
Commercial Floor Area – Building B	839 m ²
Commercial Population Density	1.1 people per 100 m ² of floor area
Total Commercial Equivalent Population – Building A	28 people
Total Commercial Equivalent Population – Building B	10 people
Peaking Factors	Residential = 2.50 for Peak Hour, 1.30 for Maximum Day Commercial = 1.20 for Peak Hour, 1.10 for Maximum Day
Average Water Demand - Building A	2.69 L/s
Average Water Demand - Building B	0.02 L/s
Peak Water Demands - Building A	Peak Hour = 6.65 L/s, Maximum Day = 3.49L/s
Peak Water Demands - Building B	Peak Hour = 0.03 L/s, Maximum Day = 0.02 L/s
Peak Water Demands – Site	Peak Hour = 6.67 L/s, Maximum Day = 3.51 L/s

The average day water demand for Building A will be 2.69 L/s and the average day demand for Building B will be 0.02 L/s. The peak hour and maximum day water demands are 6.65 L/s and 3.49 L/s for Building A and 0.03 L/s and 0.02 L/s for Building B, respectively. Please refer to Appendix B for detailed calculations of the domestic water demands.

3.4 PROPOSED WATER SERVICE

For Building A, the proposed water service connections will include two (2) 200 mm diameter fire lines with one (1) 150 mm domestic branch connecting into the north side of the building from the existing 300 mm diameter watermain along Yorkville Avenue. Two separate fire connections separated by a valve and box will satisfy section 3.29.7(4) of the Ontario Building Code, which requires two separate fire connections for buildings exceeding 84.0m in height. Building B will be serviced by one (1) 150 mm shared water line at the south side of the building which will connect to the existing 150 mm watermain on Cumberland Street. In accordance with City standards, water meters and detector check valves will be installed as close to the property line as possible for all domestic connections, and will be accessible from inside the buildings. All other internal plumbing will meet O.B.C. standards. Refer to Figure 5 – Water Servicing Plan for an illustration of the proposed servicing.

3.5 HYDRANT FLOW TEST

The required fire flow for the site was calculated based on the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) requirements. The calculations are based on the largest floor area, in addition to 25% of the floor area above, and 25% of the floor area below as the proposed building will be fire-resistive with vertical openings being adequately protected for a one hour fire. The required fire flow calculations are shown in Appendix B and are summarized in Table 3.2 below:

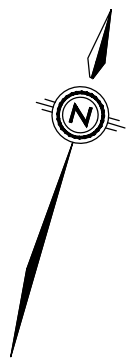
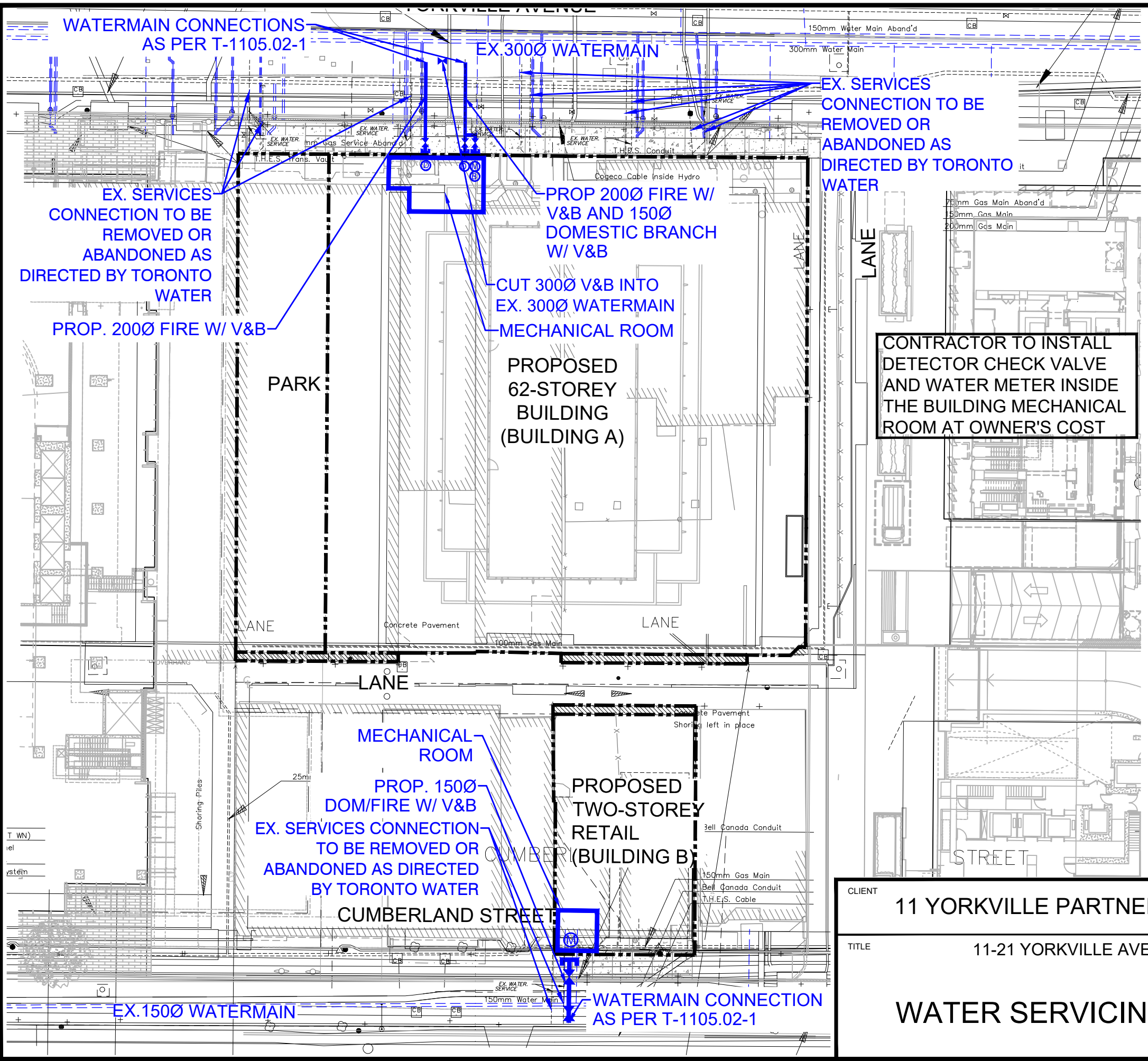
Table 3.2– FUS Fire Flow for Proposed Development

Site	Required Fire Flow	
	USGPM	L/s
Building A	1,732	109
Building B	920	58








A hydrant flow test was completed for the 300mm watermain on Yorkville Avenue in May 2018 by WSP Canada Group Limited. The results of this test have been included for reference and can be found in Appendix C. The available fire flow was recorded at 3800 USGPM (95L/s) at a minimum pressure of 140 kpa (20 psi). The available fire flow is greater than the FUS fire flow for Building A calculated above. Therefore, the watermain on Yorkville Avenue adjacent to the site has adequate capacity to support the water demand of the proposed development.

A hydrant flow test was completed for the 150mm watermain on Cumberland Street in May 2019 by WSP Canada Group Limited. The results of this test have been included for reference and can be found in Appendix C. The available fire flow was recorded at 1500 USGPM (240L/s) at a minimum pressure of 140 kpa (20 psi). The available fire flow is greater than the FUS fire flow for Building B calculated above. Therefore, the watermain on Cumberland Street adjacent to the site has adequate capacity to support the water demand of the proposed development.

The hydrant flow tests performed by WSP Canada Group Limited on Yorkville Avenue and Cumberland Street were performed in accordance with NFPA 291. A copy of WSP's hydrant flow testing procedure and hydrant flow test sample calculation sheet are included in Appendix C of this report.



LEGEND

-  LIMIT OF PROP. WORKS
-  ROOF OUTLINE
-  P1 LEVEL OUTLINE
-  EX. WATERMAIN
-  PROP. W/M CONNECTION
-  PROP. VALVE & CHAMBER
-  PROP. VALVE & BOX

CLIENT	11 YORKVILLE PARTNERSHIP INC.	
TITLE	11-21 YORKVILLE AVENUE	
WATER SERVICING PLAN		
Checked	B.S.T.	Drawn 10/12 Cad
Date	AUG 2019	Proj. No. 17M-01494
Scale	NTS	Figure No. 5

PLOTDATE: Aug 21, 2019 - 1:09pm, KerrA

4 STORM DRAINAGE AND STORM DRAINAGE

4.1 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

In support of the Rezoning Application for Building A and Building B and the Site Plan Application for Building A WSP has prepared a separate Storm Water Management Report. The report titled Stormwater Management Report – 11-25 Yorkville Avenue, dated August 22, 2019, contains a more detailed analysis of the stormwater management controls being proposed as part of this development. This Functional Servicing Report summarizes key components of the stormwater management.

4.2 EXISTING CONDITIONS

The existing site is currently occupied by commercial buildings, covering the majority of the site. The existing site area for Building A is approximately 0.24ha and the existing site area for Building B is approximately 0.04ha. Since the runoff coefficient from the existing site exceeds 0.50, a runoff coefficient of 0.50 was used in the pre-development condition to determine the allowable release rate to the municipal storm sewers. Based on the site areas and a 2-year rainfall intensity of 88.2 mm/hour (for a time of concentration of 10 minutes), the allowable 2-year pre-development release rate from the proposed development is 29.4 L/s for Building A and 4.4 L/s for Building B. The existing site is estimated to have a current runoff coefficient of 0.90 with an existing storm flow rate of 52.9 L/s for Building A and 7.9 L/s for Building B. Based on the existing topographic information, there are no external flows entering the site in its existing condition.

WSP is not aware of any existing stormwater management control on the site and therefore all flows currently leave the site uncontrolled. There are a number of existing combined sanitary and storm services for the site. The existing services are shown on Figure 6.

4.3 PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

Building A and Building B will each have proposed stormwater cisterns which will collect stormwater runoff generated from the proposed site. A sump will be provided to detain stormwater to be re-used on site to satisfy water balance requirements. The proposed method to achieve water balance for Building A is irrigation of trees in Silva Cells. The proposed water balance for Building B will be determined when that portion of the development goes to Site Plan Application (currently Building B is included in the rezoning application only).

The City's WWFMG state that the maximum allowable discharge to a municipal sewer system is the 2-year pre-development flow rate for events of up to and including 100-year intensity. Based on this requirement, the cisterns will be

sized to retain the water captured onsite during a 100-year storm and release at a maximum of the 2-year pre-development rate. Building A will be serviced by a proposed 200 mm storm service connection which will direct flow to the existing 675 mm diameter combined sewer on Yorkville Avenue. Building B will be serviced by a 100mm storm service connection which will direct flow to the existing 450mm diameter combined sewer on Cumberland Ave as shown on Figure 6.

Using the Manning formula with an 'n' of 0.013 and a slope of 2.0%, a 200 mm diameter storm connection can convey a flow of 48.4 L/s, while a 100 mm diameter storm connection can convey a flow of 7.6 L/s, conveyances which are sufficient to meet the allowable respective release rates of 29.4 L/s and 4.4 L/s for Buildings A and B. A 100 mm orifice tube will be placed upstream of the control manhole located at Building A to regulate the flow below the allowable maximum discharge rate. For Building B, a 3-inch (76 mm) diameter SXH Hydrobrake valve has been selected to control runoff from the cistern before entering the control manhole.

4.4 WATER BALANCE

The City of Toronto has recently implemented the Wet Weather Flow Guidelines which require a water balance approach to storm runoff and have set as a minimum standard for the retention of all flows from a 5mm storm event utilizing infiltration, evaporation and rainwater reuse. In order to meet the water balance requirements, the developer is proposing to construct cisterns on the parking garage for Building A and Building B. Stormwater collected in the water balance chamber can be reused via evapotranspiration through trees in proposed Silva Cells. For Building A, the water balance requirement of 39.0m³ must be used within 72 hrs of a storm event. The propose Silva Cells are capable of accepting 39.2m³ of water, which will satisfy the water balance requirement. For Building B, the required water balance volume is 1.79m³ and 1.79m³ is provided. Refer to the Stormwater Management Report for further details.

4.5 STORMWATER QUANTITY CONTROLS

4.5.1 ALLOWABLE OUTFLOW

The 2-year pre-development peak flow was calculated using the rational method with an inlet time of 10 minutes and a run-off coefficient of 0.5. The allowable release rate from the sites were calculated to be 29.4L/s for Building A based on an area of 0.24ha and 4.4L/s for Building B based on an area of 0.04ha. Modelling of the proposed cisterns shows that in a 2-year storm event the actual release rates from the tank is 14.1L/s for Building A and 2.4L/s for Building B. Please note that in addition there is a small area (approximately 168m²) from the Building A lands that will drain to the municipal sewer system uncontrolled. The uncontrolled flow for the 2-year storm event is 3.6L/s. Refer to the Stormwater Management Report for further details.

4.5.2 REQUIRED STORAGE

As per City requirements, both the minor and major storm events will be controlled to below the 2-year pre-development rate. The development will require cisterns on the below-ground levels to control the storm flow and release stormwater at the maximum allowable rates. In order to achieve the control of the 100-year storm event, the required storage of the cisterns will be 86.7 m³ for Building A and 12.4 m³ for Building B. The storage volume provided is 260m² for Building A and 16m³ for Building B.

The modified rational method was used to determine the storage required to control the post development flows down to the allowable release rates. Refer to Stormwater Management Report for the calculations.

4.6 STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROLS

The City of Toronto's Wet Weather Flow Management Guidelines (WWMFG) requires that all new developments provide long term removal of 80% of Total Suspended Solids (TSS) on an average annual basis.

The proposed roof areas for the development will not be prone to sediment generation and can therefore be considered clean for the purposes of storm water quality control. Building A is covered by mostly roof, with some at-grade hardscape and landscaping (POPS), so there will be some at-grade sediment-generating surfaces or activities. Water quality is proposed to be provided by a Jellyfish Filter Unit (JF4-2-1). Building B is covered mostly by roof. Each site has been designed to achieve the required 80% TSS removal. Please refer to the Stormwater Management Report for more details.

4.7 PROPOSED STORM SERVICE – MINOR DRAINAGE SYSTEM

As previously mentioned and in coordination with the Stormwater Management Report, Building A will be serviced by a 200 mm diameter PVC storm connection connecting to the existing 675 mm diameter combined sewer on Yorkville Avenue. Building B will be serviced by a 100 mm diameter PVC storm connection connecting to the existing 450 mm diameter combined sewer Cumberland Street. Flow controls will restrict the outflows from both cisterns to the allowable release rates described above.

Installation of these connections will be coordinated with the City of Toronto connections department. All other internal plumbing will meet O.B.C. standards.

4.8 PROPOSED STORM SERVICE - MAJOR STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM

The major storm drainage will be stored on site and released to the minor storm system at a maximum of the allowable release rate from the respective buildings, as indicated in Section 4.5.1 Allowable Outflow. The cisterns will accommodate both the water retention and quantity control, and are currently sized as described in Section 4.5.2. The flow controls will control the flow to below the maximum allowable release rate, allowing the storm water to drain by gravity to the control manholes, then to the municipal sewers.

Discharge from the new roof drainage systems and stormwater runoff from the various impervious roof/outdoor amenity and terrace surfaces of the buildings will be directed to the cisterns below ground. The area drains and trench drains will be sized to convey the 100-year storm event to the cisterns without any overflow for all storm events up to the 100-year storm event. The area drains and trench drains will connect through the garage slab to the mechanical storm drainage system inside the buildings which will direct all flows to the cisterns. The building structures will be designed to support the storm water cisterns under the most critical loading conditions (i.e. when cistern is full).

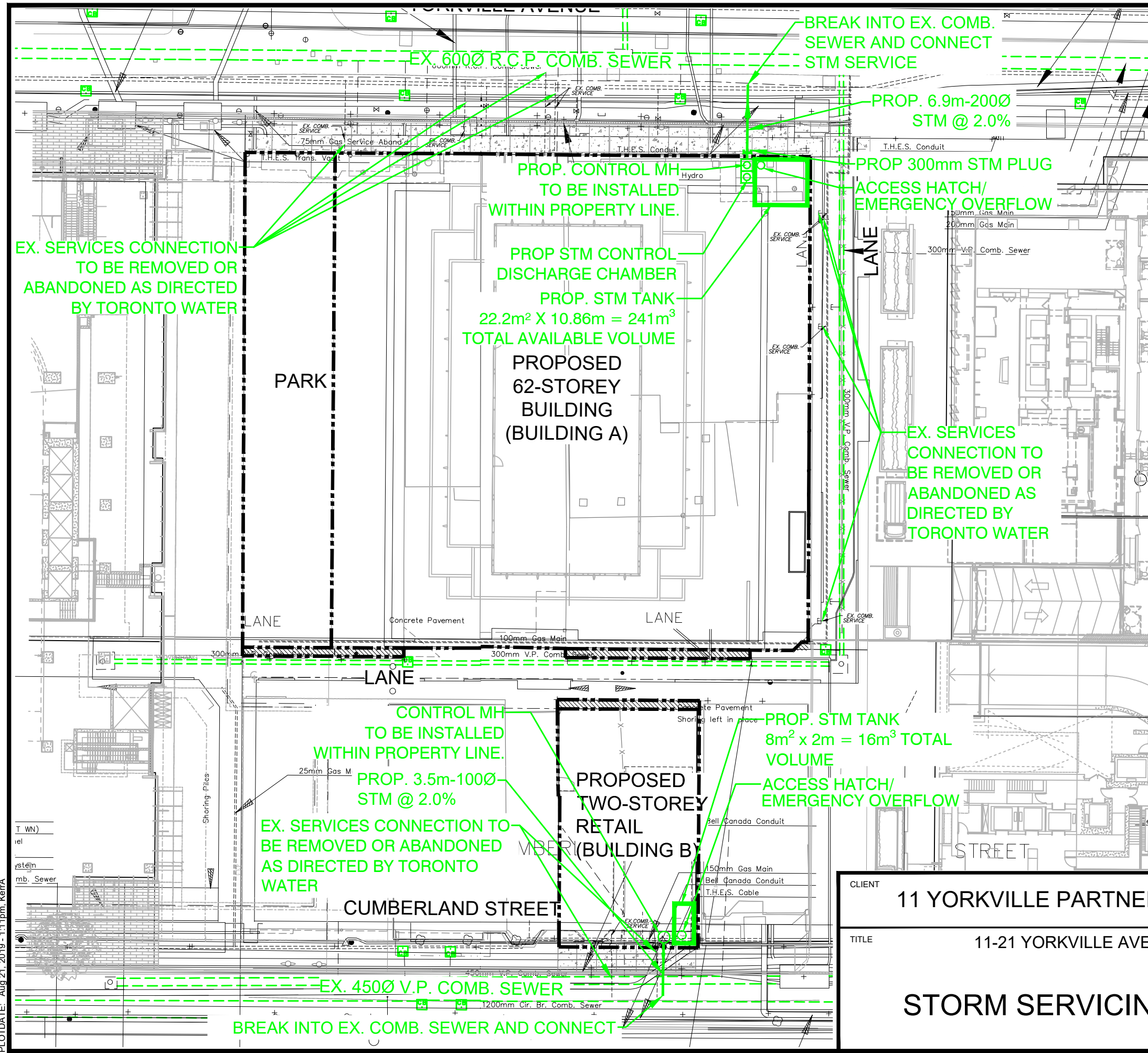
For storms larger than the 100-year design storm, or if the cisterns outlets become blocked, the excess water in the cistern will be directed via an overflow hatch onto the grade and drained via the overland flow route to the municipal R.O.W.

4.9 ANALYSIS OF DOWNSTREAM STORM SEWERS

Storm flow from Building A will be directed to the Yorkville Avenue combined sewer. The Yorkville Avenue receiving sewers, including the storm flow from Building A are analyzed in Section 2.6.

The storm flow from Building B will be directed to the Cumberland Avenue combined sewer. The Cumberland Street receiving sewer, including the storm flow from Building B are analyzed in Section 2.6.

Since the development will reduce wet weather flow in receiving sewers for all storm events WSP has concluded that no downstream storm sewer improvements are required as a result of this development.



EX. SERVICES CONNECTION TO BE REMOVED OR ABANDONED AS DIRECTED BY TORONTO WATER

PROP. CONTROL MH TO BE INSTALLED WITHIN PROPERTY LINE.

PROP STM CONTROL DISCHARGE CHAMBER
PROP. STM TANK
22.2m² X 10.86m = 241m³
TOTAL AVAILABLE VOLUME

PROPOSED 62-STOREY BUILDING (BUILDING A)

EX. SERVICES CONNECTION TO BE REMOVED OR ABANDONED AS DIRECTED BY TORONTO WATER

CONTROL MH TO BE INSTALLED WITHIN PROPERTY LINE.

PROP. 3.5m-1000 STM @ 2.0%

EX. SERVICES CONNECTION TO BE REMOVED OR ABANDONED AS DIRECTED BY TORONTO WATER

PROPOSED TWO-STOREY RETAIL (BUILDING B)

PROP. STM TANK
8m² x 2m = 16m³ TOTAL VOLUME

ACCESS HATCH/ EMERGENCY OVERFLOW

LEGEND

- LIMIT OF PROP. WORKS
- ROOF OUTLINE
- P1 LEVEL OUTLINE
- EX. COMBINED SEWER
- PROP. STORM CONNECTION

CLIENT	11 YORKVILLE PARTNERSHIP INC.	
TITLE	11-21 YORKVILLE AVENUE	
STORM SERVICING PLAN		
Checked	B.S.T.	Drawn 10/12 Cad
Date	AUG 2019	Proj. No. 17M-01494
Scale	NTS	Figure No. 6

PLOT DATE: Aug 21, 2019 - 1:11pm, KerrA



LEGEND

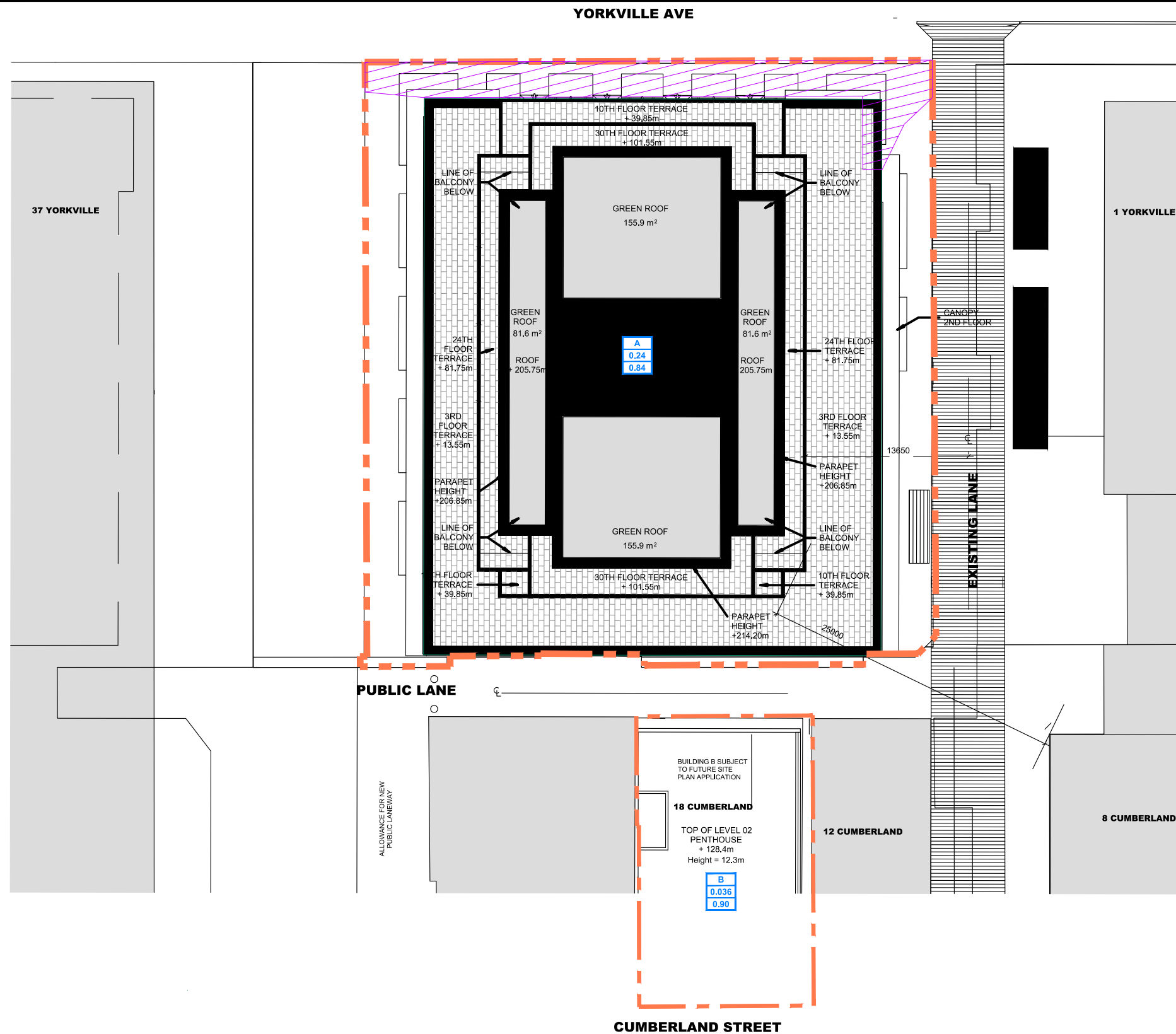
	PROPERTY BOUNDARY			
<table border="1"><tr><td>101</td></tr><tr><td>0.24</td></tr><tr><td>0.90</td></tr></table>	101	0.24	0.90	SUBCATCHMENT ID AREA (HA) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT
101				
0.24				
0.90				



CLIENT	11 YORKVILLE PARTNERS INC.		
TITLE	11-25 YORKVILLE AVE. & 16-18 CUMBERLAND ST.		
EXISTING CONDITIONS			

Checked	SP	Drawn	NM
Date	AUGUST 2019	Proj. No.	17M-01494
Scale	AS SHOWN	Figure No.	6A
		Gr.No.	

2019.07.29 FIGURE 3 - Proposed Conditions.dwg 11 Yorkville Proposed J:\1441 Projects by Job Number\2017\17M-01494-00 11 Yorkville Ave\CAD Aug 14, 2019 - 4:25pm



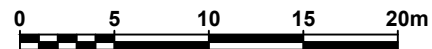
LEGEND

- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- | |
|------|
| A |
| 0.24 |
| 0.82 |

 SUBCATCHMENT ID
- | |
|------|
| 0.24 |
| 0.82 |

 AREA (HA)
- | |
|------|
| 0.24 |
| 0.82 |

 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT
- UNCONTROLLED DRAINAGE



CLIENT	11 YORKVILLE PARTNERS INC.
TITLE	11-25 YORKVILLE AVE. & 16-18 CUMBERLAND ST.
PROPOSED CONDITIONS	

Checked SP	Drawn NM	
Date AUGUST 2019	Proj. No. 17M-01494	
Scale AS SHOWN	Figure No. 6B	Gr.No. .

5 CONCLUSIONS

5.1 SANITARY

The existing 600 and 675 mm diameter combined sewer on Yorkville Avenue and the existing 450 mm diameter combined sewer in the Cumberland Street south of Building B both have sufficient capacity to convey the projected peak sanitary flows. Building A will discharge to the existing 600 mm combined sewer along Yorkville Avenue through one 200 mm diameter sanitary service connection. Building B will discharge flow to the existing 450 mm combined sewer in the Cumberland Street south of the building via a 100 mm diameter sanitary service connection. Sanitary control maintenance holes will be installed immediately inside the property lines and will be fitted with backflow prevention devices. The control manholes will be accessible from the outside per City standards. The building sanitary systems will be designed to operate under municipal sewer surcharge conditions.

The downstream combined sewers can adequately accommodate the proposed redevelopment. No downstream combined sewer improvements are required to service the proposed development.

5.2 WATER

Building A will be serviced by two 200 mm diameter PVC fire connections into the existing 300 mm watermain on Yorkville Avenue. One fire connection will have a 150 mm domestic branch. The two fire connections will be separated by a proposed valve. Building B will be serviced by one shared 150 mm diameter connection, which will connect to the existing 150 mm watermain on Cumberland Street. A water meter and a detector check valve will be installed as close to the property line as possible within both buildings. All internal plumbing will meet Ontario Building Code standards. A hydrant flow test on Yorkville Avenue has demonstrated sufficient water to provide both domestic water and fire protection for Building A. A hydrant flow test on Cumberland Street has demonstrated sufficient water to provide both domestic water and fire protection for Building B.

5.3 STORM

Building A will be serviced by a 200 mm diameter PVC storm connection along the north side of the building and connect into the existing 675 mm combined sewer. Building B will be serviced by a 100 mm diameter PVC storm connection along the south side of the building connecting to the existing 450 mm diameter combined sewer on Cumberland Street. Storm control maintenance holes will be installed immediately inside the property lines. The control manholes will be accessible from the outside per City standard. The building storm systems will be designed to operate under municipal sewer surcharge conditions.

The proposed development will reduce the storm flows coming from the site to the existing combined sewer system to a 2-year pre-development release rate during all storms up to, and including, the 100-year event. Therefore, WSP has concluded that there will be no negative impacts to the existing combined sewer system as a result of this development.

APPENDIX

A-1 THEORETICAL SANITARY SEWAGE FLOWS & SANITARY DESIGN SHEETS & SANITARY DRAINAGE AREA PLAN (7A) -YORKVILLE AVENUE

APPENDIX A THEORETICAL SANITARY SEWAGE FLOWS

Project: 11 Yorkville Avenue
Job No.: 17M-01494
Date: August 21, 2019

A. Existing Development

Address	Gross Floor Area (GFA) ¹	Site Area	Population ²	Average Commercial Flow	Infiltration Allowance (0.26 L/s/ha)	Total Existing Sanitary Flow
	(m ²)			(ha)		
11 Yorkville Avenue	7700	0.119	85	0.25	0.03	0.28
17 Yorkville Avenue	1158	0.045	13	0.04	0.01	0.05
19 Yorkville Avenue	1004	0.040	12	0.03	0.01	0.05
21 Yorkville Avenue	3140	0.083	35	0.10	0.02	0.12
Subtotal - Ex Bldg A	13,002	0.287	145	0.42	0.07	0.49
16 Cumberland Street	828	0.021	10	0.03	0.01	0.03
18 Cumberland Street	477	0.015	6	0.02	0.00	0.02
Subtotal - Ex Bldg B	1305	0.036	16	0.05	0.01	0.06
Total	14,307	0.323	161	0.47	0.08	0.55

Note 1: Approximate GFA for existing commercial buildings

B. Proposed Development

Residential Unit Type	Total Residential Units	Persons per Unit	Total Residential Population
Building A			
1B, 1B+D & Studio Units	424	1.4	594
2B Units	180	2.1	378
3B Units	70	3.1	217
Total Residential	674	-	1,189
Commercial Type	GFA (m ²)	Density (ppl/100m ²)	Total Commercial Population
Building A			
Retail	2,486	1.1	28
Building B			
Retail	839	1.1	10
Total Commercial	3,326	-	38

Proposed Flow

Building / Unit Type	Population	Site Area	Average Flow (240L/cap/d - Residential) (250L/cap/d - Commercial)	Harmon Peaking Factor	Peak Sanitary Design Flow	Infiltration (0.26L/s/ha)	Permanent Dewatering Rate (Pumped Rate)	Total Peak Flow
		(ha)	(L/s)		(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)
Building A - Residential	1,189	N/A	3.30	3.75	12.39	N/A	N/A	N/A
Building A - Retail	28	N/A	0.08	1.00	0.08	N/A	N/A	N/A
Subtotal - Building A	1,217	0.287	3.38	N/A	12.47	0.07	6.30	18.84
Building B - Retail	10	N/A	0.03	1.00	0.03	N/A	N/A	N/A
Subtotal - Building B	10	0.036	0.03	N/A	0.03	0.01	0.63	0.67
SITE TOTAL	1,227	0.323	3.41	N/A	12.50	0.08	6.93	19.51

Total Peak Flow (Building A) = 18.84 L/s
Increase in Peak Flow (Building A) = 18.35 L/s

Total Peak Flow (Building B) = 0.67 L/s
Increase in Peak Flow (Building B) = 0.61 L/s

Total Peak Flow (Site Total) = 19.51 L/s
Increase in Peak Flow (Site Total) = 18.96 L/s

Note 1: 1.4 people per 1B & 1B+D & Studio Unit, 2.1 people per 2B Unit, and 3.1 people per 3B Unit per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermain, November 2009, page 35

Note 2: Commercial Flow rate based on proposed populations and 1.1 persons/100m² per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermain, November 2009, page 34

Peaking Factor = Harmon Formula

Average Daily Flow

Residential flow is based on 240 L/cap/d, per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermain

Commercial flow is based on 250 L/cap/d, per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermain

PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS - DRY WEATHER

Sanitary Flows

Residential Avg.Daily Flow = 240 L/d
 Commercial Avg.Daily Flow = 250 L/d

n= 0.013

Extraneous Flows

Infiltration Allowance = 0.260 L/s/ha

Design Sheet No 1 of 2

Project: 11 Yorkville
 Project no.: 17M-01494

COMBINED SEWERSHED AREA: 25.930 ha

SANITARY FLOW CALCULATIONS

Description / Location / Dissemination Blocks	PIPE ID	Segment			Cumulative			SANITARY FLOW						Extraneous Flows		BASED ON CITY OF TORONTO ARCHIVE										
		Area A (ha)	Population		Area A (ha)	Population		PEAKING FACTOR M	Res (L/s)	Emp (L/s)	Infiltration Allowance (L/s)	Acc SAN Flow (L/s)	STM Flow DQ 2 YEAR (L/s)	Accm STM (L/s)	TOTAL COMBINED FLOW (L/s)	LENGTH (m)	ACTUAL PIPE SIZE (mm)	PIPE AREA (AF) (m2)	SLOPE (%)	CAPACIT Y (L/s)	VELOCITY (m/s)	TIME OF FLOW (min)	% Full			
			Res	ICI		Total	Res																	ICI	Total	
Zone 6 from east along Church (5539)		0.613	140	30	170	0.613	140	30	170	4.000	1.56	0.09	0.16	1.80			1.80									
Zone 7 from west along Davenport (4352)		9.829	2,997	228	3,225	9.829	2,997	228	3,225	3.443	28.66	0.66	2.56	31.88			31.88									
Yonge Street	4369	0.393	43	31	75	18.542	4,855	748	5,606	3.257	43.92	2.16	0.10	46.19			46.19	50.9	900	0.636	1.41	2149.63	3.38	0.25	2.1%	
Yonge Street	4370	0.282	69	12	82	18.824	4,924	760	5,688	3.251	44.47	2.20	0.07	46.74			46.74	40.2	900	0.636	1.14	1932.88	3.04	0.22	2.4%	
Yonge Street	4371	0.084	17	5	22	18.908	4,941	764	5,710	3.250	44.60	2.21	0.02	46.84			46.84	9.4	900	0.636	1.22	1999.55	3.14	0.05	2.3%	
Zone 8 from north along Yonge (4387)		6.390	2,341	60	2,401	6.390	2,341	60	2,401	3.532	22.97	0.17	1.66	24.80			24.80									
Easement	4388	0.321	69	16	86	25.619	7,351	841	8,197	3.086	63.02	2.43	0.08	65.53			65.53	55.8	1500	1.767	3.70	13597.24	7.69	0.12	0.5%	
Easement	4389	0.310	55	19	74	25.930	7,406	860	8,271	3.083	63.42	2.49	0.08	65.99			65.99	67.1	1500	1.767	0.95	6889.88	3.90	0.29	1.0%	

Notes: * Residential and employment populations derived from site areas and population densities as outlined in City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains
 * Sewer information based on City of Toronto archive drawings
 * See Figure 7 for combined sewer tributary areas

POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS - DRY WEATHER

Sanitary Flows

Residential Avg. Daily Flow = 240 L/d
 Commercial Avg. Daily Flow = 250 L/d

n= 0.013

Extraneous Flows

Infiltration Allowance = 0.260 L/s/ha

Design Sheet No 1 of 2
 Project: 11 Yorkville
 Project no.: 17M-01494

COMBINED SEWERSHED AREA: 25.894 ha

Description / Location / Dissemination Blocks	PIPE ID	SANITARY FLOW CALCULATIONS															Extraneous Flows		BASED ON CITY OF TORONTO ARCHIVE																
		Segment					Cumulative					SANITARY FLOW					STM Flow DQ 2 YEAR (L/s)	Accm STM (L/s)	TOTAL COMBINED FLOW (L/s)	LENGTH (m)	ACTUAL PIPE SIZE (mm)	PIPE AREA (AF) (m2)	SLOPE (%)	CAPACITY (L/s)	VELOCITY (m/s)	TIME OF FLOW (min)	% Full								
		Area A (ha)	Population			Pumped GW Discharge Rate (L/s)	Area A (ha)	Population			PEAKING FACTOR (M)	Res (L/s)	Emp (L/s)	Infiltration Allowance (L/s)	Pumped GW Discharge Rate (L/s)	Acc SAN Flow (L/s)																			
Res	ICI		Total	Res	ICI			Total																											
Zone 6 from east along Church (5539)		0.613	140	30	170	0.00	0.613	140	30	170	4.000	1.56	0.09	0.16	0.00	1.80			1.80																
Zone 7 from west along Davenport (4352)		9.829	2,997	228	3,225	0.00	9.829	2,997	228	3,225	3.443	28.66	0.66	2.56	0.00	31.88			31.88																
Yonge Street	4369	0.393	43	31	75	0.00	18.506	6,044	615	6,662	3.168	53.18	1.78	0.10	6.30	61.36			61.36	50.9	900	0.636	1.41	2149.63	3.38	0.25	2.9%								
Yonge Street	4370	0.282	69	12	82	0.00	18.788	6,113	627	6,744	3.163	53.71	1.81	0.07	6.30	61.90			61.90	40.2	900	0.636	1.14	1932.88	3.04	0.22	3.2%								
Yonge Street	4371	0.084	17	5	22	0.00	18.872	6,130	631	6,766	3.162	53.84	1.83	0.02	6.30	61.99			61.99	9.4	900	0.636	1.22	1999.55	3.14	0.05	3.1%								
Zone 8 from north along Yonge (4387)		6.390	2,341	60	2,401	0.00	6.390	2,341	60	2,401	3.532	22.97	0.17	1.66	0.00	24.80			24.80																
Easement	4388	0.321	69	16	86	0.00	25.584	8,540	708	9,253	3.022	71.70	2.05	0.08	0.00	73.83			73.83	55.8	1500	1.767	3.70	13597.24	7.69	0.12	0.5%								
Easement	4389	0.310	55	19	74	0.00	25.894	8,595	727	9,327	3.020	72.09	2.10	0.08	0.00	74.28			74.28	67.1	1500	1.767	0.95	6889.88	3.90	0.29	1.1%								

Notes: * Residential and employment populations derived from site areas and population densities as outlined in City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains
 * Sewer information based on City of Toronto archive drawings
 * See Figure 7 for combined sewer tributary areas

PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS - WET WEATHER - 2 YEAR STORM EVENT

Sanitary Flows

Residential Avg.Daily Flow = 240 L/d
 Commercial Avg.Daily Flow = 250 L/d

Extraneous Flows

Infiltration Allowance = 3.000 L/s/ha

n= 0.013

Design Sheet No 1 of 2

Project: 11 Yorkville
 Project no.: 17M-01494

COMBINED SEWERSHED AREA: 25.930 ha

Description / Location / Dissemination Blocks	PIPE ID	SANITARY FLOW CALCULATIONS													Extraneous Flows							BASED ON CITY OF TORONTO ARCHIVE										
		Segment			Cumulative			SANITARY FLOW							STORM TRIBUTARY AREA	RUNOFF COEF.	A X C	ACCUM. A X C	Tc	INTENSITY	Accm STM	TOTAL COMBINED FLOW	LENGTH	ACTUAL PIPE SIZE	PIPE AREA (AF)	SLOPE	CAPACITY	VELOCITY	TIME OF FLOW	% Full		
		Area A (ha)	Population		Area A (ha)	Population		PEAKING FACTOR	Res	Emp	Infiltration Allowance	Acc SAN Flow	M	(L/s)																	(L/s)	(L/s)
Zone 6 from east along Church (5539)		0.613	140	30	170	0.613	140	30	170	4.000	1.56	0.09	1.84	3.48	0.613	0.90	0.55	0.55	10.00	88.19	135.16	138.64	667.6							1.50	7.42	
Zone 7 from west along Davenport (4352)		9.829	2,997	228	3,225	9.829	2,997	228	3,225	3.443	28.66	0.66	29.49	58.81	9.829	0.90	8.85	8.85	10.00	88.19	2168.77	2227.58	141.5							1.50	1.57	
Yonge Street	4369	0.393	43	31	75	18.542	4,855	748	5,606	3.257	43.92	2.16	1.18	47.26	0.393	0.90	0.35	15.79	17.42	57.21	2511.58	2558.85	50.9	900	0.636	1.41	2149.63	3.38	0.25	119.0%		
Yonge Street	4370	0.282	69	12	82	18.824	4,924	760	5,688	3.251	44.47	2.20	0.85	47.52	0.282	0.90	0.25	16.05	17.67	56.57	2523.60	2571.12	40.2	900	0.636	1.14	1932.88	3.04	0.22	133.0%		
Yonge Street	4371	0.084	17	5	22	18.908	4,941	764	5,710	3.250	44.60	2.21	0.25	47.07	0.084	0.90	0.08	16.12	17.89	56.03	2511.10	2558.17	9.4	900	0.636	1.22	1999.55	3.14	0.05	127.9%		
Zone 8 from north along Yonge (4387)		6.390	2,341	60	2,401	6.390	2,341	60	2,401	3.532	22.97	0.17	19.17	42.31	2.803	0.90	2.52	2.52	10.00	88.19	618.44	660.75	619.6							1.50	6.88	
Easement	4388	0.321	69	16	86	25.619	7,351	841	8,197	3.086	63.02	2.43	0.96	66.41	0.321	0.90	0.29	18.93	17.94	55.90	2942.58	3008.99	55.8	1500	1.767	3.70	13597.24	7.69	0.12	22.1%		
Easement	4389	0.310	55	19	74	25.930	7,406	860	8,271	3.083	63.42	2.49	0.93	66.84	0.310	0.90	0.28	19.21	18.06	55.61	2970.36	3037.20	67.1	1500	1.767	0.95	6889.88	3.90	0.29	44.1%		

Notes: * Residential and employment populations derived from site areas and population densities as outlined in City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains
 * Sewer information based on City of Toronto archive drawings
 * See Figure 7 for combined sewer tributary areas
 * Existing and Proposed storm flow for 16-18 Cumberland (Building B) are to Cumberland Ave

**APPENDIX A
EXISTING COMBINED SEWER ANALYSIS
POST-DEVELOPMENT DRY WEATHER
CITY OF TORONTO**

TABLE D.2.2

POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS - WET WEATHER - 2 YEAR STORM EVENT

Sanitary Flows

Residential Avg.Daily Flow = 240 L/d
Commercial Avg.Daily Flow = 250 L/d

Extraneous Flows

Infiltration Allowance = 3.000 L/s/ha

n= 0.013

Design Sheet No 1 of 2
Project: 11 Yorkville
Project no.: 17M-01494

COMBINED SEWERSHED AREA: 25.894 ha

SANITARY FLOW CALCULATIONS

Extraneous Flows

BASED ON CITY OF TORONTO ARCHIVE

Description / Location / Dissemination Blocks	PIPE ID	Segment					Cumulative					SANITARY FLOW						STORM TRIBUTARY AREA (ha)	RUNOFF COEF. C	A X C	ACCUM. A X C	Tc (min.)	INTENSITY (mm/hr)	INC. CONTROLLED STORM FLOW (L/s)	ACCUM. CONTROLLED STORM FLOW (L/s)	Accm STM (L/s)	TOTAL COMBINED FLOW (L/s)	BASED ON CITY OF TORONTO ARCHIVE									
		Area A (ha)	Population			Pumped GW Discharge Rate (L/s)	Area A (ha)	Population			PEAKING FACTOR M	Res (L/s)	Emp (L/s)	Infiltration Allowance (L/s)	Pumped GW Discharge Rate (L/s)	Acc SAN Flow (L/s)	LENGTH (m)											ACTUAL PIPE SIZE (mm)	PIPE AREA (AF) (m2)	SLOPE (%)	CAPACITY (L/s)	VELOCITY (m/s)	TIME OF FLOW (min)	% Full			
			Res	ICI	Total			Res	ICI	Total																											
Zone 1 from west along Yorkville (4354)		0.511	49	40	89	0.00	0.511	49	40	89	4.000	0.54	0.12	1.53	0.00	2.19	0.511	0.90	0.46	0.46	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	112.64	114.83	134.8							1.50	1.50		
Building A		0.287	1,189	28	1,217	6.30	0.287	1,189	28	1,217	3.750	12.39	0.08	0.86	6.30	19.63	0.016	0.90	0.01	0.01	10.00	88.19	19.00	19.00	19.00	38.63											
Yorkville Avenue	4355	0.517	132	21	153	0.00	1.315	1,370	89	1,459	3.708	14.11	0.26	1.55	6.30	22.21	0.517	0.90	0.47	0.94	11.50	79.09	0.00	19.00	225.53	247.74	66.4	600	0.283	0.37	373.49	1.32	0.84	66.3%			
Yorkville Avenue	4356	0.138	0	15	16	0.00	1.453	1,370	104	1,475	3.708	14.11	0.30	0.41	6.30	21.12	0.138	0.90	0.12	1.08	12.34	74.87	0.00	19.00	243.35	264.47	20.4	675	0.358	0.36	504.35	1.41	1.59	52.4%			
Laneway		0.035	0	0	0	0.00	0.035	0	0	0	4.000	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.035	0.90	0.03	0.03	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	7.66	7.76	72.1	300	0.071	0.51	69.06	0.98	1.23	11.2%			
Laneway		0.269	108	0	108	0.00	0.304	108	0	108	4.000	1.20	0.00	0.81	0.00	2.01	0.269	0.90	0.24	0.27	11.23	80.56	0.00	0.00	61.26	63.27	58.9	300	0.071	0.53	70.40	1.00	0.99	89.9%			
Yorkville Avenue	4357	0.210	84	0	84	0.00	1.967	1,562	104	1,667	3.667	15.91	0.30	0.63	6.30	23.14	0.210	0.90	0.19	1.54	13.93	68.10	0.00	19.00	310.63	333.76	42.1	675	0.358	0.45	563.88	1.58	0.45	59.2%			
Yorkville Avenue	4358	0.014	6	0	6	0.00	1.981	1,567	104	1,673	3.666	15.96	0.30	0.04	6.30	22.60	0.014	0.90	0.01	1.55	14.37	66.45	0.00	19.00	305.91	328.51	15.5	600	0.283	0.56	459.48	1.63	0.16	71.5%			
Zone 2 from south along Yonge (4359)		0.435	38	30	68	0.00	0.435	38	30	68	4.000	0.42	0.09	1.31	0.00	1.81	0.435	0.90	0.39	0.39	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	96.05	97.86	94.4						1.50	1.05			
Yonge Street	4360	0.059	15	1	16	0.00	2.475	1,620	135	1,757	3.655	16.45	0.39	0.18	6.30	23.32	0.059	0.90	0.05	2.00	14.53	65.88	0.00	19.00	384.93	408.25	27.4	675	0.358	0.30	460.41	1.29	0.35	88.7%			
Zone 3 from east along Collier (5569)		0.504	54	34	88	0.00	0.504	54	34	88	4.000	0.60	0.10	1.51	0.00	2.21	0.504	0.90	0.45	0.45	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	111.18	113.38											
Yonge Street	4361	0.211	74	3	77	0.00	3.190	1,748	171	1,922	3.630	17.63	0.50	0.63	6.30	25.06	0.211	0.90	0.19	2.64	14.89	64.65	0.00	19.00	493.70	518.76	55.2	750	0.442	0.51	795.04	1.80	0.51	65.2%			
Zone 5 from west along Scollard (4367)		1.607	565	19	584	0.00	1.607	565	19	584	3.946	6.19	0.05	4.82	0.00	11.07	1.607	0.90	1.45	1.45	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	354.61	365.68	378.2						1.50	4.20			
Zone 4 from west along Scollard (4367)		2.875	551	135	686	0.00	2.875	551	135	686	3.952	6.05	0.39	8.63	0.00	15.07	2.875	0.60	1.73	1.73	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	422.96	438.03	463.1						1.50	5.15			
Yonge Street	4368	0.000	0	0	0	0.00	7.672	2,864	325	3,192	3.459	27.52	0.94	0.00	6.30	34.77	0.000	0.90	0.00	5.81	15.40	62.97	0.00	19.00	1036.61	1071.37	28.0	750	0.442	4.17	2273.38	5.15	0.09	47.1%			

POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS - WET WEATHER - 2 YEAR STORM EVENT

Sanitary Flows

Residential Avg.Daily Flow = 240 L/d
 Commercial Avg.Daily Flow = 250 L/d

n= 0.013

Design Sheet No 1 of 2
 Project: 11 Yorkville
 Project no.: 17M-01494

Extraneous Flows

Infiltration Allowance = 3.000 L/s/ha

COMBINED SEWERSHED AREA: 25.894 ha

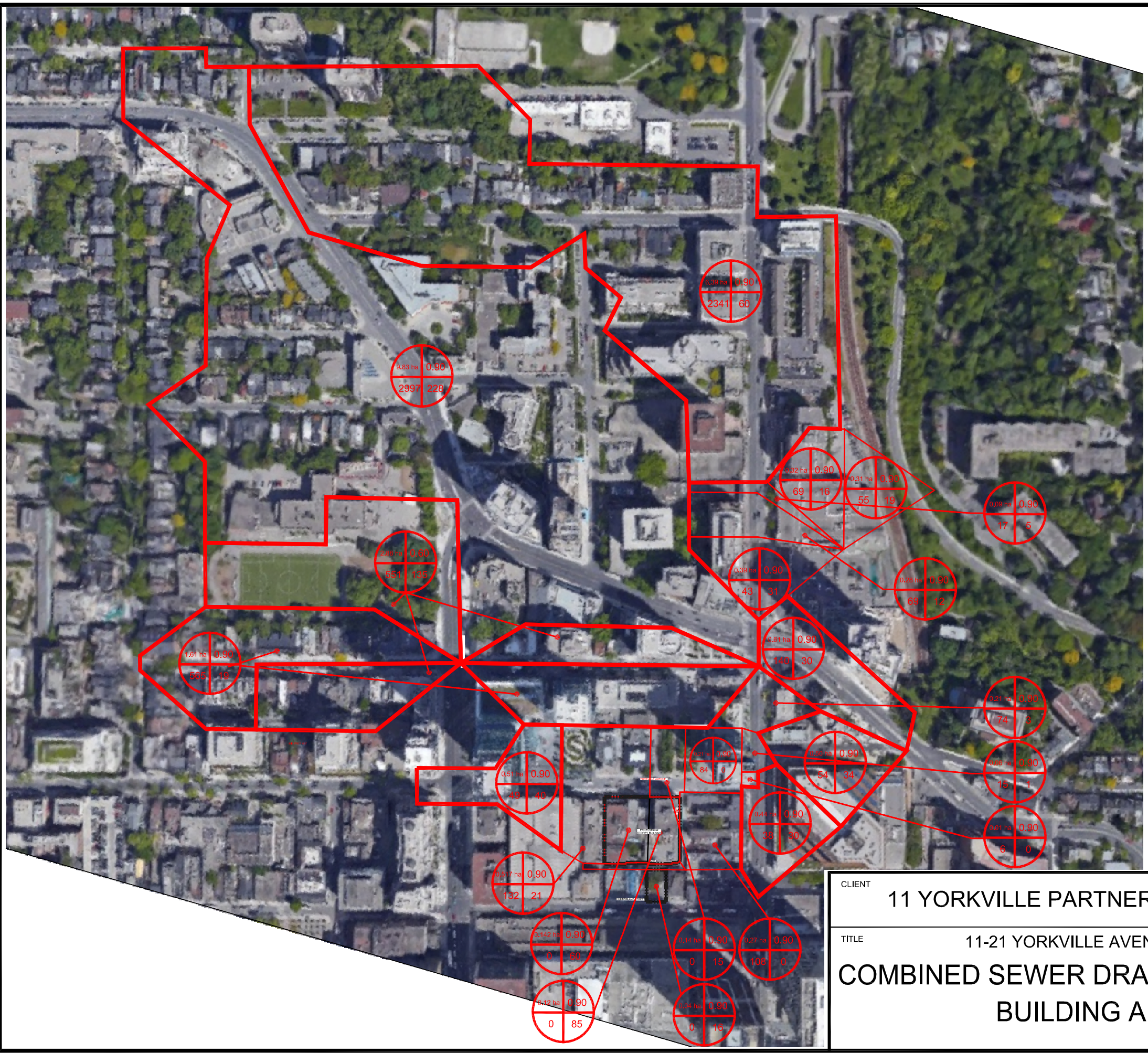
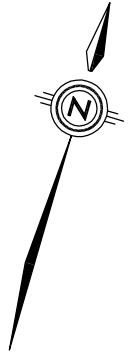
SANITARY FLOW CALCULATIONS

Extraneous Flows






BASED ON CITY OF TORONTO ARCHIVE

Description / Location / Dissemination Blocks	PIPE ID	Segment					Cumulative					SANITARY FLOW					Extraneous Flows								BASED ON CITY OF TORONTO ARCHIVE											
		Area A (ha)	Population			Pumped GW Discharge Rate (L/s)	Area A (ha)	Population			PEAKING FACTOR	Res (L/s)	Emp (L/s)	Infiltration Allowance (L/s)	Pumped GW Discharge Rate (L/s)	Acc SAN Flow (L/s)	STORM TRIBUTARY AREA (ha)	RUNOFF COEF. C	A X C	ACCUM. A X C	Tc (min.)	INTENSITY (mm/hr)	INC. CONTROLLED STORM FLOW (L/s)	ACCUM. CONTROLLED STORM FLOW (L/s)	Accm STM (L/s)	TOTAL COMBINED FLOW (L/s)	LENGTH (m)	ACTUAL PIPE SIZE (mm)	PIPE AREA (AF) (m2)	SLOPE (%)	CAPACITY (L/s)	VELOCITY (m/s)	TIME OF FLOW (min)	% Full		
			Res	ICI	Total			Res	ICI	Total																									M	M
Zone 6 from east along Church (5539)		0.613	140	30	170	0.00	0.613	140	30	170	4.000	1.56	0.09	1.84	0.00	3.48	0.613	0.90	0.55	0.55	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	135.16	138.64	667.6							1.50	7.42	
Zone 7 from west along Davenport (4352)		9.829	2,997	228	3,225	0.00	9.829	2,997	228	3,225	3.443	28.66	0.66	29.49	0.00	58.81	9.829	0.90	8.85	8.85	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	2168.77	2227.58	141.5							1.50	1.57	
Yonge Street	4369	0.393	43	31	75	0.00	18.506	6,044	615	6,662	3.168	53.18	1.78	1.18	6.30	62.44	0.393	0.90	0.35	15.56	17.42	57.21	0.00	19.00	2494.07	2556.51	50.9	900	0.636	1.41	2149.63	3.38	0.25	118.9%		
Yonge Street	4370	0.282	69	12	82	0.00	18.788	6,113	627	6,744	3.163	53.71	1.81	0.85	6.30	62.67	0.282	0.90	0.25	15.82	17.67	56.57	0.00	19.00	2506.50	2569.17	40.2	900	0.636	1.14	1932.88	3.04	0.22	132.9%		
Yonge Street	4371	0.084	17	5	22	0.00	18.872	6,130	631	6,766	3.162	53.84	1.83	0.25	6.30	62.22	0.084	0.90	0.08	15.89	17.89	56.03	0.00	19.00	2494.34	2556.56	9.4	900	0.636	1.22	1999.55	3.14	0.05	127.9%		
Zone 8 from north along Yonge (4387)		6.390	2,341	60	2,401	0.00	6.390	2,341	60	2,401	3.532	22.97	0.17	19.17	6.30	48.61	2.803	0.90	2.52	2.52	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	618.44	667.05	619.6						1.50	6.88		
Easement	4388	0.321	69	16	86	0.00	25.584	8,540	708	9,253	3.022	71.70	2.05	0.96	6.30	81.01	0.321	0.90	0.29	18.70	17.94	55.90	0.00	19.00	2925.90	3006.91	55.8	1500	1.767	3.70	13597.24	7.69	0.12	22.1%		
Easement	4389	0.310	55	19	74	0.00	25.894	8,595	727	9,327	3.020	72.09	2.10	0.93	6.30	81.43	0.310	0.90	0.28	18.98	18.06	55.61	0.00	19.00	2953.87	3035.29	67.1	1500	1.767	0.95	6889.88	3.90	0.29	44.1%		

Notes: * Residential and employment populations derived from site areas and population densities as outlined in City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains
 * Sewer information based on City of Toronto archive drawings
 * See Figure 7 for combined sewer tributary areas
 * Existing and Proposed storm flow for 16-18 Cumberland (Building B) are to Cumberland Ave



LEGEND

-  AREA
-  DRAINAGE COEFFICIENT
-  ICI POPULATION
-  RESIDENTIAL POPULATION
-  LIMIT OF PROP. WORKS

CLIENT	11 YORKVILLE PARTNERSHIP INC.	
TITLE	11-21 YORKVILLE AVENUE COMBINED SEWER DRAINAGE PLAN BUILDING A	
Checked	B.S.T.	Drawn 10/12 Cad
Date	MAR. 2018	Proj. No. 17M-01494
Scale	NTS	Figure No. 7A

PLOTDATE: Mar 15, 2019 - 3:48pm, wan.miao

APPENDIX

A-2

THEORETICAL SANITARY
SEWER FLOWS & SANITARY DESIGN
SHEETS & SANITARY DRAINAGE
AREA PLAN (7B)
- CUMBERLAND STREET

EXISTING COMBINED SEWER ANALYSIS - CUMBERLAND STREET PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRY WEATHER CITY OF TORONTO

TABLE D.1.1

PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS - DRY WEATHER

Design Sheet No 1 of 4
Project: 11 Yorkville
Project no.: 17M-01494

11 Yorkville Development

Grey Rows are not downstream of the site and therefore the flow in these legs is unaffected by the proposed development

Residential S.F. Homes = 3.5 persons per unit
 Residential Semi-Detached/Townhomes = 2.7 persons per unit
 Apartment and condo = 400 persons per hectare
 Retail = 1.1 persons per 100m²
 Hospital = 1 person per 30m²
 ICI (industrial, commercial, institutional) = 86 persons per ha
 Medium Density = 270 persons per hectare

Sanitary Flows
 Proposed Residential Avg. Daily Flow = 450 L/cap/day
 Existing Residential Avg. Daily Flow = 240 L/cap/day
 Existing Commercial Avg. Daily Flow = 250 L/cap/day
 Existing Church Avg. Daily Flow = 250 L/cap/day
Extraneous Flows
 Infiltration = 0.260 L/s/ha
 n= 0.013

SANITARY FLOW CALCULATIONS

Description / Location / Dissemination Blocks	FROM MH	TO MH	SANITARY FLOW CALCULATIONS											Extraneous Flows		BASED ON CITY OF TORONTO ARCHIVE												
			Segment			Cumulative			SANITARY FLOW					STM Flow DQ 2 YEAR (L/s)	Accm STM (L/s)	TOTAL COMBINED FLOW (L/s)	LENGTH (m)	ACTUAL PIPE SIZE (mm)	PIPE AREA (AF) (m ²)	SLOPE (%)	CAPACITY (L/s)	VELOCITY (m/s)	TIME OF FLOW (min)	% Full				
			Area A (ha)	Population		Area A (ha)	Population		PEAKING FACTOR (RES) M	Res (L/s)	Emp (L/s)	Infiltration Allowance (L/s)	Acc SAN Flow (L/s)															
Res	ICI	Total		Res	ICI		Total																					
26-32 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.036	0	5	5	0.036	0	5	5	4.000	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02			0.02										
EX CB on Cumberland St (south of 26-32 Cumberland St)	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.050	0	0	0	0.050	0	0	0	4.000	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01			0.01										
22 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.029	0	4	4	0.029	0	4	4	4.000	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02			0.02										
20 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.036	0	5	5	0.036	0	5	5	4.000	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02			0.02										
Ex. 16-18 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.036	0	16	16	0.036	0	16	16	4.000	0.00	0.05	0.01	0.06			0.06										
12-14 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.040	0	5	5	0.040	0	5	5	4.000	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02			0.02										
8, 6A, 6B, 6C Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.032	0	4	4	0.032	0	4	4	4.000	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02			0.02										
Subtotal	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	--	--	--	--	0.259	0	39	39	4.000	0.00	0.11	0.07	0.18			0.18	91.3	450	0.159	0.25	142.55	0.90	1.70	0.1%		
External Drainage on 4 Cumberland St, Yonge St and Asquith Ave	EXT.	EX.MH2	0.970	0	107	107	0.970	0	107	107	4.000	0.00	0.31	0.25	0.56			0.56										
Cumberland St	EX.MH2	EX. MH3 - 1200mm TRUCK SEWER	0.000	0	0	0	1.229	0	145	145	4.000	0.00	0.42	0.32	0.74			0.74	6.3	300	0.071	7.50	264.83	3.75	0.03	0.3%		

Notes:

- * Residential and employment populations derived from site areas and population densities as outlined in City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains
- * Sewer information based on City of Toronto archive drawings
- * See Figure 7B for combined sewer tributary areas

**EXISTING COMBINED SEWER ANALYSIS - CUMBERLAND STREET
POST-DEVELOPMENT DRY WEATHER
CITY OF TORONTO**

TABLE D.1.2

POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS - DRY WEATHER

Design Sheet No 2 of 4
Project: 11 Yorkville
Project no.: 17M-01494

11 Yorkville Development

Grey Rows are not downstream of the site and therefore the flow in these legs is unaffected by the proposed development

Residential S.F. Homes = 3.5 persons per unit
Residential Semi-Detached/Townhomes = 2.7 persons per unit
Apartment and condo = 400 persons per hectare
Retail = 1.1 persons per 100m²
Hospital = 1 person per 30m²
ICI (industrial, commercial, institutional) = 86 persons per ha
Medium Density = 270 persons per hectare

Sanitary Flows
Proposed Residential Avg.Daily Flow = 450 L/cap/day
Existing Residential Avg.Daily Flow = 240 L/cap/day
Existing Commercial Avg.Daily Flow = 250 L/cap/day
Existing Church Avg. Daily Flow = 250 L/cap/day
Extraneous Flows
Infiltration = 0.260 L/s/ha

n= 0.013

SANITARY FLOW CALCULATIONS

Extraneous Flows

BASED ON CITY OF TORONTO ARCHIVE

Description / Location / Dissemination Blocks	FROM MH	TO MH	Segment				Cumulative				SANITARY FLOW					STM Flow DQ 2 YEAR (L/s)	Accm STM (L/s)	TOTAL COMBINED FLOW (L/s)	LENGTH (m)	ACTUAL PIPE SIZE (mm)	PIPE AREA (AF) (m2)	SLOPE (%)	CAPACITY (L/s)	VELOCITY (m/s)	TIME OF FLOW (min)	% Full			
			Area A (ha)	Population			Pumped GW Discharge Rate (L/s)	Area A (ha)	Population			Cumulative Pumped GW Discharge Rate (L/s)	PEAKING FACTOR (RES) (M)	Res (L/s)	Emp (L/s)												Infiltration Allowance (L/s)	Acc SAN Flow (L/s)	
				Res	ICI	Total			Res	ICI	Total																		
26-32 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.036	0	5	5	0.036	0	5	5	0.63	4.000	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02												
EX CB on Cumberland St (south of 26-32 Cumberland St)	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.050	0	0	0	0.050	0	0	0	0.63	4.000	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01											
22 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.029	0	4	4	0.029	0	4	4	0.63	4.000	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02												
20 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.036	0	5	5	0.036	0	5	5	0.63	4.000	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02												
Proposed Building B	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.036	0	10	10	0.63	0.036	0	10	10	0.63	4.000	0.000	0.05	0.01	0.69	0.69											
12-14 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.040	0	5	5	0.63	0.040	0	5	5	0.63	4.000	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02											
8, 6A, 6B, 6C Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.032	0	4	4	0.63	0.032	0	4	4	0.63	4.000	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02											
Subtotal	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	--	--	--	--	0.259	0	31	33	0.63	4.000	0.00	0.12	0.07	0.81	0.81				91.3	450	0.159	0.25	142.55	0.90	1.70	0.6%	
External Drainage on 4 Cumberland St, Yonge St and Asquith Ave	EXT.	EX.MH2	0.97	0.000	107	107	0.63	0.970	0	107	107	0.63	4.00	0.00	0.31	0.25	0.56	0.56											
Cumberland St	EX.MH2	EX. MH3 - 1200mm TRUCK SEWER	0.000	0	0	0	0.63	1.229	0	138	138	0.63	4.000	0.00	0.40	0.32	1.35	1.35				6.3	300	0.071	7.50	264.83	3.75	0.03	0.5%

Notes: * Residential and employment populations derived from site areas and population densities as outlined in City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains
* Sewer information based on City of Toronto archive drawings
* See Figure 7B for combined sewer tributary areas

**EXISTING COMBINED SEWER ANALYSIS - CUMBERLAND STREET
PRE-DEVELOPMENT WET WEATHER
CITY OF TORONTO**

TABLE D.2.1

PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS - WET WEATHER - 2 YEAR STORM EVENT

Design Sheet No 3 of 4
Project: 11 Yorkville
Project no.: 17M-01494

11 Yorkville Development

Grey Rows are not downstream of the site and therefore the flow in these legs is unaffected by the proposed development

Residential S.F. Homes = 3.5 persons per unit
Residential Semi-Detached/Townhomes = 2.7 persons per unit
Apartment and condo = 400 persons per hectare
Retail = 1.1 persons per 100m²
Hospital = 1 person per 30m²
ICI (industrial, commercial, institutional) = 86 persons per ha
Medium Density = 270 persons per hectare

Sanitary Flows
Proposed Residential Avg. Daily Flow = 450 L/cap/day
Existing Residential Avg. Daily Flow = 240 L/cap/day
Existing Commercial Avg. Daily Flow = 250 L/cap/day
Existing Church Avg. Daily Flow = 250 L/cap/day
Extraneous Flows
Infiltration = 3.000 L/s/ha
n = 0.013

SANITARY FLOW CALCULATIONS																Extraneous Flows							BASED ON CITY OF TORONTO ARCHIVE								
Description / Location / Dissemination Blocks	FROM MH	TO MH	Segment			Cumulative			SANITARY FLOW							STORM TRIBUTARY AREA (ha)	RUNOFF COEF. C	A X C	ACCUM. A X C	Tc (min.)	INTENSITY (mm/hr)	Accm STM (L/s)	TOTAL COMBINED FLOW (L/s)	LENGTH (m)	ACTUAL PIPE SIZE (mm)	PIPE AREA (AF) (m2)	SLOPE (%)	CAPACITY (L/s)	VELOCITY (m/s)	TIME OF FLOW (min)	% Full
			Area A (ha)	Population		Area A (ha)	Population		PEAKING FACTOR M	Res (L/s)	Emp (L/s)	Infiltration Allowance (L/s)	Acc SAN Flow (L/s)																		
				Res	ICI		Total	Res						ICI	Total																
26-32 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.036	0	5	5	0.036	0	5	5	4.000	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.11	0.036	0.90	0.03	0.03	10.00	88.19	7.94	8.05								
EX CB on Cumberland St (south of 26-32 Cumberland St)	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.050	0	0	0	0.050	0	0	0	4.000	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.050	0.90	0.05	0.05	10.00	88.19	11.03	11.18								
22 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.029	0	4	4	0.029	0	4	4	4.000	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.09	0.029	0.90	0.03	0.03	10.00	88.19	6.40	6.49								
20 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.036	0	5	5	0.036	0	5	5	4.000	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.11	0.036	0.90	0.03	0.03	10.00	88.19	7.90	8.01								
Ex. 16-18 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.036	0	16	16	0.036	0	16	16	4.000	0.00	0.04	0.11	0.15	0.036	0.90	0.03	0.03	10.00	88.19	7.94	8.10								
12-14 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.040	0	5	5	0.040	0	5	5	4.000	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.12	0.040	0.90	0.04	0.04	10.00	88.19	8.83	8.95								
8, 6A, 6B, 6C Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.032	0	4	4	0.032	0	4	4	4.000	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.10	0.032	0.90	0.03	0.03	10.00	88.19	7.06	7.16								
Subtotal	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.259	--	--	--	0.259	0	39	39	4.000	0.00	0.04	0.78	0.82	0.259	0.90	0.23	0.23	10.00	88.19	57.10	57.92	91.3	450	0.159	0.50	201.60	1.27	1.20	28.7%
External Drainage on 4 Cumberland St, Yonge St and Asquith Ave	EXT.	EX.MH2	0.970	0	107	107	0.970	0	107	107	4.000	0.00	0.30	2.91	3.21	0.970	0.90	0.87	0.87	10.00	88.19	214.03	217.24								
Cumberland St	EX.MH2	EX. MH3 - 1200mm TRUCK SEWER	0.000	0	0	0	1.229	0	145	145	4.000	0.00	0.34	3.69	4.03	1.229	0.90	1.11	1.11	11.20	80.72	248.18	252.21	6.3	300	0.071	7.50	264.83	3.75	0.03	95.2%

- Notes:
- * Residential and employment populations derived from site areas and population densities as outlined in City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains
 - * Sewer information based on City of Toronto archive drawings
 - * See Figure 7B for combined sewer tributary areas
 - * Existing and Proposed storm flow for 16-18 Cumberland (Building B) are to Cumberland Ave combined sewer (no storm available)

**EXISTING COMBINED SEWER ANALYSIS
POST-DEVELOPMENT WET WEATHER
CITY OF TORONTO**

**TABLE D.2.2
POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS - WET WEATHER - 2 YEAR STORM EVENT**

Design Sheet No **4 of 4**
Project: **11 Yorkville**
Project no.: **17M-01494**

11 Yorkville Development

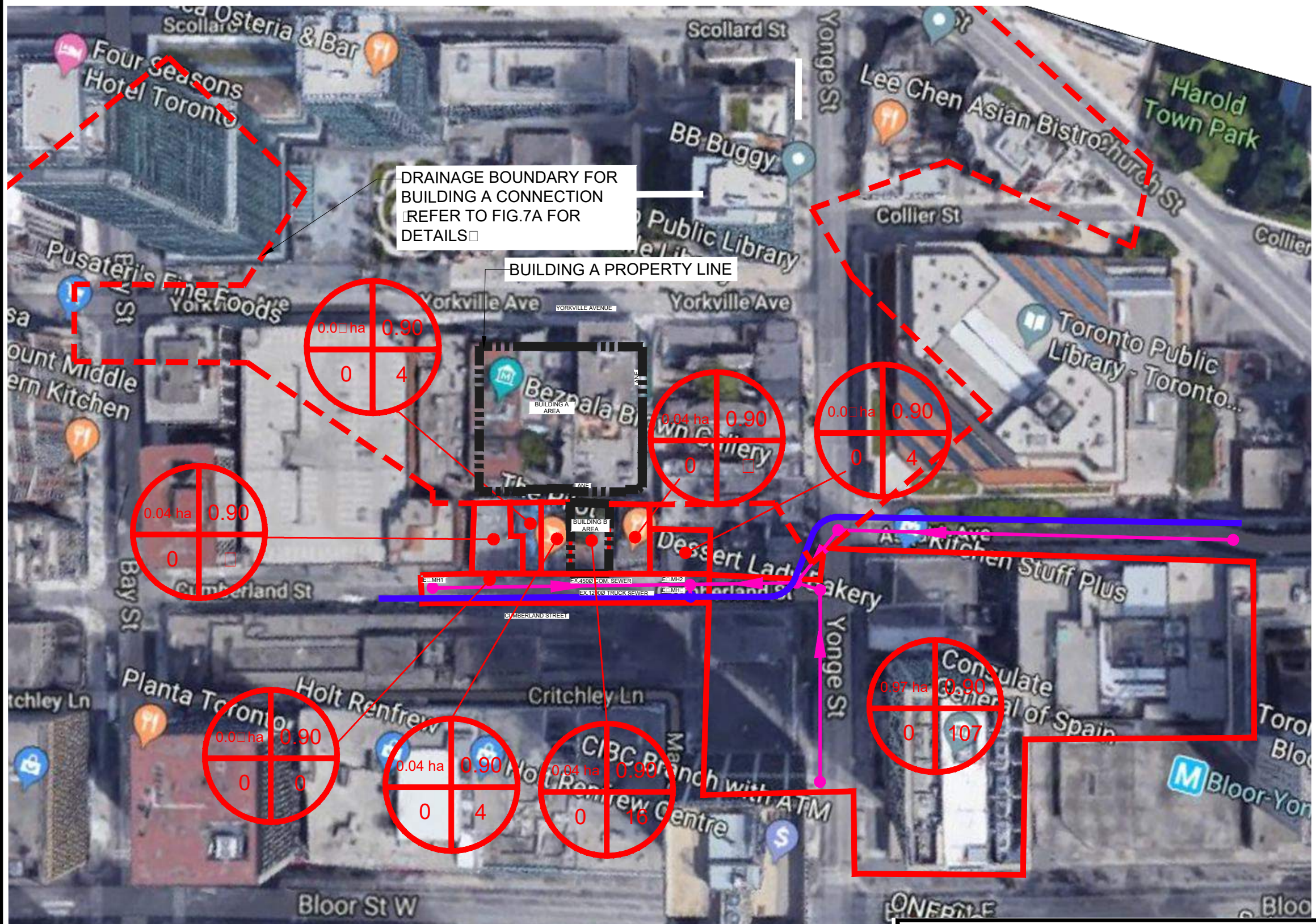
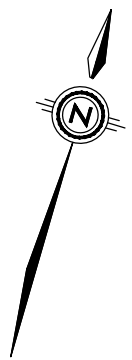
Grey Rows are not downstream of the site and therefore the flow in these legs is unaffected by the proposed development

Residential S.F. Homes = 3.5 persons per unit
Residential Semi-Detached/Townhomes = 2.7 persons per unit
Apartment and condo = 400 persons per hectare
Retail = 1.1 persons per 100m²
Hospital = 1 person per 30m²
ICI (industrial, commercial, institutional) = 86 persons per ha
Medium Density = 270 persons per hectare

Sanitary Flows
Proposed Residential Avg. Daily Flow = 450 L/cap/day
Existing Residential Avg. Daily Flow = 240 L/cap/day
Existing Commercial Avg. Daily Flow = 250 L/cap/day
Existing Church Avg. Daily Flow = 250 L/cap/day
Extraneous Flows
Infiltration = 3.000 L/s/ha
n = 0.013

Description / Location / Dissemination Blocks	FROM MH	TO MH	SANITARY FLOW CALCULATIONS										Extraneous Flows										BASED ON CITY OF TORONTO ARCHIVE												
			Segment				Cumulative				SANITARY FLOW		STORM TRIBUTARY AREA (ha)	RUNOFF COEF. C	A X C	ACCUM. A X C	Tc (min.)	INTENSITY (mm/hr)	Incremental Controlled Storm (L/s)	Accm Controlled Storm (L/s)	Accm STM (L/s)	TOTAL COMBINED FLOW (L/s)	LENGTH (m)	ACTUAL PIPE SIZE (mm)	PIPE AREA (AF) (m2)	SLOPE (%)	CAPACITY (L/s)	VELOCITY (m/s)	TIME OF FLOW (min)	% Full					
			Area A (ha)	Population			Pumped GW Discharge Rate	Area A (ha)	Population			Pumped GW Discharge Rate																			PEAKING FACTOR M	Res (L/s)	Emp (L/s)	Infiltration Allowance (L/s)	Acc SAN Flow (L/s)
				Res	ICI	Total			Res	ICI	Total																								
26-32 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.036	0	5	5		0.036	0	5	5		4.000	0.00	0.01	0.11	0.12	0.036	0.90	0.03	0.03	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	7.94	8.07								
EX CB on Cumberland St (south of 26-32 Cumberland St)	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.050	0	0	0		0.050	0	0	0		4.000	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.050	0.90	0.05	0.05	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	11.03	11.18								
22 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.029	0	4	4		0.029	0	4	4		4.000	0.00	0.01	0.09	0.10	0.029	0.90	0.03	0.03	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	6.40	6.50								
20 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.036	0	5	5		0.036	0	5	5		4.000	0.00	0.01	0.11	0.12	0.036	0.90	0.03	0.03	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	7.90	8.02								
Proposed Building B	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.036	0	10	10	0.63	0.036	0	10	10	0.63	4.000	0.000	0.05	0.11	0.79	0.036	0.90	0.03	0.03	10.00	88.19	2.40	2.40	2.40	3.19								
12-14 Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.040	0	5	5		0.040	0	5	5		4.000	0.00	0.01	0.12	0.13	0.040	0.90	0.04	0.04	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	8.83	8.96								
8, 6A, 6B, 6C Cumberland St	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.032	0	4	4		0.032	0	4	4		4.000	0.00	0.01	0.10	0.11	0.032	0.90	0.03	0.03	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	7.06	7.17								
Subtotal	EX.MH1	EX.MH2	0.259	--	--	--		0.259	--	33	33		--	0.00	0.11	0.78	1.52	0.259	0.90	0.23	0.23	10.00	88.19	0.00	2.40	51.56	53.08	91.3	450	0.159	0.50	201.60	1.27	1.20	26.3%
External Drainage on 4 Cumberland St, Yonge St and Asquith Ave	EXT.	EX.MH2	0.970	0	107	107		0.970	0	107	107		4.000	0.00	0.30	2.91	3.21	0.970	0.90	0.87	0.87	10.00	88.19	0.00	0.00	214.03	217.24								
Cumberland St	EX.MH2	EX.MH3 - 1200mm TRUCK SEWER	0.000	0	0	0		1.229	0	139	139	0.63	4.000	0.00	0.41	3.69	4.73	1.229	0.90	1.11	1.11	11.20	80.72	0.00	2.40	240.95	248.08	6.3	300	0.071	7.50	264.83	3.75	0.03	93.7%

Notes:
 * Residential and employment populations derived from site areas and population densities as outlined in City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains
 * 2 year controlled storm from proposed building B is 2.40 L/s based on Stormwater Management Report by WSP
 * Sewer information based on City of Toronto archive drawings
 * See Figure 7B for combined sewer tributary areas
 * Existing and Proposed storm flow for 16-18 Cumberland (Building B) are to Cumberland Ave combined sewer (no storm available)



DRAINAGE BOUNDARY FOR BUILDING A CONNECTION (REFER TO FIG.7A FOR DETAILS)

BUILDING A PROPERTY LINE

LEGEND

- AREA
- DRAINAGE COEFFICIENT
- ICI POPULATION
- RESIDENTIAL POPULATION
- LIMIT OF PROP. WORKS
- DRAINAGE BOUNDARY FOR BUILDING A (REFER TO FIG.7A FOR DETAILS)

PLOT DATE: Mar 06 2019 - 10:10a

CLIENT	11 YORKVILLE PARTNERSHIP INC.	
TITLE	11-21 YORKVILLE AVENUE COM. SEWER DRAINAGE PLAN BUILDING B	
Checked	B.S.T.	Drawn 10/12 Cad
Date	MAR. 2019	Proj. No. 17M-01494
Scale	NTS	Figure No. 7B

APPENDIX

B

DOMESTIC WATER DEMAND, AND FUS FIRE FLOW CALCULATIONS

THEORETICAL DOMESTIC WATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS APPENDIX B

Project: 11 Yorkville Avenue
 Job No.: 17M-01494
 Date: August 21, 2019

Proposed Development

Unit Type	Gross Floor Area (m ²)	Bedrooms # units	Population ^{1,2}	Average Water Demand ³ (191 L/cap/d)		Peaking Factor ⁴		Peak Water Demand	
				(L/s)	(m ³ /day)	Peak Hour	Max. Day	Peak Hour (L/s)	Max. Day (L/s)
1 Bedroom Unit	-	424	594	1.31	113.45	2.50	1.30	3.28	1.71
2 Bedroom Unit	-	180	378	0.84	72.20	2.50	1.30	2.09	1.09
3 Bedroom Unit	-	70	217	0.48	41.45	2.50	1.30	1.20	0.62
Retail - Building A	2,486	-	28	0.06	5.35	1.20	1.10	0.07	0.07
Total - Building A	2,486	674	1217	2.69	232.45	-	-	6.65	3.49
Retail - Building B	839	-	10	0.02	1.91	1.20	1.10	0.03	0.02
Total - Building B	839	-	10	0.02	1.91	-	-	0.03	0.02
Total - Site	3,326	674	1227	2.71	234.36	-	-	6.67	3.51

Note 1: Population equivalent for apartments or condominiums per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermain:

1 bedroom	1.4 person / unit
2 bedroom	2.1 person / unit
3 bedroom	3.1 person / unit
Townhouse	2.7 person / unit

For 1 bedroom + Den and 2 bedroom + Den, we interpolated.

Note 2: 1.1 people per 100 m² of commercial retail space, per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermain

3.3 people per 100 m² of office space, per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermain

Note 3: Water Demand for Multi-Unit Buildings, per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermain

Note 4: Peaking Factor for apartments and commercial uses are per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermain

APPENDIX B
FIRE FLOW CALCULATIONS
Building A

Project: 11 Yorkville Avenue
Job No.: 17M-01494
Date: #####

Fire flow required for a given area based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (1999)

$$F = 220 C \sqrt{A}$$

where

F = Fire flow in Litres per minute (Lpm)
 C = coefficient related to the type of construction
 A = total floor area in square metres

Calculations per FUS

1. *Estimate of Fire Flow*
 C = 0.6 for fire resistive construction
 A = 2489 m²

F = 7,000 Lpm (ROUNDED TO NEAREST 1000L/min)

2. *Occupancy Reduction*
 25% reduction based on low hazard occupancy

25% reduction of 7000 Lpm = 1,750 Lpm
 F = 7000 - 1750 = 5,250 Lpm

3. *Sprinkler Reduction*
 30% reduction for NFPA Sprinkler System²

30% reduction of 5250 Lpm = 1,575 Lpm
 F = 5250 - 1575 = 3,675 Lpm

4. *Separation Charge*

Face	Distance (m)	Charge
West Side	20.20	10%
East Side	18.00	15%
North Side	20.50	10%
South Side	6.20	20%
Total		55%

of 5,250 = 2,888 Lpm

F = 3675 + 2888
 F = 6,563 Lpm (2,000 Lpm < F < 45,000 Lpm; OK)
 F = 1,732 US GPM

Notes

1. If vertical openings and exterior vertical communications are properly protected, (one hour rating) consider only the area of the largest floor plus 25 % of each of the two immediately adjoining floors.
2. Sprinkler protection.

APPENDIX B
FIRE FLOW CALCULATIONS
Building B

Project: 11 Yorkville Avenue
Job No.: 17M-01494
Date: #####

Fire flow required for a given area based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (1999)

$$F = 220 C \sqrt{A}$$

where

F = Fire flow in Litres per minute (Lpm)
 C = coefficient related to the type of construction
 A = total floor area in square metres

Calculations per FUS

1. *Estimate of Fire Flow*
 C = 0.6 for fire resistive construction
 A = 455.3 m²

F = 3,000 Lpm (ROUNDED TO NEAREST 1000L/min)

2. *Occupancy Reduction*
 25% reduction based on low hazard occupancy

25% reduction of 3000 Lpm = 750 Lpm
 F = 3000 - 750 = 2,250 Lpm

3. *Sprinkler Reduction*
 30% reduction for NFPA Sprinkler System²

30% reduction of 2250 Lpm = 675 Lpm
 F = 2250 - 675 = 1,575 Lpm

4. *Separation Charge*

Face	Distance (m)	Charge
West Side	0.00	25%
East Side	0.00	25%
North Side	6.20	20%
South Side	12.50	15%
Total		85%

of 2,250 = 1,913 Lpm

F = 1575 + 1913
 F = 3,488 Lpm (2,000 Lpm < F < 45,000 Lpm; OK)
 F = 920 US GPM

Notes

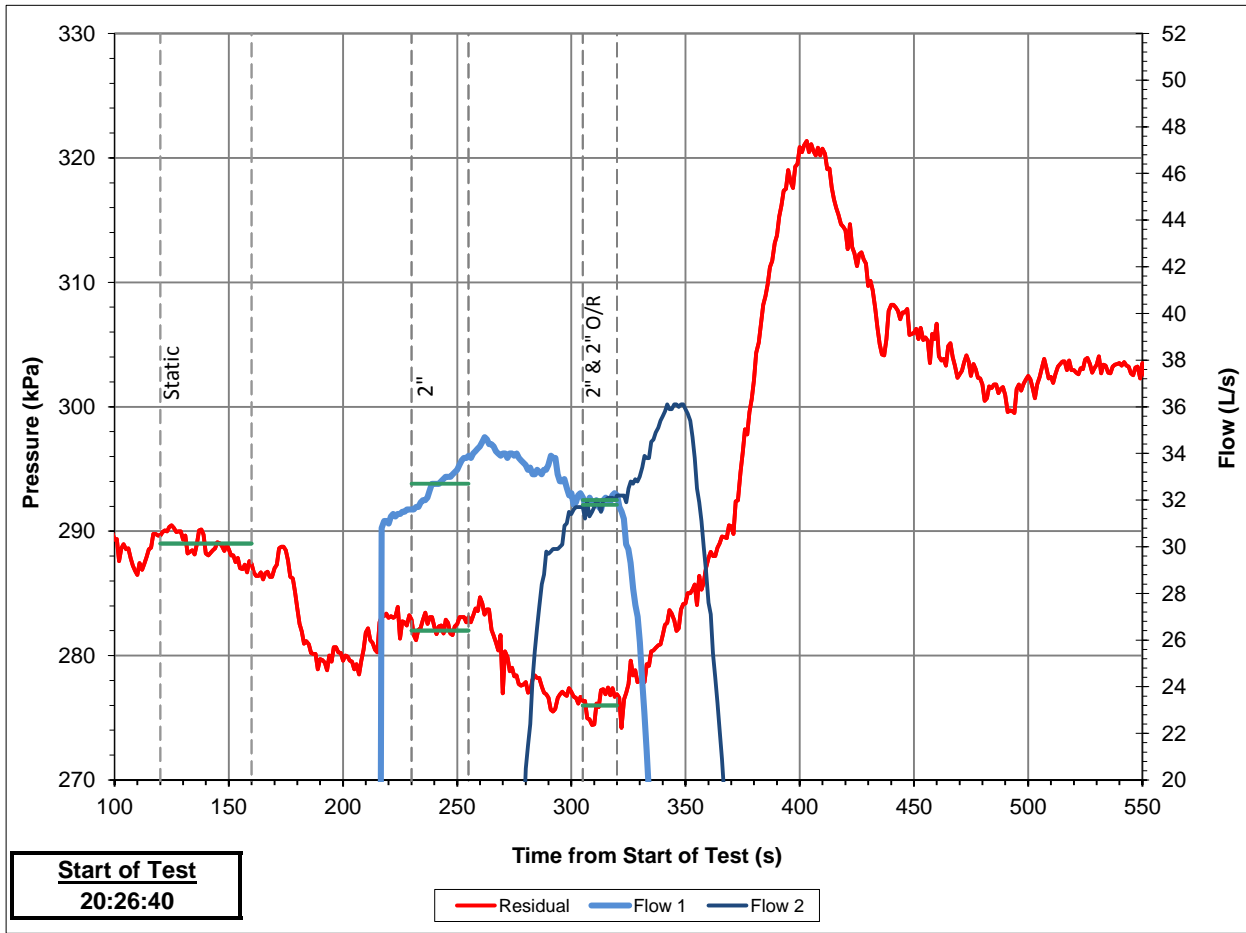
1. If vertical openings and exterior vertical communications are properly protected, (one hour rating) consider only the area of the largest floor plus 25 % of each of the two immediately adjoining floors.
2. Sprinkler protection.

APPENDIX

C

HYDRANT FLOW TEST RESULTS

Test 01 - 60 Yorkville Ave.



Subject Watermain Details

Diameter: 300 mm Material: PVC
 Area: 0.071 m²

Subject Hydrant Details

Residual: HY1363290
 Flow Hydrant 1: HY1363325
 Flow Hydrant 2:

TABLE A: TESTED PRESSURES AND FLOWS

Point	Time		Residual 1		Flow Hydrant (HY1363325)				Total Flow		Velocity (m/s)
			S3 on Residual:		Port 1 (S1)		Port 2 (S2)				
	Start	Finish	(kPa)	(psi)	(L/s)	(GPM)	(L/s)	(GPM)	(L/s)	(GPM)	
Static	120	160	289	41.9	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
2"	230	255	282	40.9	32.7	518	0.0	0	32.7	518	0.5
2"			0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
1" + 2"			0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
2" + 2"	305	320	276	40.0	32.0	507	31.8	504	63.6	1008	0.9

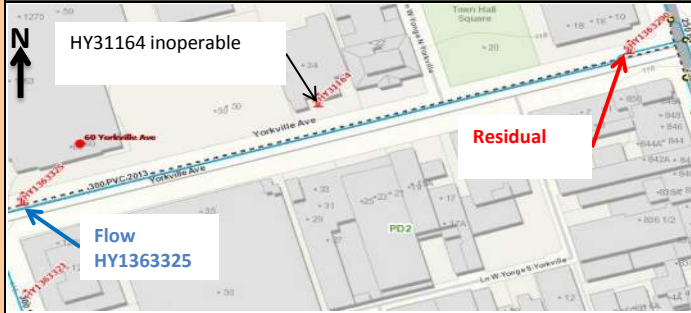


60 Yorkville Ave. HYDRANT FLOW TEST RESULTS

Date: **04/May/18**
 Tested By: **Jovan**

Time: **20:26**
 (hh/mm)

Municipality: **City of Toronto**
 Operator: **Joe, Sasha**
 Test No: **01**



Conditions before Test (STATIC)

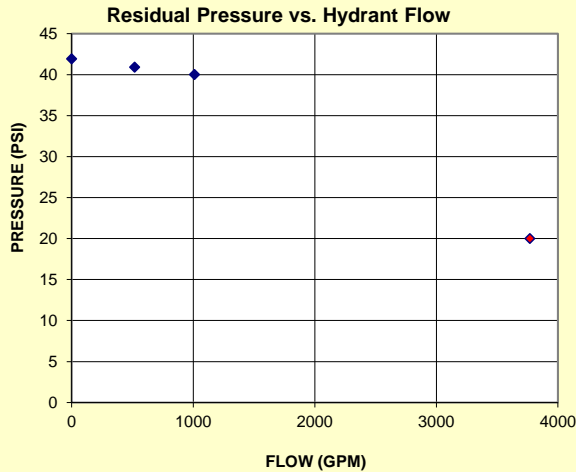
Residual Hydrant:	41.9 psi	289 kPa
Hydrant that will Flow:	41.9 psi	289 kPa
Δ pressure:	0.0 psi	0 kPa
Elevation Difference:	0.0 ft	0.0 m

(Flow El. - Residual El.)

Test Notes:

TEST		TEST FLOW		RESIDUAL PRESSURE (psi)		Minimum Residual P _r (psi)	Fire Flow at Minimum Residual, Q _r (USGPM)	Fire Flow at Minimum Residual, Q _r (L/s)	3% Pressure Drop Achieved?
Port Size (in)	Nozzle Pressure (psi)	(USGPM)	(L/s)	Monitoring Hydrant	Flow Hydrant (Corrected) *				
STATIC	n/a	0	0	41.9	41.9				
Single Port Tests									
2	11.0	518.0	32.7	40.9	40.9	20	2720	172	NO
2						20			
Two Port Test									
1						20			
2									
Two Port Test									
2	10.4	504.0	31.8	40	40.0	20	3769	238	YES
2	10.6	507.0	32.0						

* Pressure correction is equal to the elevation difference. Column 2 (and Table A) show the nozzle pressure while flowing.



Results			
Static Pressure		Flow at 20 psi (140kPa)*	
(psi)	(kPa)	(gpm)	(L/s)
41.9	289	3800	240

* Results carried to nearest 50 gpm or 100 gpm if over 1000 gpm

Hydrant Classification as per NFPA 291		
Class	AA	Color
		BLUE

Water Discharged During Test:	6800 L
-------------------------------	--------

Rounded up to closest 100L

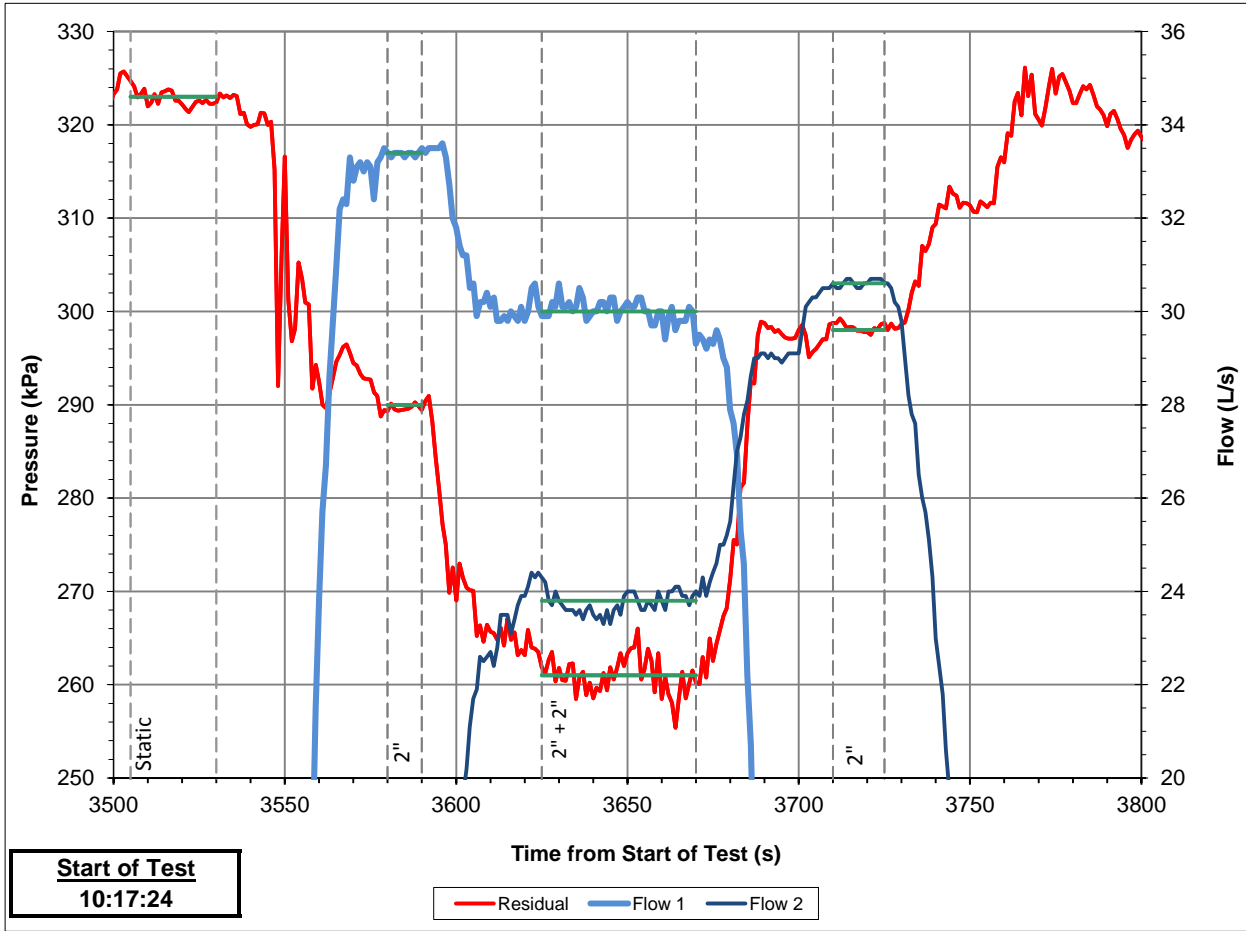
DISCLAIMER FOR FIRE FLOW TESTS

While WSP makes every effort to ensure that the information contained herein is accurate and up to date, WSP is not responsible for unintended or incorrect use of the data and information described and/or contained herein. The user must make his/her own determination as to its accuracy and suitability. The information is representative for a dynamic water system that may change over time.

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Test 2 - 70 Cumberland St. (HY1363276)



Subject Watermain Details

Diameter: Material: N/A
 Area: N/A

Subject Hydrant & Valve Details

Residual: HY1363276
 Flow Hydrant: HY1363287

TABLE A: TESTED PRESSURES AND FLOWS

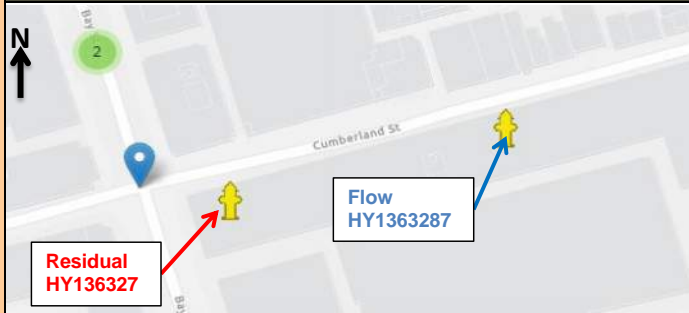
Point	Time		Residual		Flow Hydrant (HY1363287)				Total Flow		Velocity
			S3 on Residual:		Port 1 (S1)		Port 2 (S2)				
	Start	Finish	(kPa)	(psi)	(L/s)	(GPM)	(L/s)	(GPM)	(L/s)	(GPM)	
Static	3505	3530	323	46.8	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	N/A
2"	3580	3590	290	42.1	33.4	529	0.0	0	33.4	529	N/A
2"	3710	3725	298	43.2	0.0	0	30.6	485	30.6	485	N/A
1" + 2"			0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	N/A
2" + 2"	3625	3670	261	37.9	30.0	476	23.8	377	53.8	853	N/A



70 Cumberland St. (HY1363276)

HYDRANT FLOW TEST RESULTS

Date: **27/May/19** Time: **10:17** Municipality: **City of Toronto**
 (hh/mm)
 Operator: **Bill**
 Tested By: **Jovan** Test No: **2**

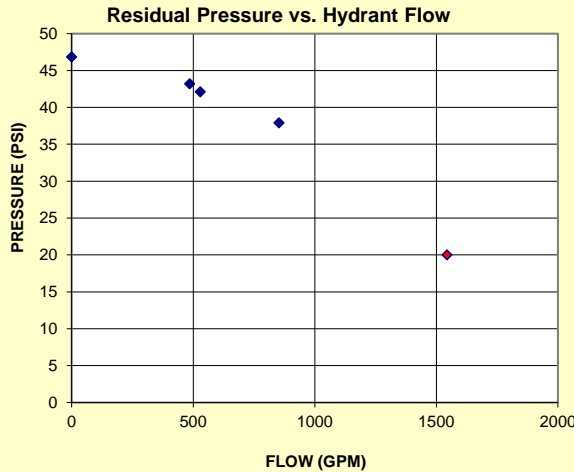


Conditions before Test (STATIC)
 Residual Hydrant: **46.8 psi** 323 kPa
 Hydrant that will Flow: **46.8 psi** 323 kPa
 Δ pressure: **0.0 psi** 0 kPa
 Elevation Difference: **0.0 ft** 0.0 m
 (Flow El. - Residual El.)

Test Notes:

TEST		TEST FLOW		RESIDUAL PRESSURE (psi)		Minimum Residual P _r (psi)	Fire Flow at Minimum Residual, Q _r (USGPM)	Fire Flow at Minimum Residual, Q _r (L/s)	19% Pressure Drop Achieved?
Port Size (in)	Nozzle Pressure (psi)	(USGPM)	(L/s)	Monitoring Hydrant	Flow Hydrant (Corrected) *				
STATIC	n/a	0	0	46.8	46.8				
Single Port Tests									
2	11.5	529.0	33.4	42.1	42.1	20	1348	85	NO
2	9.7	485.0	30.6	43.2	43.2	20	1425	90	NO
Two Port Test									
1						20			
2									
Two Port Test									
2	5.8	377.0	23.8	37.9	37.9	20	1544	97	YES
2	9.3	476.0	30.0						

* Pressure correction is equal to the elevation difference. Column 2 (and Table A) show the nozzle pressure while flowing.



Results			
Static Pressure		Flow at 20 psi (140kPa)*	
(psi)	(kPa)	(gpm)	(L/s)
46.8	323	1500	95

* Results carried to nearest 50 gpm or 100 gpm if over 1000 gpm

Hydrant Classification as per NFPA 291			
Class	A	Color	GREEN

Water Discharged During Test:	7900 L
-------------------------------	--------

Rounded up to closest 100L

DISCLAIMER FOR FIRE FLOW TESTS

While WSP makes every effort to ensure that the information contained herein is accurate and up to date, WSP is not responsible for unintended or incorrect use of the data and information described and/or contained herein. The user must make his/her own determination as to its accuracy and suitability. The information is representative for a dynamic water system that may change over time.

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converted into nozzle flows shown in dark blue and light blue. Information that can be taken from Figure 2 includes:

- A. **Static Pressure:** A stable static pressure reading is taken at the beginning of every test.
- B. **Initial Hydrant Flushing:** Every energised hydrant is flushed to remove stagnant water from the hydrant lateral and keep it from entering the system. For the instance shown on the graph, the initial flushing of the flow hydrant appears as a small transient pressure at nearby residual hydrants.
- C. **Transient Event – 1 X 2” Nozzle Flow:** The first gate valve is opened to allow 2” nozzle flow.
- D. **Data Point – 2” Nozzle:** Pressures and flow are allowed to stabilise to ensure an accurate reading. The readings are taken as the averages across the reading window, shown on the graph as horizontal green lines.
- E. **Transient Event – 2 X 2” Nozzle Flows:** The second gate valve is opened to allow 2” nozzle flow. Opening the valve slowly minimises the magnitude of pressure drops and fluctuations.
- F. **Data Point – 2” & 2” Nozzle Flows:** Following a stabilisation period, the averages for the flows and pressures are again taken across the reading window. Note that variations between the two ports are typically caused by the discharge hose arrangement.
- G. **Transient Event – one 2” Nozzle Closed:** The first gate valve is closed to allow a second 2” port test to take place.
- H. **Data Point – Second 2” Nozzle Flow:** Following a stabilisation period, readings are averaged for flow and residual pressures, shown again by the horizontal green line.
- I. **Transient Event – Closing of 2” Nozzles:** Second gate valves is gradually closed to avoid large upsurges throughout the system. Despite efforts to avoid upsurges, small pressure spikes are registered at residual hydrants, which highlight the importance of slow valve operation.
- J. **Test Data Transferred to Worksheet:** The data points are summarized and prior to transferring to the Hydrant Test Worksheet.
- K. **Test Details:** The heading of the backside of the results sheet provides general details of the test such as Date, Time, Municipality, Municipal Operator, WSP Staff and Test Number.
- L. **Test Map:** Operations map snapshots provides location of flowing and residual pressure hydrants.
- M. **Extrapolated Flow:** Flow is extrapolated to 20 psi according to NFPA 291 by the following equation:

$$Q_R = Q_F \times \frac{h_r^{0.54}}{h_f^{0.54}}$$

Where: Q_R =flow predicted at desired residual pressure
 Q_F =total flow measured during test
 h_r =pressure drop to desired residual pressure
 h_f =pressure drop measured during test

- N. **Pressure Drop:** The percent pressure drop is determined and only either the point with the greatest percentage drop or the average of all drops greater than 25% are used extrapolate to 20 psi (140kPa) for hydrant grading purposes.
- O. **Hydrant Curve:** The tested points are plotted on a pressure vs Flow graph. The rating point is also shown on the curve.

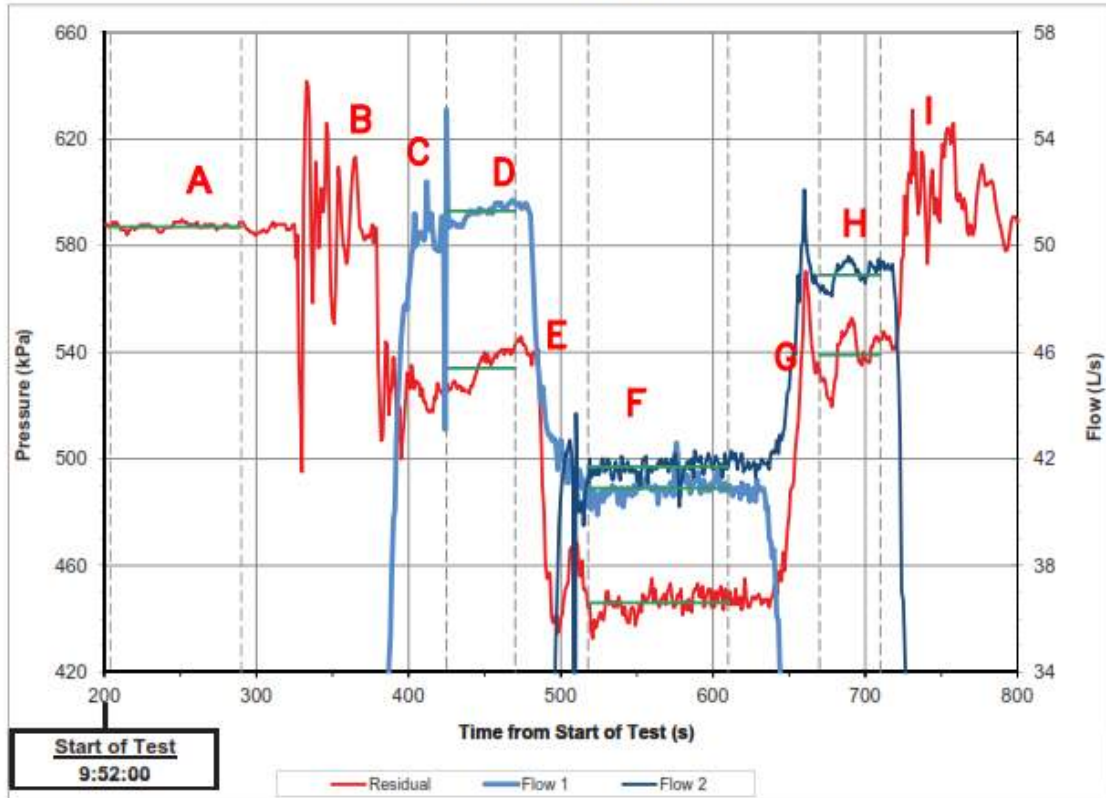
- P. **NFPA classification:** The final test results show both the static pressure and the rated flow with the associated NFPA 291 classification and colour coding according to the following table.

Hydrant Marking		Range (gpm)		Range (L/s)	
class	Color	min	max	min	max
Class AA	Blue	1500	1000000	94.6	63090.2
Class A	Green	1000	1499	63.1	94.5
Class B	Orange	500	999	31.5	63.0
Class C	Red	0	500	0	31.5

- Q. **Water Discharged During Test:** This number is approximate and calculated using the data acquired from the flow data logger. It is possible that more or less water was flowed; however this provides a good approximation.

FIGURE 2: Example Test Sheet

TEST 04 - Byron St H4100



Subject Watermain Details		Subject Hydrant Details	
Diameter:	150 mm	Material:	N/A
Area:	0.018 m ²	Flow Residual:	
		Flow Hydrant 1:	H4100
		Flow Hydrant 2:	

J

Point	Time		Residual 1		Flow Hydrant (H4100)				Total Flow		Velocity
			PL-1 on		Port 1 (<S1>)		Port 2 (<S2>)				
	Start	Finish	(kPa)	(psi)	(L/s)	(GPM)	(L/s)	(GPM)	(L/s)	(GPM)	(m/s)
Static	204	290	587	85.1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
2"	425	470	534	77.5	51.3	813	0.0	0	51.3	813	2.9
2"	670	710	539	78.2	0.0	0	48.9	775	48.9	775	2.8
1" + 2"			0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
2" + 2"	518	610	446	64.7	40.9	648	41.7	661	83.4	1322	4.7

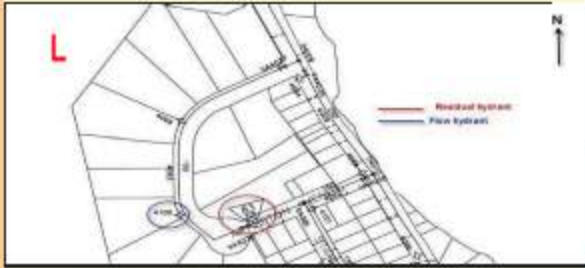


FIGURE 2: Example Test Sheet (Con't)

Byron St H4100

HYDRANT FLOW TEST RESULTS

K Date: 10/Jun/11 Time: 9:52 Municipality: Ballantrae - Stouffville
 Tested By: A. Sinclair Operator: J. Redshaw
 Test No.: 04



M

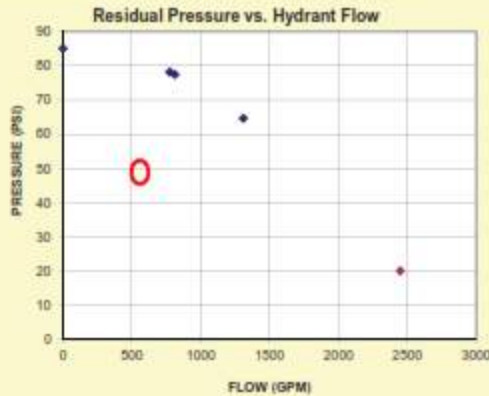
Initial Conditions

Pressure @ Residual:	85.1 psi	587 kPa
Pressure @ Flow:	85.1 psi	587 kPa
Δ pressure:	0.0 psi	0 kPa
Elevation Difference:	0.0 ft	0.0 m
(Flow El. - Residual El.)		

Test Notes:

Nozzle Size (In)	Pressure Flow Gauge (psi)	FLOW		RESIDUAL PRESSURE (psi)		Minimum Residual P. (psi)	Fire Flow at Minimum Residual Q. (USGPM)	Fire Flow at Minimum Residual Q. (L/s)	24% Pressure Drop Achieved?
		(USGPM)	(L/s)	Monitoring Hydrant	Flowing Hydrant*				
STATIC		0	0	85.1	85.1				
Single Port Tests									
2	27.2	813.0	51.3	77.5	77.5	20	2587	163	NO
2	24.7	775.0	48.9	76.2	76.2	20	2597	164	NO
Two Port Test									
1						20			
2									
Two Port Test									
2	17.3	648.0	40.9	64.7	64.7	20	2445	154	YES
2	18	661.0	41.7						

*Adjust for pressure due to elevation difference between flow & monitoring hydrants



Results

Static Pressure (psi)	Static Pressure (kPa)	Flow at 20 psi (140kPa)* (gpm)	Flow at 20 psi (140kPa)* (L/s)
85.1	587	2400	151

*Results capped to nearest 50 gpm or 100 gpm if over 1000 gpm

Hydrant Classification as per NFPA 291

Class	Color
AA	BLUE

Water Discharged During Test: 21700 L

Rounded up to closest 100.

DISCLAIMER FOR FIRE FLOW TESTS

While WSP makes every effort to ensure that the information contained herein is accurate and up to date, WSP is not responsible for unintended or incorrect use of the data and information described and/or contained herein. The user must make his/her own determination as to its accuracy and suitability. The information is representative for a dynamic water system that may change over time.

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HYDRANT TEST SHEET CALCULATIONS

Methodology for Determining Discharge

NFPA 291 (2016) section 4.7.1 and 2 outlines the procedure for determining discharge. It states:

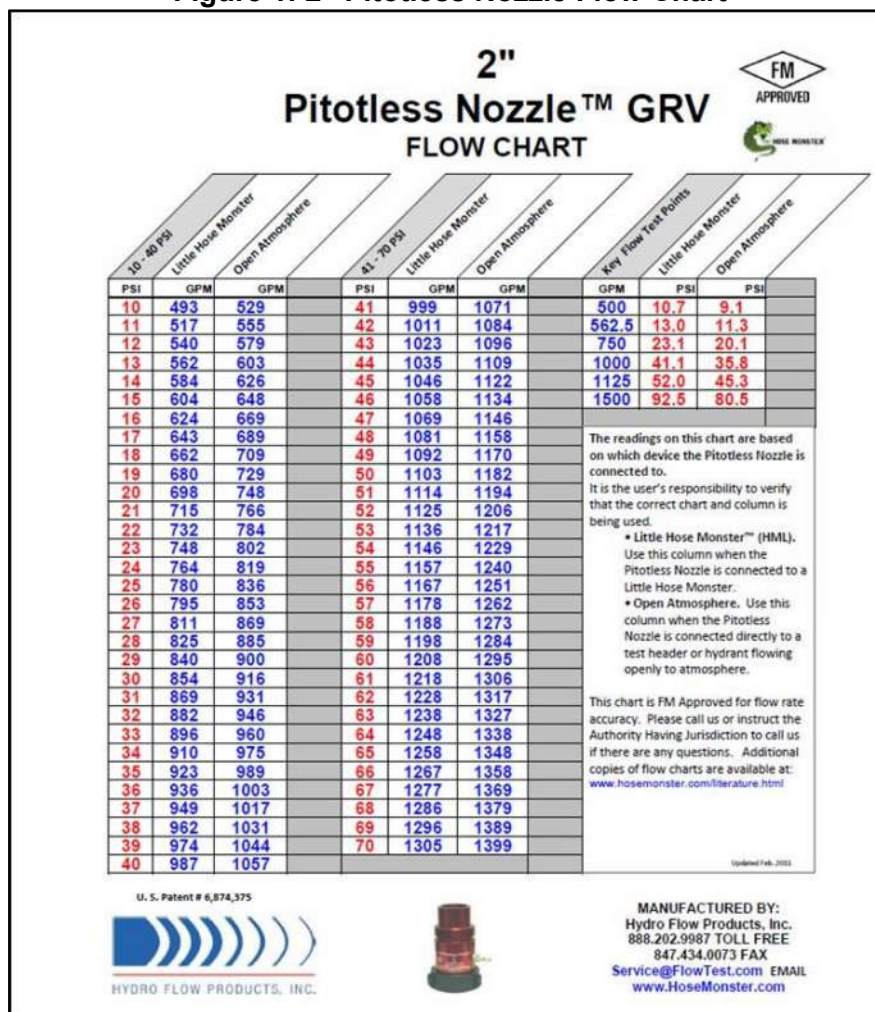
4.7.1 “At the hydrants used for flow during the test, the discharge from the open butts are determined from measurements of the diameter of the outlets flowed, the pitot pressure (velocity head) of the streams as indicated by the pitot gauge readings, and the coefficient of the outlet being flowed..”

4.7.2 “If flow tubes (stream straighteners) are being utilized, a coefficient of 0.95 is suggested unless the coefficient of the tube is known.”

In our case, instead of a coefficient, our equipment supplier Hose Monster provides a chart that lists the flow rates at different pressures for their engineered 2” nozzle discharging through the Little Hose Monster diffuser, which is the set-up WSP uses. The chart is approved by FM Global (certified as FM approved) so the data can be relied upon.

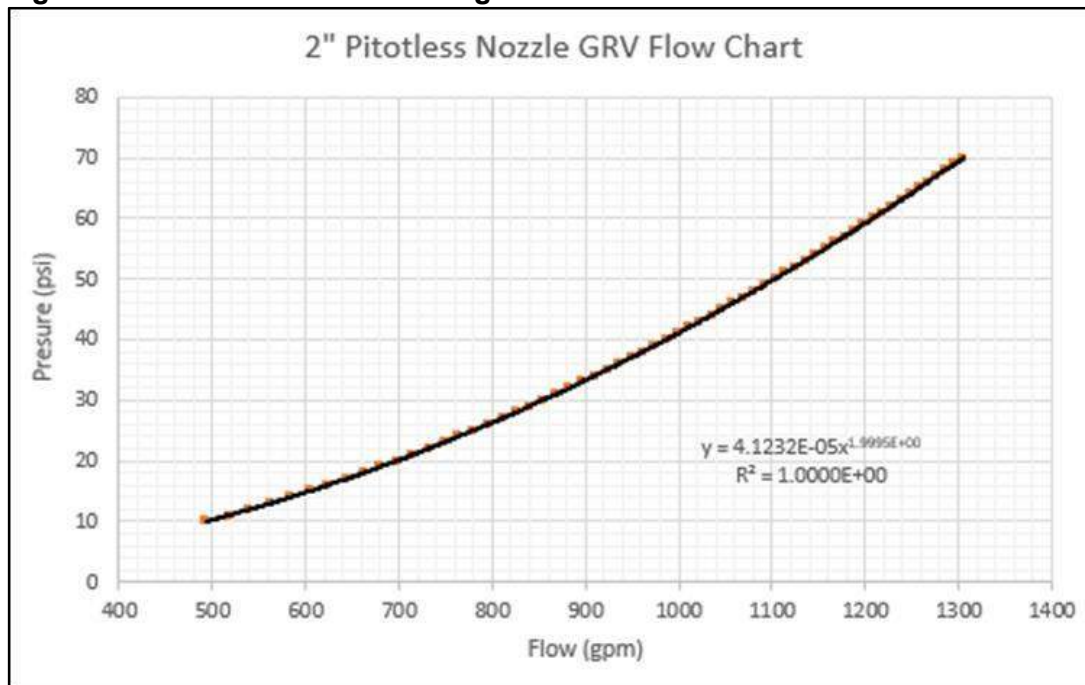
The advantage of using this method to capture flow data is that it eliminates uncertainties associated with estimating hydrant discharge coefficients, especially since the internals of the hydrants are largely unknown. The chart is shown below:

Figure 1: 2” Pitotless Nozzle Flow Chart



When plotted in a graph, the chart yields the figure below:

Figure 2: Pressure Vs. Flow through a 2" Pitotless nozzle.



The resulting best fit trend line yields the following equation:

Eq. 1: $y = 4.1232 \times 10^{-5} x^{1.9995}$

Where: y = pressure in psi
 x = flow in gpm

This equation can be used to calculate the flows through the nozzle based on the discharge pressure.

Calculation for Flow at 20 psi

According to the 2016 edition of the NFPA 291, section 4.10.1.2, the formula below can be used to compute the discharge at the specified residual pressure; typically 20psi (140kPa):

Eq. 2: $Q_R = Q_F \times \frac{h_r^{0.54}}{h_f^{0.54}}$

Where: Q_R = flow predicted at desired residual pressure, i.e. flow at 20psi.
 Q_F = total flow measured during the test.
 h_r = pressure drop to desired residual pressure.
 h_f = pressure drop measured during the test.

With the above information we can verify the results from the hydrant test sheets.

TEST 1 – Hydrant Test on Rymal Road.

This section outlines the procedure for calculating the values shown in the data sheet below. Note that you may observe slight variances in the calculated values; while the sheet displays

suppressed decimal places, the most precise values, which are often up to several decimal places are used in the calculations.

The single port test is repeated. These are two (2) separate tests (flows should not be added), whereas the two-port test has two ports flowing simultaneously so the two flows should be added.

Figure 3: Rymal Road Calculation Sheet Data table

Nozzle		FLOW		RESIDUAL PRESSURE (psi)		Minimum Residual P. (psi)	Fire Flow at Minimum Residual, Q _f (USGPM)	Fire Flow at Minimum Residual, Q _f (L/s)	3% Pressure Drop Achieved?
Size (in)	Pressure Flow Gauge (psi)	(USGPM)	(L/s)	Monitoring Hydrant	Flowing Hydrant*				
STATIC		0	0	64.1	64.1				
Single Port Tests									
2	19.1	682.0	43.0	63.8	63.8	20	9977	629	NO
2	19.1	682.0	43.0	63.8	63.8	20	9977	629	NO
Two Port Test									
1						20			
2									
Two Port Test									
2	16.9	642.0	40.5	61.8	61.8	20	6318	399	YES
2	16.9	642.0	40.5						

Calculations for Discharge

Equation 1 can be used to calculate the discharge flow rates through the nozzle. Using the values from b) below as an example, we get the following:

$$y = 4.123 \times 10^{-5} x^{1.9995}$$

$$19.1 = 4.123 \times 10^{-5} x^{1.9995}$$

$$\therefore x = 682 \text{ gpm}$$

- a) Static pressure (flow = 0 gpm) = 64.1 psi
- b) Single port test 1; pressure at nozzle = 19.1 psi
Flow (Q_F) = 682 gpm
- c) Single port test 2; pressure at nozzle = 19.1 psi
Flow (Q_F) = 682 gpm
- d) Two port test; pressure at nozzle 1 = 16.9 psi
Flow = 641 gpm
Two port test; pressure at nozzle 2 = 16.9 psi
Flow = 641 gpm
Total flow measured during two port test (Q_F) = 641 + 641 = 1282 gpm

Theoretical flows at 20 psi

We can use Equation 2 to calculate the theoretical flows at 20psi. Using values from a) and b) above, we have:

$$Q_F = 682 \text{ gpm}$$

$$h_r = 44.1 \text{ psi (static pressure at 64.1 psi – 20 psi)}$$

$$h_f = 0.3 \text{ psi (static pressure at 64.1 psi – 63.8 psi residual pressure)}$$

$$Q_R = Q_F \times \frac{h_r^{0.54}}{h_f^{0.54}}$$

$$= 682 \times \left(\frac{44.1}{0.3}\right)^{0.54}$$

$$= 10,096 \text{ gpm} \approx 636 \text{ L/s}$$

Following this procedure, the calculated theoretical flows at 20 psi for each test is as follows:

- b) Single port test 1 = 10,096 gpm (636 L/s)
- c) Single port test 2 = 10,096 gpm (636 L/s)
- d) **Two port test = 6,317gpm (399 L/s)**

TEST 2 – Hydrant Test on Dakota Boulevard.

Figure 3: Dakota Boulevard Calculation Sheet Data table

Nozzle		FLOW		RESIDUAL PRESSURE (psi)		Minimum Residual P _r (psi)	Fire Flow at Minimum Residual, Q _r (USGPM)	Fire Flow at Minimum Residual, Q _r (L/s)	3% Pressure Drop Achieved?
Size (in)	Pressure Flow Gauge (psi)	(USGPM)	(L/s)	Monitoring Hydrant	Flowing Hydrant*				
STATIC		0	0	63.7	63.7				
Single Port Tests									
2	20.4	705.0	44.5	62.2	62.2	20	4398	277	NO
2	18.2	666.0	42.0	63.4	63.4	20	10349	653	NO
Two Port Test									
1						20			
2									
Two Port Test									
2	15.2	609.0	38.4	61.5	61.5	20	6219	392	YES
2	15.8	621.0	39.2						

Using the aforementioned procedure for calculating the theoretical flows at 20psi, for the two port test we get:

Total flow measured during two port test (Q_F) = 608 + 620 = 1228 gpm

Theoretical flow at 20psi = 6168gpm (389 L/s)

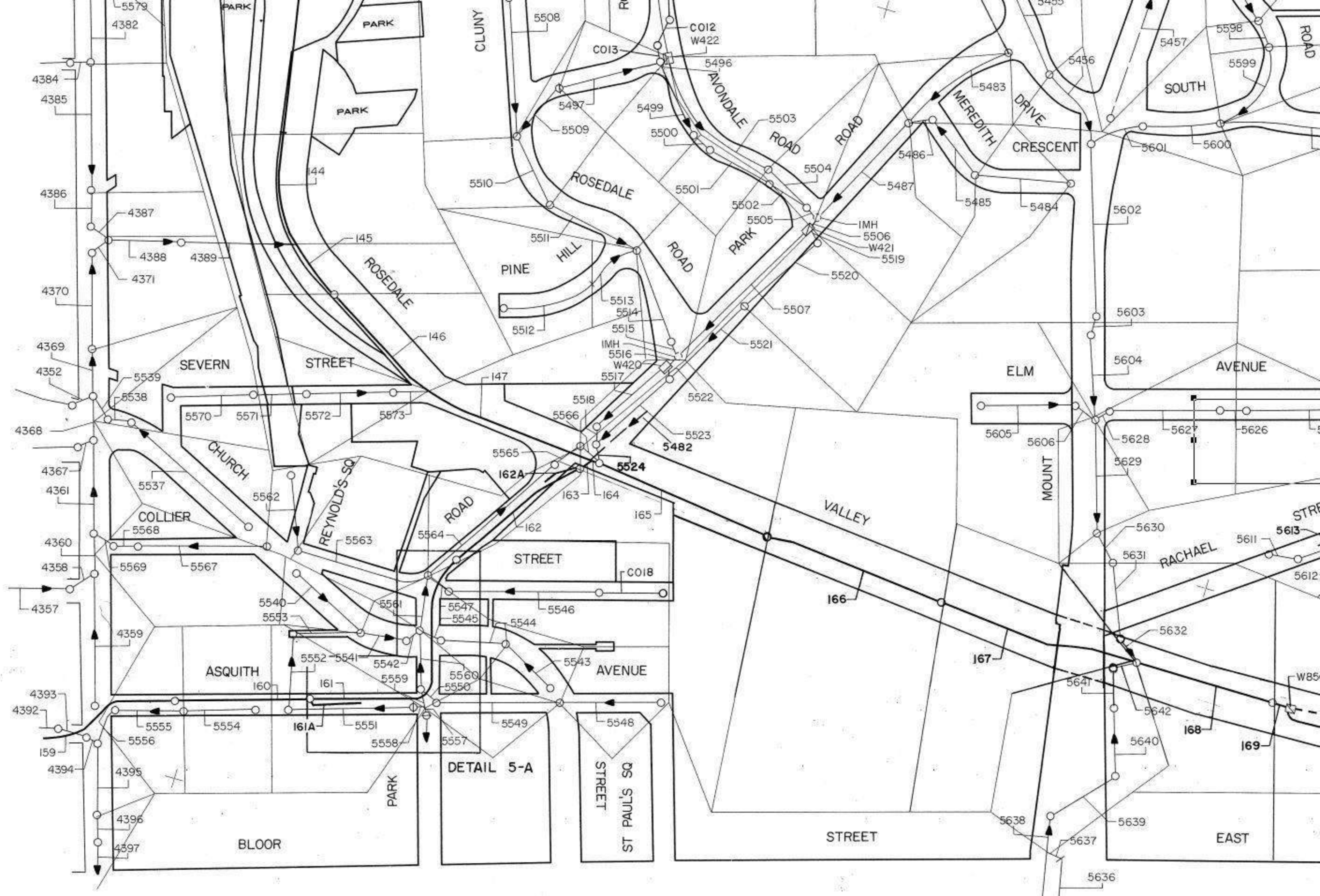
These results serve to verify the correctness of WSP’s calculation sheets.

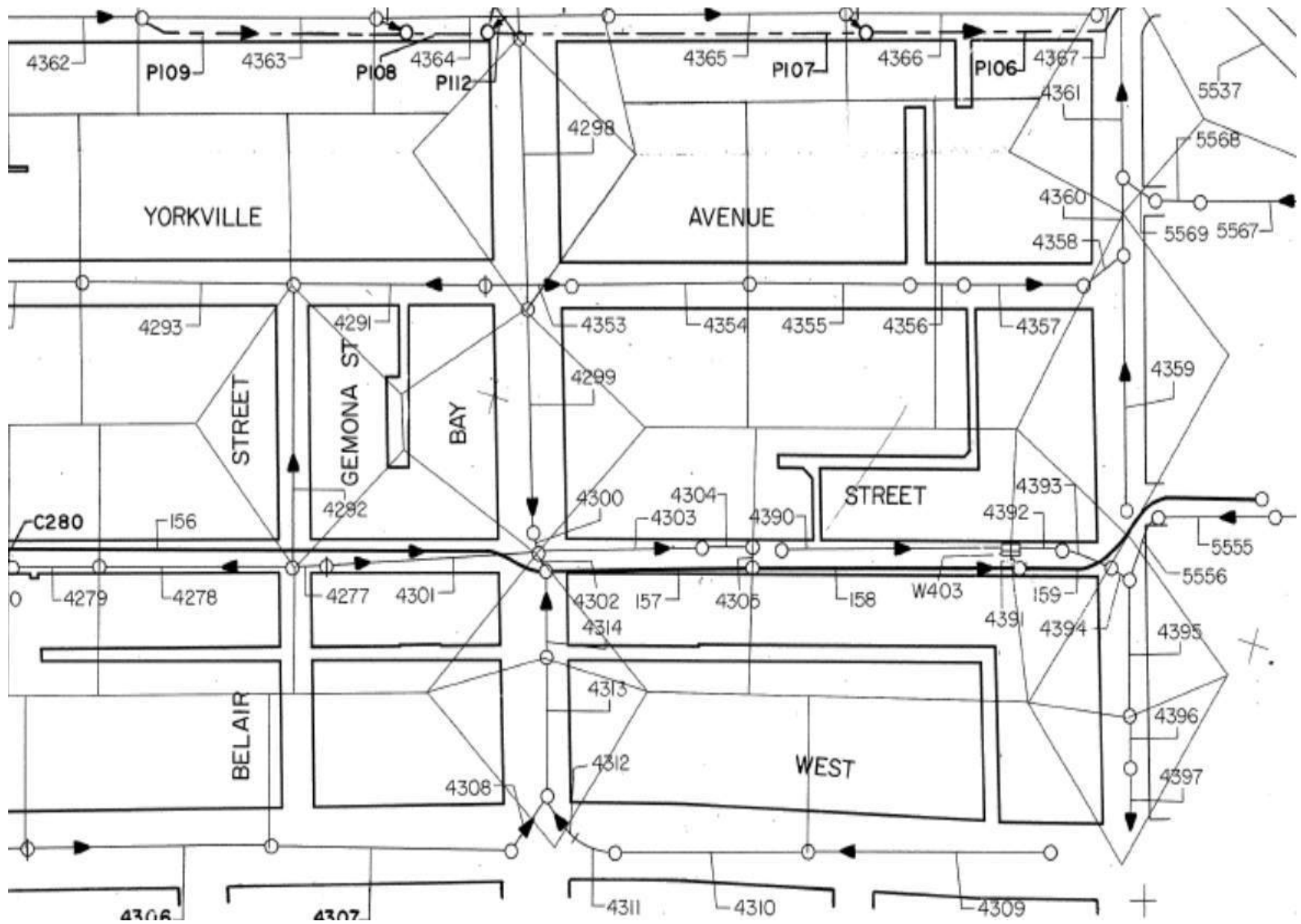
Although a pressure drop of 25% would be ideal for extrapolation purposes as per NFPA 291, 4.3.6, it may not be practical to flow more than one hydrant at a time due to the volume of water being discharged, as well as the operator’s comfort level and available staff/equipment. As a result, we use the condition of largest flow and greatest pressure (two port test) drop with the understanding that the available flow at 140kPa is an extrapolated estimate from the observed test conditions. The two port test typically yields a much lower extrapolated flow at 20psi than the single port test.

APPENDIX

D

CITY OF TORONTO DORSCH
MODEL SHEETS & SEWER ATLAS
MAPS





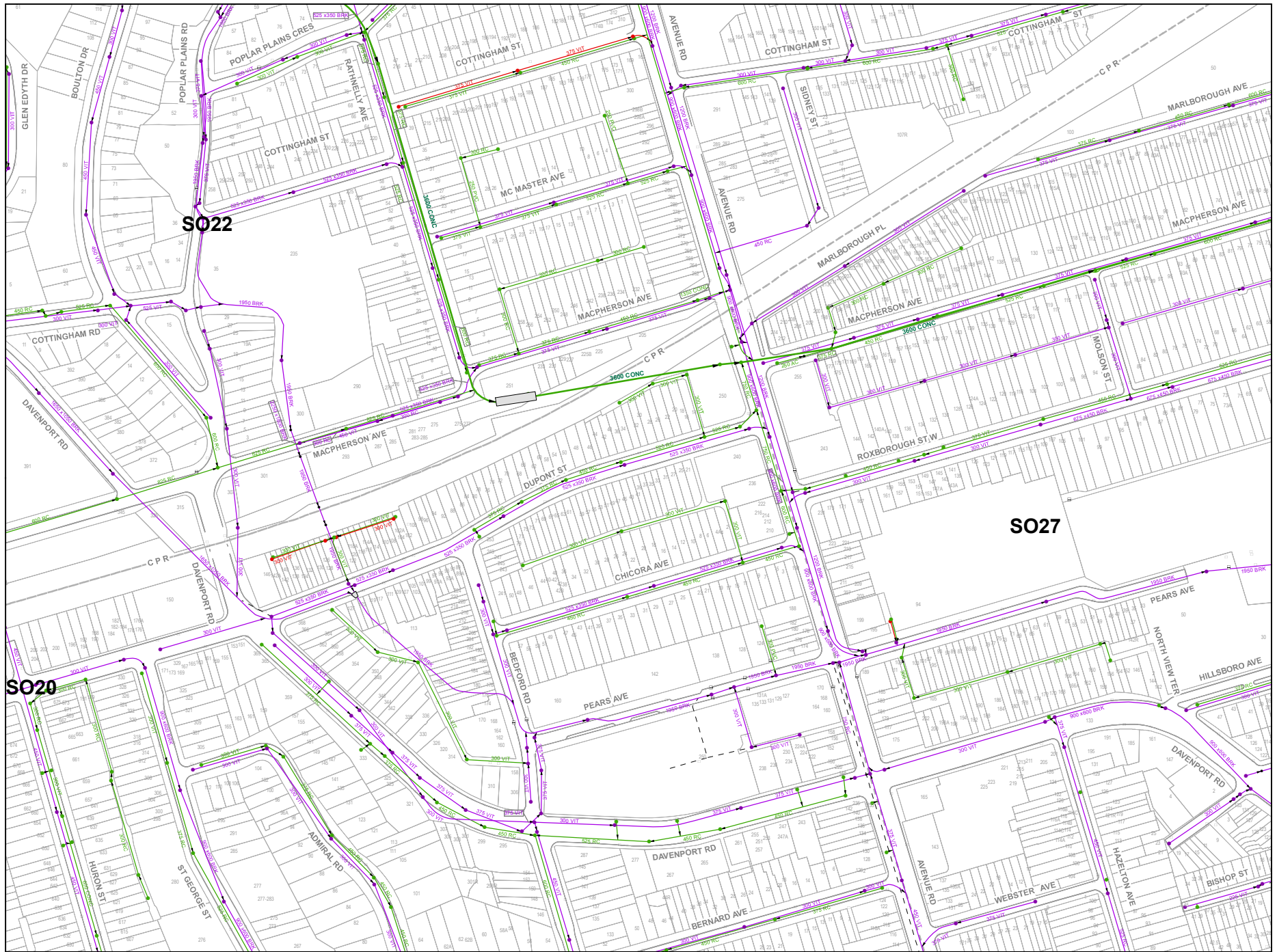
SOUTH CALCULATION AREA

4356	CIRCULAR		0.69/0.69	INFLOW	4355		OUTFLOW	4357		B.NO.	86700		EXIST.	COMB.0004356
	YU 112.238	YL 112.165	QF 532	DQ 0	QDLM 1	VNIGHT0.22	DUC 0.14	DLC 0.18	QLM 366	DUS -2.98	DLS -3.10	RAIN 8MS2	CAP 0000165	QLM/8600069
	SU 116.048	SL 116.142	AF 0.373	DQD 0.0	HDLM 0.02	HNIGHT0.00								
+	RES 44	A 0.0	VF 1.42	GAMMA 0.93	VDLM 0.30	VNORM 0.0	HUM 0.83	HLM 0.87	QRQLM 366	YUM 113.06	YLM 113.04	VLM 1.43	DY 0000007	DH 0000005
	IW 0.0	L 20.4	S 1/ 280	N 0.0130	SCOD 004	DWB 0.0								
4357	CIRCULAR		0.69/0.69	INFLOW	4356		OUTFLOW	4358		B.NO.	86700		EXIST.	COMB.0004357
	YU 112.147	YL 111.958	QF 596	DQ 144	QDLM 1	VNIGHT0.25	DUC 0.20	DLC 0.32	QLM 479	DUS -3.10	DLS -3.18	RAIN 8MS2	CAP 0000117	QLM/8600080
	SU 116.142	SL 116.155	AF 0.373	DQD 0.3	HDLM 0.02	HNIGHT0.00								
+	RES 44	A 0.54	VF 1.60	GAMMA 0.93	VDLM 0.35	VNORM 0.0	HUM 0.89	HLM 1.01	QRQLM 478	YUM 113.04	YLM 112.97	VLM 1.65	DY 0000019	DH 0000012
	IW 0.0	L 42.1	S 1/ 223	N 0.0130	SCOD 004	DWB 0.0								
4358	CIRCULAR		0.69/0.69	INFLOW	4357		OUTFLOW	4360		B.NO.	86700		EXIST.	COMB.0004358
	YU 111.918	YL 111.830	QF 669	DQ 0	QDLM 1	VNIGHT0.28	DUC 0.36	DLC 0.42	QLM 469	DUS -3.18	DLS -3.31	RAIN 8MS2	CAP 0000200	QLM/8600070
	SU 116.155	SL 116.249	AF 0.373	DQD 0.0	HDLM 0.02	HNIGHT0.00								
+	RES 44	A 0.0	VF 1.79	GAMMA 0.93	VDLM 0.38	VNORM 0.0	HUM 1.05	HLM 1.11	QRQLM 468	YUM 112.97	YLM 112.94	VLM 1.35	DY 0000009	DH 0000006
	IW 0.0	L 15.5	S 1/ 177	N 0.0130	SCOD 004	DWB 0.0								
4359	CIRCULAR		0.38/0.38	INFLOW	4359		OUTFLOW	4360		B.NO.	85630		EXIST.	COMB.0004359
	YU 112.707	YL 112.079	QF 160	DQ 130	QDLM 0	VNIGHT0.22	DUC -0.07	DLC 0.51	QLM 111	DUS -3.10	DLS -3.28	RAIN 8MS2	CAP 0000049	QLM/8600069
	SU 116.109	SL 116.249	AF 0.113	DQD 0.2	HDLM 0.01	HNIGHT0.00								
+	RES 32	A 0.45	VF 1.41	GAMMA 1.00	VDLM 0.25	VNORM 0.0	HUM 0.31	HLM 0.89	QRQLM 111	YUM 113.01	YLM 112.97	VLM 1.29	DY 0000063	DH 0000059
	IW 0.0	L 80.5	S 1/ 128	N 0.0130	SCOD 004	DWB 0.0								
4360	CIRCULAR		0.69/0.69	INFLOW	4359	4358	OUTFLOW	4361		B.NO.	85640		EXIST.	COMB.0004360
*	YU 111.772	YL 111.689	QF 489	DQ 0	QDLM 1	VNIGHT0.20	DUC 0.45	DLC 0.45	QLM 568	DUS -3.34	DLS -3.39	RAIN 8MS2	CAP 0000078	QLM/8601016
	SU 116.249	SL 116.219	AF 0.373	DQD 0.0	HDLM 0.02	HNIGHT0.01								
+	RES 32	A 0.0	VF 1.31	GAMMA 1.00	VDLM 0.31	VNORM 0.0	HUM 1.14	HLM 1.14	QRQLM 567	YUM 112.91	YLM 112.83	VLM 1.52	DY 0000008	DH 0000000
	IW 0.0	L 27.4	S 1/ 330	N 0.0130	SCOD 004	DWB 0.0								
4361	CIRCULAR		0.77/0.76	INFLOW	4360	5569	OUTFLOW	4368		B.NO.	85650		EXIST.	COMB.0004361
*	YU 111.625	YL 111.345	QF 819	DQ 83	QDLM 1	VNIGHT0.28	DUC 0.44	DLC 0.60	QLM 635	DUS -3.39	DLS -3.02	RAIN 8MS2	CAP 0000184	QLM/8600078
	SU 116.219	SL 115.725	AF 0.453	DQD 0.1	HDLM 0.02	HNIGHT0.00								
+	RES 32	A 0.29	VF 1.81	GAMMA 1.00	VDLM 0.39	VNORM 0.0	HUM 1.20	HLM 1.36	QRQLM 634	YUM 112.83	YLM 112.70	VLM 1.86	DY 0000028	DH 0000015
	IW 0.0	L 55.2	S 1/ 197	N 0.0130	SCOD 004	DWB 0.0								
4362	CIRCULAR		0.38/0.38	INFLOW	4362		OUTFLOW	4363	P109	B.NO.	69670		EXIST.	COMB.0004362
*	YU 114.207	YL 113.902	QF 112	DQ 169	QDLM 0	VNIGHT0.15	DUC -0.10	DLC 0.03	QLM 162	DUS -1.93	DLS -2.37	RAIN 8MS2	CAP 0000049	QLM/8601045
	SU 116.417	SL 116.682	AF 0.113	DQD 0.5	HDLM 0.02	HNIGHT0.00								
+	RES 53	A 0.81	VF 0.99	GAMMA 0.70	VDLM 0.27	VNORM 0.0	HUM 0.28	HLM 0.41	QRQLM 162	YUM 114.48	YLM 114.32	VLM 1.43	DY 0000031	DH 0000014
	IW 0.0	L 79.3	S 1/ 260	N 0.0130	SCOD 001	DWB 0.0								

Contractions used in HVM output...

1st line: pipe number, cross-section, pipe size...width/height(m), inflow and outflow pipes, block number, sewer type, pipe no.

2nd line: YU, YL = upper and lower invert elevations (m)



**Toronto
Sewer
Atlas**

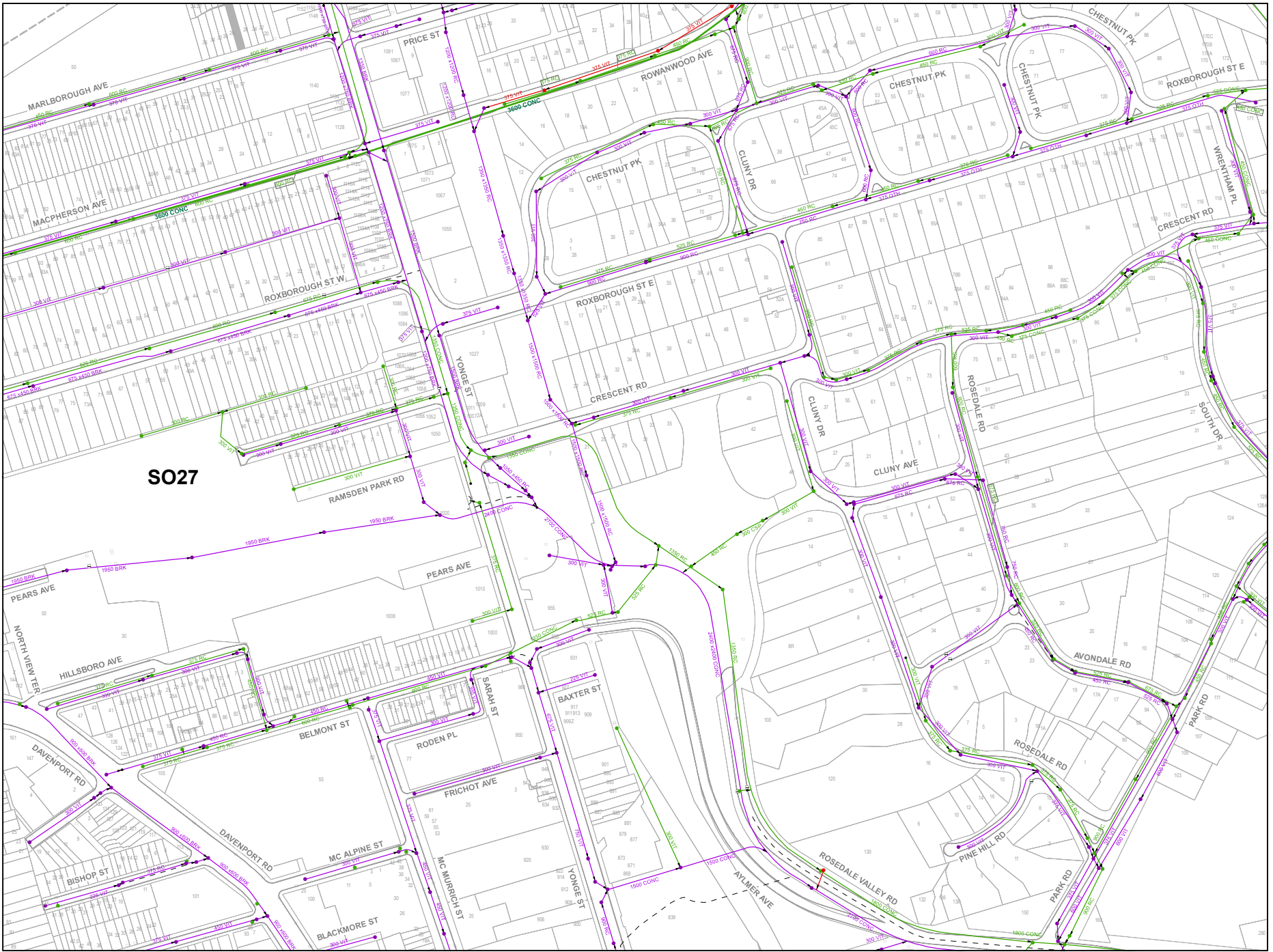
- | | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Large Chamber | Control Manhole | Outfall | Sewer | Storm | River |
| Manhole | Combined | Sewer Pump Station | Foundation Drain | Combined Trunk | Highway |
| Dual | Sanitary | Sewer Pump Station | Combined | Sanitary Trunk | Curb |
| Sanitary | Storm | Catchbasin | Sanitary | Storm Trunk | Wards Boundary |
| Storm | Other | Twin Inlet Catchbasin | Abandoned Sewer | River | |
| Foundation | | | | | |

- Third Edition
Date: 01/09/2010
- 0 50 100 150 200 Metres

General Notes:
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 - Any discrepancies, inaccuracies, errors and/or omissions in the maps should be reported to Toronto Water, Water Infrastructure Management, (18th Floor, Metro Hall, 55 John St. Toronto, ON, M5V 3C6) (Tel: 416-392-3957)



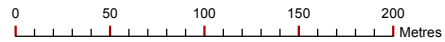
580	612	646
581	613	647
582	614	648



**Toronto
Sewer
Atlas**

Large Chamber	Control Manhole	Outfall	Sewer	River
Manhole	Combined	Sewer Pump Station	Foundation Drain	Highway
Dual	Sanitary	Sewer Pump Station	Combined	Curb
Sanitary	Storm	Catchbasin	Sanitary	Wards Boundary
Storm	Other	Catchbasin	Sanitary	Abandoned Sewer
Foundation	Twin Inlet Catchbasin		Storm	River

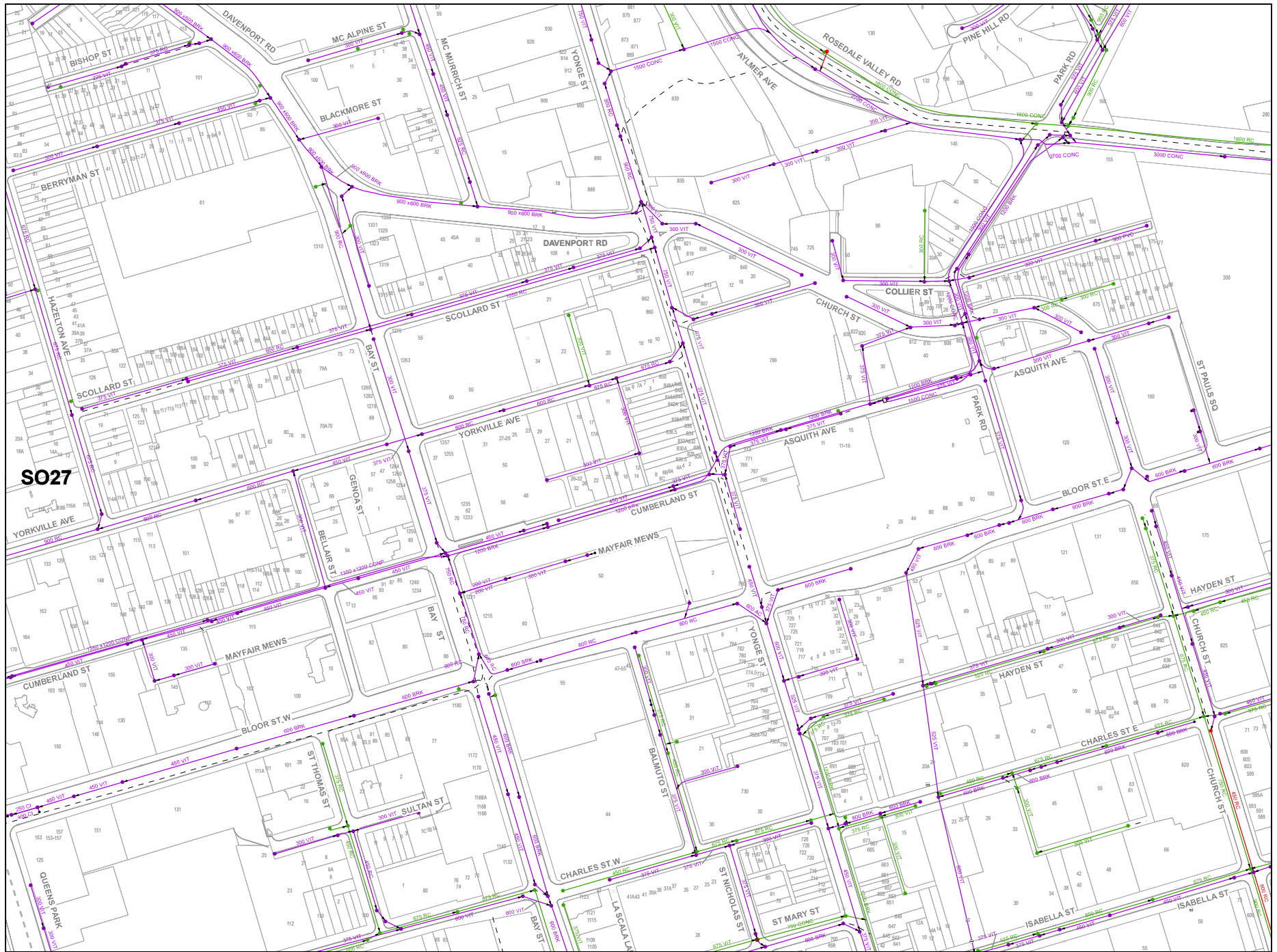
Third Edition
Date: 01/09/2010



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612	646	681
613	647	682
614	648	683



Toronto Sewer Atlas

- | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Large Chamber Manhole Combined Dual Sanitary Storm Foundation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Control Manhole Combined Dual Sanitary Storm | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Outfall Sewer Pump Station Sewer Pump Station Catchbasin Other Twin Inlet Catchbasin | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sewer Foundation Drain Combined Sanitary | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Storm Combined Trunk Sanitary Trunk Storm Trunk Abandoned Sewer | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> River Highway Curb Wards Boundary |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|

Third Edition
Date: 01/09/2010



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613	647	682
614	648	683
615	649	684

TORONTO SEWER SYSTEM STUDY AREA 8

SOUTH CALCULATION AREA

145 CIRCULAR 2.44/2.44 INFLOW 144 4389 OUTFLOW 146 B.NO. 67270 EXIST.COMB. 145
YU 94.069 YL 93.609 QF 23963 DQ 23 QDLM 350 VNIGHT1.09 DUC -0.57 DLC -0.58 QLM 20959 CAP 3004
SU 99.119 SL 99.296 AF 4.668 DQD 0.2 HDLM 0.20 HNIGHT0.07 DUS -3.18 DLS -3.83 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 0.87
RES 234 A 0.08 VF 5.13 GAMMA 1.00 VDLM 1.95 VNORM 0.0 HUM 1.87 HLM 1.86 QRQLM 20460 DY 0.46
IW 0.0 L 53.3 S 1/116 N 0.0130 SCOD 112 DWB 0.0 YUM 95.94 YLM 95.47 VLM 5.52 DH 0.01

4355 CIRCULAR 0.61/0.61 INFLOW 4354 OUTFLOW 4356 B.NO. 86700 EXIST.COMB. 4355
YU 112.546 YL 112.302 QF 388 DQ 219 QDLM 1 VNIGHT0.21 DUC -0.00 DLC 0.15 QLM 379 CAP 9
SU 116.130 SL 116.048 AF 0.292 DQD 0.4 HDLM 0.02 HNIGHT0.00 DUS -2.98 DLS -2.98 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 0.98
RES 44 A 0.82 VF 1.33 GAMMA 0.93 VDLM 0.30 VNORM 0.0 HUM 0.61 HLM 0.76 QRQLM 378 DY 0.24
IW 0.0 L 66.4 S 1/272 N 0.0130 SCOD 004 DWB 0.0 YUM 113.15 YLM 113.06 VLM 1.42 DH -0.15

4356 CIRCULAR 0.69/0.69 INFLOW 4355 OUTFLOW 4357 B.NO. 86700 EXIST.COMB. 4356
YU 112.238 YL 112.165 QF 532 DQ 0 QDLM 1 VNIGHT0.22 DUC 0.14 DLC 0.18 QLM 366 CAP 165
SU 116.048 SL 116.142 AF 0.373 DQD 0.0 HDLM 0.02 HNIGHT0.00 DUS -2.98 DLS -3.10 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 0.69
RES 44 A 0.0 VF 1.42 GAMMA 0.93 VDLM 0.30 VNORM 0.0 HUM 0.83 HLM 0.87 QRQLM 366 DY 0.07
IW 0.0 L 20.4 S 1/280 N 0.0130 SCOD 004 DWB 0.0 YUM 113.06 YLM 113.04 VLM 1.43 DH -0.05

4357 CIRCULAR 0.69/0.69 INFLOW 4356 OUTFLOW 4358 B.NO. 86700 EXIST.COMB. 4357
YU 112.147 YL 111.958 QF 596 DQ 144 QDLM 1 VNIGHT0.25 DUC 0.20 DLC 0.32 QLM 479 CAP 117

SU 116.142 SL 116.155 AF 0.373 DQD 0.3 HDLM 0.02 HNIGHT0.00 DUS -3.10 DLS -3.18 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 0.80
 RES 44 A 0.54 VF 1.60 GAMMA 0.93 VDLM 0.35 VNORM 0.0 HUM 0.89 HLM 1.01 QRQLM 478 DY 0.19
 IW 0.0 L 42.1 S 1/223 N 0.0130 SCOD 004 DWB 0.0 YUM 113.04 YLM 112.97 VLM 1.65 DH -0.12
 4358 CIRCULAR 0.69/0.69 INFLOW 4357 OUTFLOW 4360 B.NO. 86700 EXIST. COMB. 4358
 YU 111.918 YL 111.830 QF 669 DQ 0 QDLM 1 VNIGHT0.28 DUC 0.36 DLC 0.42 QLM 469 CAP 200
 SU 116.155 SL 116.249 AF 0.373 DQD 0.0 HDLM 0.02 HNIGHT0.00 DUS -3.18 DLS -3.31 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 0.70
 RES 44 A 0.0 VF 1.79 GAMMA 0.93 VDLM 0.38 VNORM 0.0 HUM 1.05 HLM 1.11 QRQLM 468 DY 0.09
 IW 0.0 L 15.5 S 1/177 N 0.0130 SCOD 004 DWB 0.0 YUM 112.97 YLM 112.94 VLM 1.35 DH -0.06
 4359 CIRCULAR 0.38/0.38 INFLOW - OUTFLOW 4360 B.NO. 85630 EXIST. COMB. 4359
 YU 112.707 YL 112.079 QF 160 DQ 130 QDLM 0 VNIGHT0.22 DUC -0.07 DLC 0.51 QLM 111 CAP 49
 SU 116.109 SL 116.249 AF 0.113 DQD 0.2 HDLM 0.01 HNIGHT0.00 DUS -3.10 DLS -3.28 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 0.69
 RES 32 A 0.45 VF 1.41 GAMMA 1.00 VDLM 0.25 VNORM 0.0 HUM 0.31 HLM 0.89 QRQLM 111 DY 0.63
 IW 0.0 L 80.5 S 1/128 N 0.0130 SCOD 004 DWB 0.0 YUM 113.01 YLM 112.97 VLM 1.29 DH -0.59
 4360 CIRCULAR 0.69/0.69 INFLOW 4359 4358 OUTFLOW 4361 B.NO. 85640 EXIST. COMB. 4360
 YU 111.772 YL 111.689 QF 489 DQ 0 QDLM 1 VNIGHT0.20 DUC 0.45 DLC 0.45 QLM 568 CAP -78
 SU 116.249 SL 116.219 AF 0.373 DQD 0.0 HDLM 0.02 HNIGHT0.01 DUS -3.34 DLS -3.39 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 1.16
 RES 32 A 0.0 VF 1.31 GAMMA 1.00 VDLM 0.31 VNORM 0.0 HUM 1.14 HLM 1.14 QRQLM 567 DY 0.08
 IW 0.0 L 27.4 S 1/330 N 0.0130 SCOD 004 DWB 0.0 YUM 112.91 YLM 112.83 VLM 1.52 DH 0.00
 4361 CIRCULAR 0.77/0.76 INFLOW 4360 5569 OUTFLOW 4368 B.NO. 85650 EXIST. COMB. 4361
 YU 111.625 YL 111.345 QF 819 DQ 83 QDLM 1 VNIGHT0.28 DUC 0.44 DLC 0.60 QLM 635 CAP 184

SU 116.219 SL 115.725 AF 0.453 DQD 0.1 HDLM 0.02 HNIGHT0.00 DUS -3.39 DLS -3.02 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 0.78
RES 32 A 0.29 VF 1.81 GAMMA 1.00 VDLM 0.39 VNORM 0.0 HUM 1.20 HLM 1.36 QRQLM 634 DY 0.28
IW 0.0 L 55.2 S 1/ 197 N 0.0130 SCOD 004 DWB 0.0 YUM 112.83 YLM 112.70 VLM 1.86 DH -0.15

4368 CIRCULAR 0.77/0.76 INFLOW 4367 4361 P106 OUTFLOW 4369 B.NO. 85660 EXIST. COMB. 4368
YU 111.336 YL 110.187 QF 2329 DQ 0 QDLM 3 VNIGHT0.80 DUC 0.21 DLC 0.94 QLM 1397 CAP 931
SU 115.725 SL 115.237 AF 0.453 DQD 0.0 HDLM 0.02 HNIGHT0.00 DUS -3.42 DLS -3.35 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 0.60
RES 32 A 0.0 VF 5.14 GAMMA 1.00 VDLM 1.04 VNORM 0.0 HUM 0.97 HLM 1.70 QRQLM 1393 DY 1.15
IW 0.0 L 28.0 S 1/ 24 N 0.0130 SCOD 004 DWB 0.0 YUM 112.30 YLM 111.89 VLM 3.09 DH -0.74

4369 CIRCULAR 0.92/0.91 INFLOW 4368 4352 5539 OUTFLOW 4370 B.NO. 85670 EXIST. COMB. 4369
YU 110.123 YL 109.409 QF 2203 DQ 53 QDLM 10 VNIGHT0.53 DUC 0.56 DLC 0.31 QLM 2572 CAP -368
SU 115.237 SL 113.954 AF 0.649 DQD 0.1 HDLM 0.04 HNIGHT0.01 DUS -3.64 DLS -3.32 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 1.17
RES 32 A 0.19 VF 3.39 GAMMA 0.98 VDLM 0.94 VNORM 0.0 HUM 1.47 HLM 1.22 QRQLM 2562 DY 0.71
IW 0.0 L 50.9 S 1/ 71 N 0.0130 SCOD 004 DWB 0.0 YUM 111.60 YLM 110.63 VLM 3.96 DH 0.25

4370 CIRCULAR 0.92/0.91 INFLOW 4369 OUTFLOW 4371 B.NO. 85670 EXIST. COMB. 4370
YU 109.324 YL 108.867 QF 1982 DQ 149 QDLM 10 VNIGHT0.48 DUC 0.40 DLC 0.05 QLM 2683 CAP -699
SU 113.954 SL 114.503 AF 0.649 DQD 0.2 HDLM 0.04 HNIGHT0.01 DUS -3.32 DLS -4.67 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 1.35
RES 32 A 0.53 VF 3.05 GAMMA 0.98 VDLM 0.88 VNORM 0.0 HUM 1.31 HLM 0.96 QRQLM 2673 DY 0.46
IW 0.0 L 40.2 S 1/ 88 N 0.0130 SCOD 004 DWB 0.0 YUM 110.63 YLM 109.83 VLM 4.13 DH 0.35

4371 CIRCULAR 0.92/0.91 INFLOW 4370 OUTFLOW 4388 B.NO. 85670 EXIST. COMB. 4371
YU 108.836 YL 108.721 QF 2052 DQ 0 QDLM 10 VNIGHT0.49 DUC 0.08 DLC 0.0 QLM 2683 CAP -630

SU 114.503 SL 114.463 AF 0.649 DQD 0.0 HDLM 0.04 HNIGHT0.01 DUS -4.67 DLS -4.83 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 1.31
RES 32 A 0.0 VF 3.16 GAMMA 0.98 VDLM 0.90 VNORM 0.0 HUM 0.99 HLM 0.91 QRQLM 2673 DY 0.12
IW 0.0 L 9.4 S 1/ 82 N 0.0130 SCOD 004 DWB 0.0 YUM 109.83 YLM 109.63 VLM 4.13 DH 0.08
4388 CIRCULAR 1.53/1.52 INFLOW 4387 4371 OUTFLOW 4389 B.NO. 85670 EXIST. COMB. 4388
YU 108.623 YL 106.590 QF 13944 DQ 127 QDLM 16 VNIGHT1.20 DUC -0.99 DLC -0.99 QLM 3704 CAP 10240
SU 114.463 SL 110.967 AF 1.812 DQD 0.1 HDLM 0.04 HNIGHT0.01 DUS -5.31 DLS -3.85 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 0.27
RES 19 A 0.44 VF 7.70 GAMMA 0.98 VDLM 1.44 VNORM 0.0 HUM 0.53 HLM 0.53 QRQLM 3688 DY 2.03
IW 0.0 L 55.8 S 1/ 27 N 0.0130 SCOD 008 DWB 0.0 YUM 109.15 YLM 107.12 VLM 6.56 DH 0.01
4389 CIRCULAR 1.53/1.52 INFLOW 4388 OUTFLOW 145 B.NO. 85670 EXIST. COMB. 4389
YU 95.526 YL 94.886 QF 7136 DQ 51 QDLM 16 VNIGHT0.61 DUC -0.33 DLC 0.20 QLM 3733 CAP 3403
SU 110.967 SL 99.119 AF 1.812 DQD 0.0 HDLM 0.05 HNIGHT0.01 DUS -14.25 DLS -2.51 RAIN 8MS2 QLM/QF 0.52
RES 19 A 0.18 VF 3.94 GAMMA 0.98 VDLM 0.90 VNORM 0.0 HUM 1.19 HLM 1.72 QRQLM 3717 DY 0.64
IW 0.0 L 67.1 S 1/ 105 N 0.0130 SCOD 009 DWB 0.0 YUM 96.71 YLM 96.61 VLM 3.97 DH -0.53

Contractions used in HVM output...

1st line: pipe number, cross-section, pipe size...width/height(m), inflow and outflow pipes, block number, sewer type, pipe no.

2nd line: YU, YL = upper and lower invert elevations (m)

QF = full flow capacity (L/sec)

DQ = maximum storm runoff from tributary area (L/sec)

QDLM = peak DWF at lower end (L/sec)

VNIGHT = night DWF velocity (m/sec)

DUC, DLC = difference between maximum HGL elevation and section crown elevation at upper and lower ends (m)

(-ve means partial fill)

QLM = maximum flow rate at lower end (L/sec) under a 2yr storm

CAP = free capacity at lower end when loaded by QLM

3rd line: SU, SL = upper and lower surface elevations (m)

AF = cross-sectional area (m²)

DQD = DWF from tributary area (L/sec)

HDLM = flow depth corresponding to QDLM (m)

HNIGHT = night DWF depth (m)

RAIN = storm corresponding to QLM... 8MS2 = 8th Study Area, 2yr model storm

QLM/QF = ratio of maximum flow rate at lower end to full-flow capacity

4th line: RES = population density (residents/ha)

A = tributary area (ha)

VF = flow velocity corresponding to QF (m/sec)

GAMMA = imperviousness ratio

VDLM = flow velocity corresponding to QDLM (m/sec)

VNORM = normal flow velocity for QDLM (m/sec)

HUM, HLM = maximum flow depths above invert at upper and lower ends

QRQLM = portion of storm flow within QLM (L/sec)

DY = difference between upper and lower invert elevations (m)

5th line: IW = industrial/large water inflow (L/sec)

L = segment length (m)

S = slope of pipe

N = Manning's n

SCOD = surface code of tributary area

DWB = backwater build-up under QDLM (m)

YUM, YLM = maximum HGL elevations at upper and lower ends

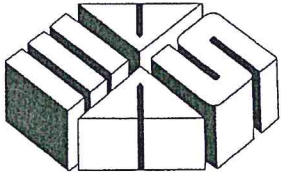
VLM = flow velocity corresponding to QLM (m/sec)

DH = indicator whether HGL is steeper or flatter than pipe slope

= (YUM-YLM) - DY

APPENDIX

E MECHANICAL LETTERS



M.V. SHORE
ASSOCIATES (1993) LIMITED

Consulting Professional Engineers

July 26, 2019

Project no: 19-002

Attention: **Executive Director, Engineering & Construction Services**
16/F, 55 John Street, Toronto, ON M5V 3C6

c/o: **Avi Bachar, P.Eng. PMP**
Manager, Development Engineering
Engineering and Construction Services

cc: **General Manager, Toronto Water**
c/o: **Manager, Environmental Monitoring & Protection Unit**
30 Dee Ave, Toronto ON M9N 1S8

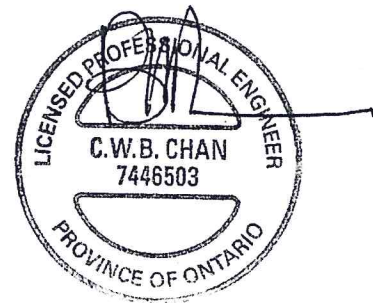
Address: **11 Yorkville Avenue, Toronto**

Dear Sir or Madame;

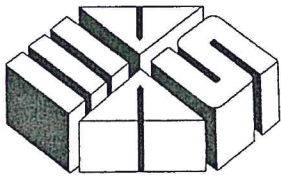
This letter is to confirm that the designed pumped discharge rate from the storm water cistern to the discharge chamber will be a maximum flow rate no greater than 14.1L/S (225gpm).

For additional information, please contact the undersigned.

.....
Bill Chan, P.Eng.



Seal



M.V. SHORE
ASSOCIATES (1993) LIMITED

Consulting Professional Engineers

April 30, 2018 (revised Aug 21, 2019)

Project no: 17-052 (19-002)

Attention: **Executive Director, Engineering & Construction Services**
16/F, 55 John Street, Toronto, ON M5V 3C6

c/o: **Avi Bachar, P.Eng. PMP**
Manager, Development Engineering
Engineering and Construction Services

cc: **General Manager, Toronto Water**
c/o: **Manager, Environmental Monitoring & Protection Unit**
30 Dee Ave, Toronto ON M9N 1S8

Address: **11 Yorkville Avenue, Toronto**

Dear Sir or Madame;

This letter is to confirm that the permanent Private Water Drainage system from ground water will be collected and discharged into sanitary control manholes, at a maximum daily peak flow rate of:-

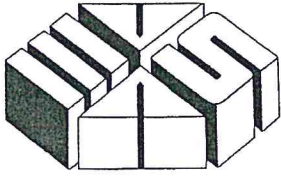
- High-rise building: 20m³/day (average 0.23L/s or 3.65USgpm) per figure provided in Hydrogeological Assessment Report prepared by EXP Services Ltd dated March 13, 2018 and updated July 15, 2019))
- Commercial building: 9.0m³/day (average 0.1L/s or 1.6USgpm) per figure provided in Hydrogeological Assessment Report prepared by EXP Services Ltd dated March 13, 2018)

Groundwater pumps will be provided and sized to handle the above flow rate:-

- High-rise building: pump will be sized at 6.3 L/s (100 Usrpm) and is expected to run approximately 0.88 hours per day.
- Commercial building: pump will be sized at 0.63 L/s (10 Usrpm) and is expected to run approximately 3.85 hours per day.

Groundwater pump for each building will discharge water to their respective sanitary control manhole.

This daily peak flow rate will be used for assessing capacity for the peak discharge flow into the City's combined sewer system.



M.V. SHORE
ASSOCIATES (1993) LIMITED

Consulting Professional Engineers

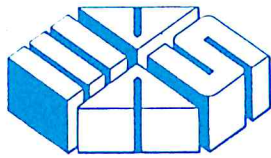
Once the proposed ground water daily peak flow rate of 20m³/day for the high-rise building and 9m³/day for the commercial building is approved by Engineering Construction Services (ECS), City of Toronto, the Property Owner will not be allowed to amend this flow rate in the future. Should there be any amendment to the daily peak flow rate in the future, the Property Owner shall re-submit either the updated pump schedule or a revised letter to ECS. In addition, the sewer capacity will need to be re-assessed.

For additional information, please contact the undersigned.

.....
Bill Chan, P.Eng.



Seal



M.V. SHORE
ASSOCIATES (1993) LIMITED

Consulting Professional Engineers

To Whom it May Concern

March 13, 2019

RE: 11 Yorkville Avenue – Toronto

Ref. No: 19-002

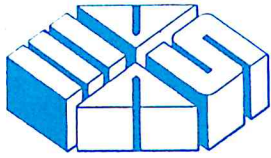
SUBJECT: Private Water Drainage System

This letter is to confirm that the permanent Private Water Drainage System for ground water will be provided with a treatment system, including a settling tank/chamber, prior to discharge to the sanitary control manhole. Also ground water sampling access port and water meter will be provided in accordance to Toronto Standard T-709.020 and T-709.010.

M. V. SHORE ASSOCIATES (1993) LIMITED

.....
Bill Chan, P.Eng.

BC:a



M.V. SHORE
ASSOCIATES (1993) LIMITED

Consulting Professional Engineers

To Whom it May Concern

March 13, 2019

RE: 11 Yorkville Avenue – Toronto

Ref. No: 19-002

SUBJECT: Sanitary Drainage Pipe

Based on the current Ontario Building Code, the estimated sanitary drainage rate of 7,000 FU or 680 IGPM requires drainage pipe size of:-

- 300mm diameter @ 2%, or;
- 375mm diameter @ 1%

M. V. SHORE ASSOCIATES (1993) LIMITED

.....
Bill Chan, P.Eng.

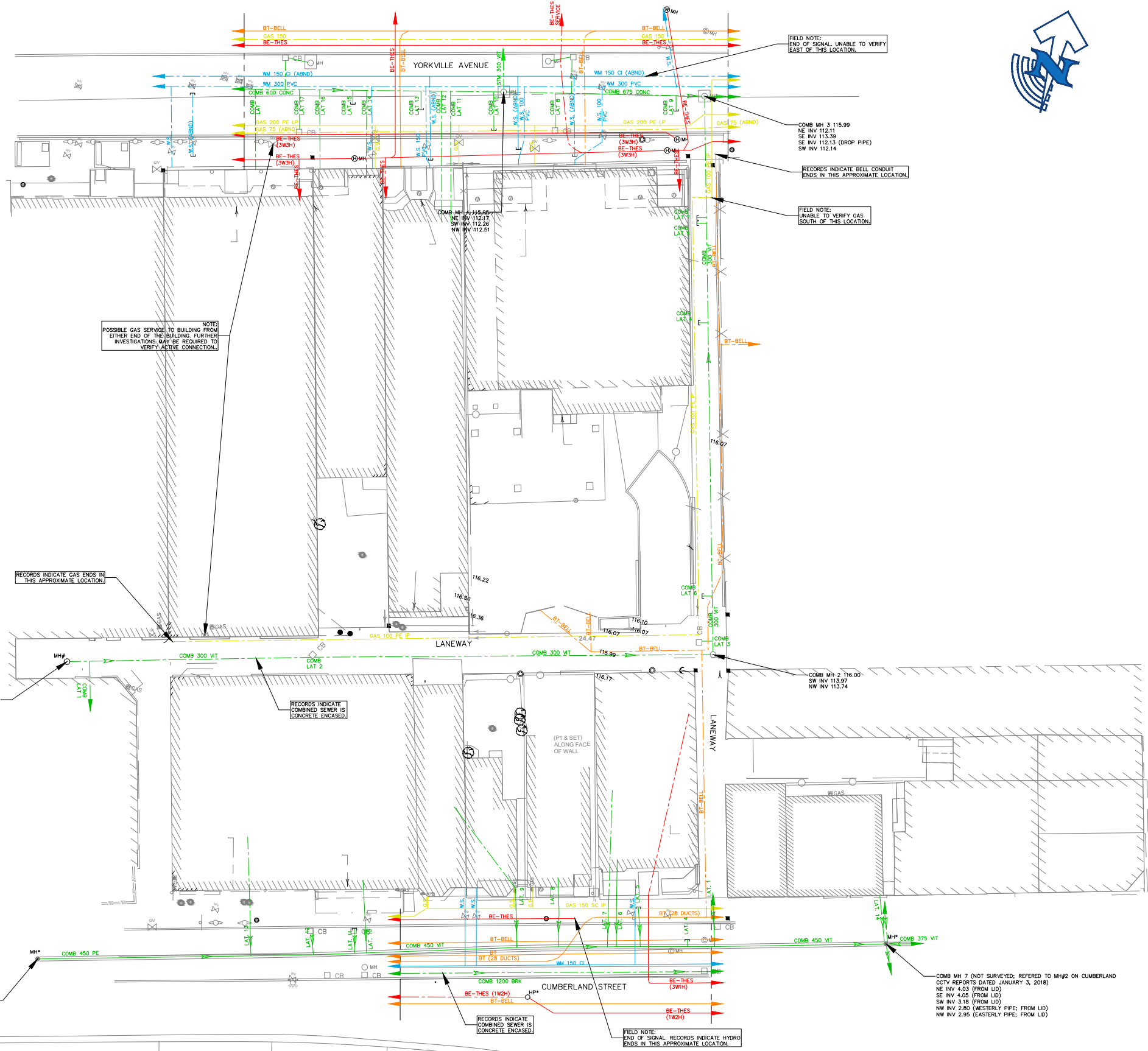
BC:a

APPENDIX

F

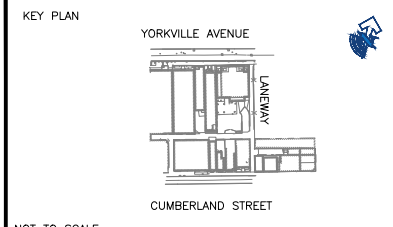
SUE INVESTIGATION RESULTS

COMB MH 5 (NOT SURVEYED)



COMB MH 6 (NOT SURVEYED; REFERRED TO MH#1 ON CUMBERLAND CCTV REPORTS DATED JANUARY 3, 2018) NE INV 3.08 (FROM LID)

COMB MH 7 (NOT SURVEYED; REFERRED TO MH#2 ON CUMBERLAND CCTV REPORTS DATED JANUARY 3, 2018) NE INV 4.03 (FROM LID) SE INV 4.05 (FROM LID) SW INV 3.18 (FROM LID) NW INV 2.80 (WESTERLY PIPE; FROM LID) NW INV 2.95 (EASTERLY PIPE; FROM LID)



- GENERAL NOTES
- T2UE'S SUE FIELD INVESTIGATION WAS PERFORMED JANUARY, 2019. CHANGES TO UTILITIES THAT OCCURRED FOLLOWING OUR INVESTIGATION MAY NOT BE SHOWN. CONSIDERATION SHOULD BE GIVEN TO UPDATING THIS PLAN PRIOR TO FINAL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION.
 - LIMIT OF INVESTIGATION: AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWING.
 - FIELD VERIFICATION OF UTILITIES WAS COMPLETED USING A COMBINATION OF ELECTROMAGNETIC PIPE AND CABLE LOCATE EQUIPMENT.
 - EMPTY CONDUITS, SERVICES, LATERALS TO BUILDINGS, ABANDONED FACILITIES SUCH AS STREET LIGHT CABLES, WITHIN THE INVESTIGATION AREA MAY NOT BE SHOWN ON THE DRAWING.
 - T2UE USED AVAILABLE MEANS IN AN ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE THE LOCATION OF UNDOCUMENTED UTILITIES HOWEVER CANNOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR FINDING ALL UNDOCUMENTED UTILITIES.
 - SURVEY OF T2UE'S UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION WAS NOT COMPLETED AND UTILITY ALIGNMENTS ARE BASED ON FIELD OBSERVATIONS.
 - THE BASEPLAN WAS PROVIDED BY THE CLIENT, THEREFORE T2UE IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ITS ACCURACY.
 - UTILITY OWNERSHIP, MATERIAL, SIZES AND FLOW SHOWN ON DRAWING ARE BASED ON RECORDS INFORMATION RECEIVED, FIELD INVESTIGATION AND PROFESSIONAL JUDGEMENT.
 - UTILITY WIDTHS ON THE DRAWING ARE BASED ON RECORDS RECEIVED.

LEGEND	
	GAS
	G.S.
	WATER
	W.S.
	SAN
	SAN LAT.
	STM
	STM LAT.
	BE
	BE-SL
	BE-TL
	UNK
	FOC
	TV
	BT
	OVERHEAD WIRE
	FIELD VERIFIED (NOT SURVEYED)
	BASED ON RECORDS (NOT SURVEYED)
	CONTINUATION ARROW
	FLOW ARROW
	END CAP
	NOT SURVEYED, LOCATION BASED ON FIELD OBSERVATION
	NOT SURVEYED, LOCATION BASED ON RECORD INFORMATION

REVISIONS

DISCLAIMER:
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PREPARED BY:

1-855-222-T2UE | WWW.T2UE.COM

THE ENGINEER'S SEAL
HEREON IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE UTILITIES SHOWN HAVE BEEN INVESTIGATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SUE INDUSTRY PRACTICES. ALL OTHER INFORMATION HEREON HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY OTHERS AND IS NOT A PART OF THIS CERTIFICATION.

DATE (MM/DD/YY)	01/29/19
DRAWN	J.ROBINSON
CHECKED	E.MORGAN
APPROVED	

SCALE	1:250

PROJECT:
YORKVILLE AVENUE & CUMBERLAND STREET PROPERTIES

DRAWING:
UTILITY MAPPING INVESTIGATION

CLIENT:	METROPIA
PROJECT NO.	61001407
SHEET NO.	1 OF 1